# Cell Segmentation with Uncertainty-Aware Contour Proposal Networks

Eric Upschulte<sup>1,2</sup>, Stefan Harmeling<sup>3</sup>, Katrin Amunts<sup>1,4</sup>, Timo Dickscheid<sup>1,2,5</sup> Contact: e.upschulte@fz-juelich.de

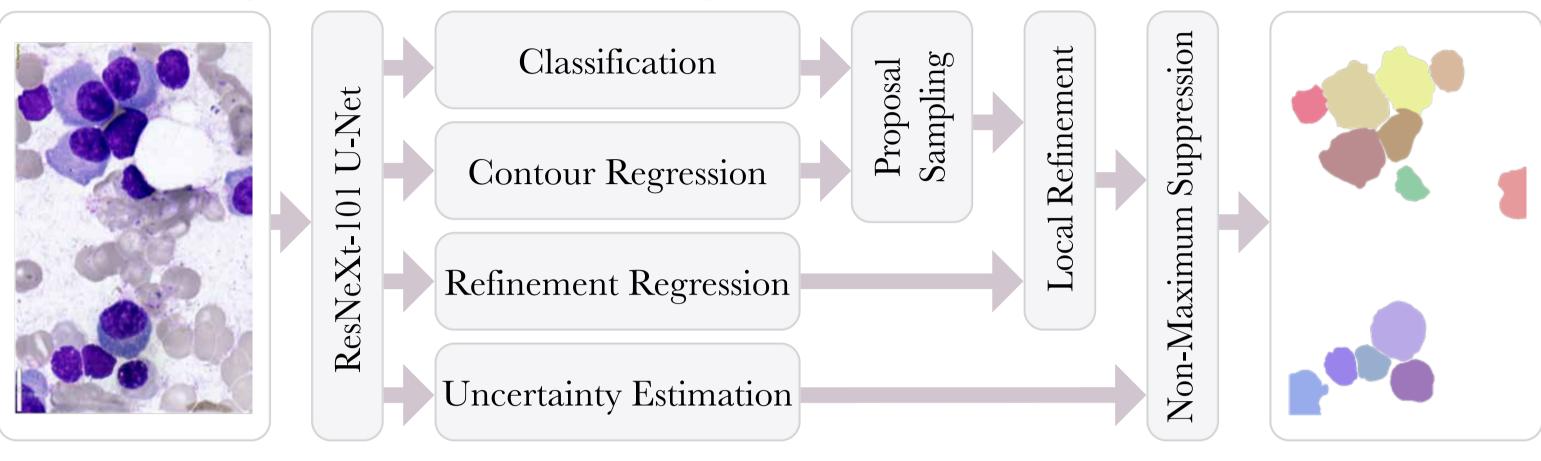
Supplemental Material: celldetection.org

## INTRODUCTION

- Automated analysis of neuronal cell properties is paramount for studying brain architecture
- Algorithms need high efficiency at high throughput, and good reliability
- Challenging to assess the quality or certainty of individual segmentations during inference
- The Uncertainty-Aware Contour Proposal Network (UA-CPN) [1] extends the CPN [2]
- Includes uncertainty estimation, without sacrificing efficiency
- Method is trained to introspect by predicting four estimates per object
- Valuable information for downstream tasks, quality control and data selection

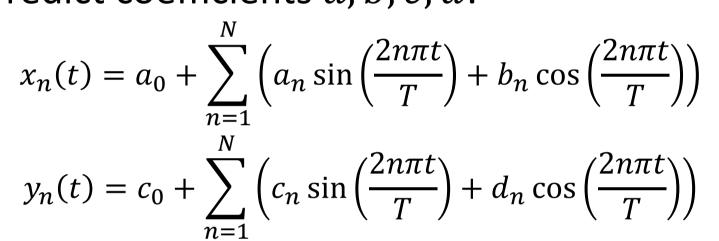
# **METHOD**

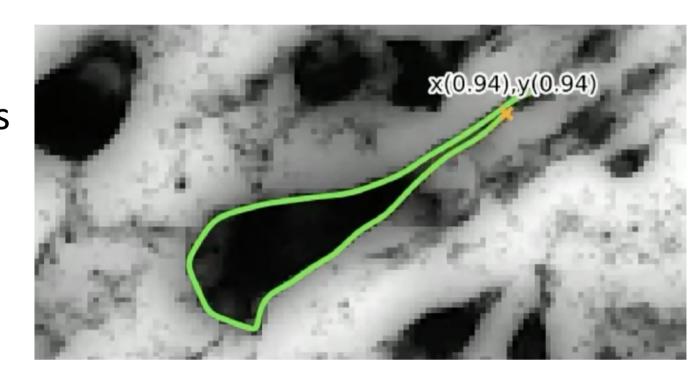
# **Uncertainty-Aware Contour Proposal Network**



# **Contours Regression**

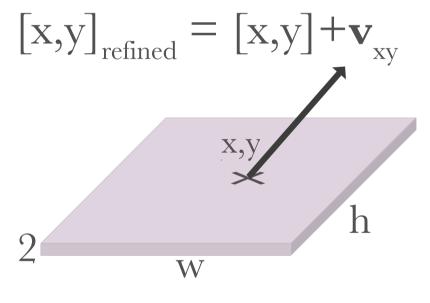
- Contours are represented as vectors
- Sine and cosine transform maps to coordinates
- Predict coefficients a, b, c, d:





# **Contour Refinement**

- Improves pixel precision
- Implicitly learned self-correction



Refinement Tensor v

# **Boundary Supervision**

- Allows supervision with bounding boxes
- Allows for mixed-annotation training
- Generalized Intersection over Union [3]

$$GIoU = IoU - \frac{|C \setminus (A \cup B)|}{|C|}$$

# **Localization Uncertainty Estimation**

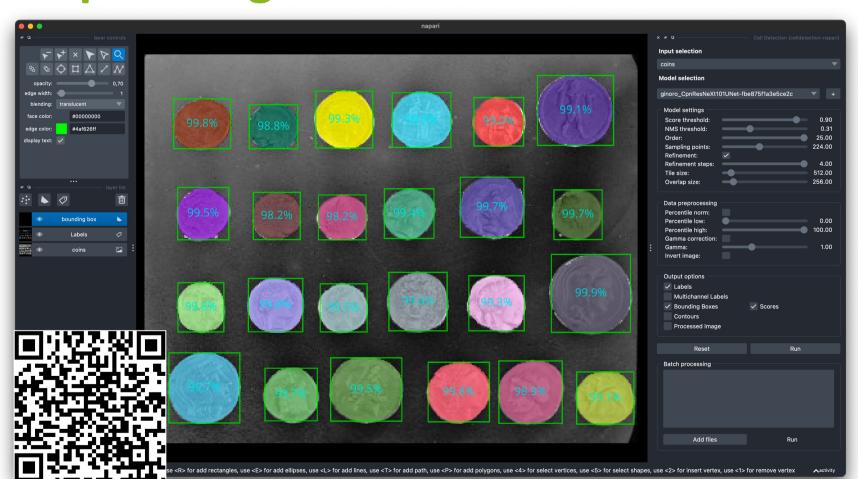
- Goal: Efficiently provide uncertainty estimates for segmented object boundaries
- Model estimates four boundary localization uncertainties: top right, bottom, left
- Learns to introspect based on systemic errors made during training
- Trained with negative power log-likelihood loss [4]:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{uncertainty}} = \eta \left( \sum_{i} \left( \frac{(v_i - \hat{v}_i)^2}{2\delta^2} + \frac{1}{2} \log \delta_i^2 \right) + 2 \log 2\pi \right)$$

- $\eta$ : IoU,  $\delta_i$ : uncertainty estimate ,  $v_i$ : Targeted boundary,  $\hat{v}_i$ : Predicted boundary
- Valuable information for downstream tasks, training data selection, quality control, ...

# TRY IT YOURSELF

# Napari Plugin



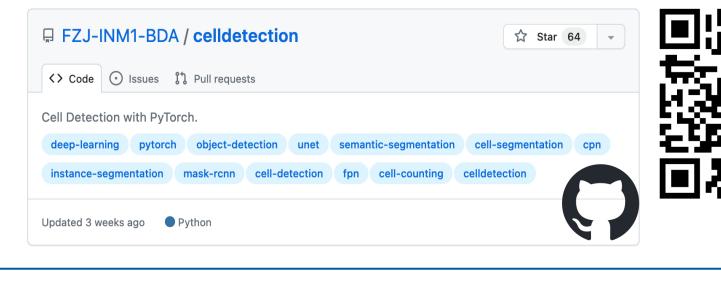
**Hugging Face Spaces** 

# **Cell Detection with Contour Proposal Networks**

# **Hugging Face API**



# **PyTorch**



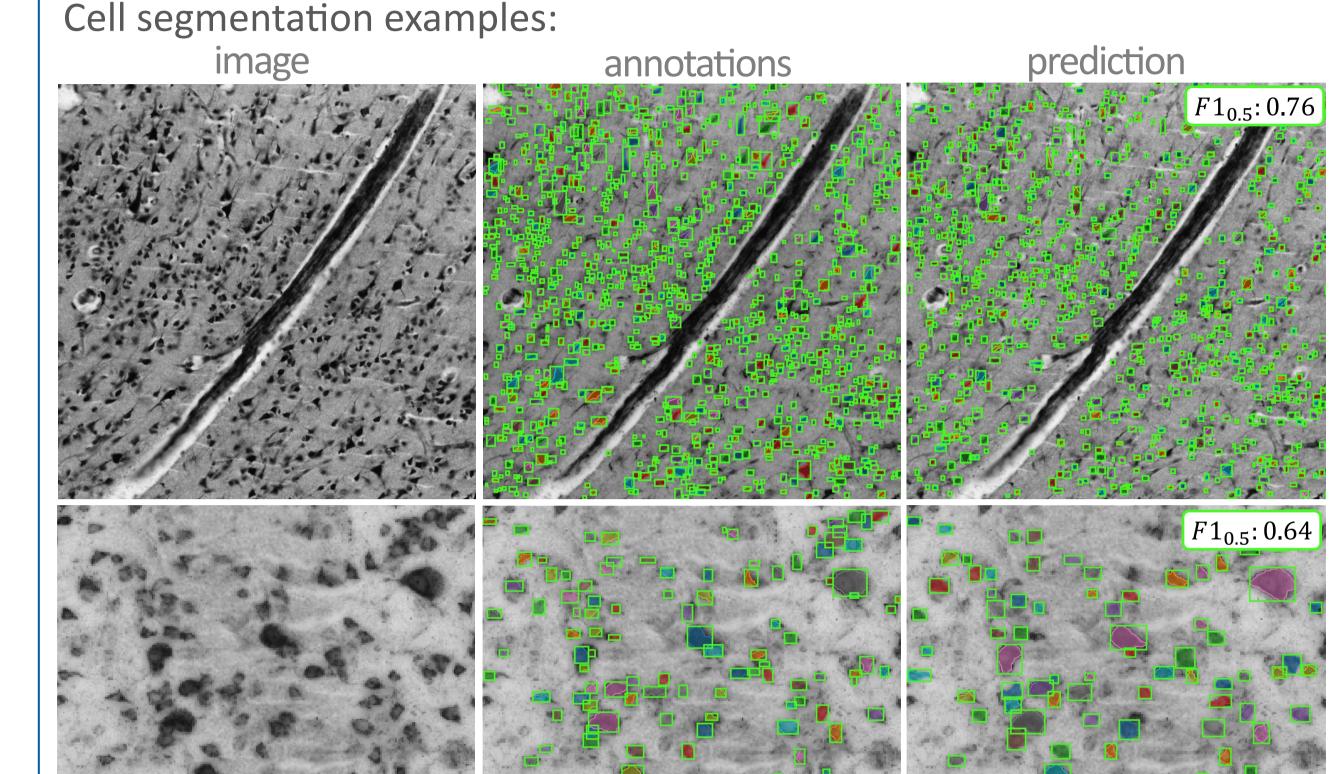
# 1 Research Centre Jülich, Institute of Neuroscience and Medicine, Jülich

- 2 Research Centre Jülich, Helmholtz AI, Jülich
- 3 Technical University Dortmund, Department of Computer Science, Dortmund
- 4 University Hospital Düsseldorf, Cécile & Oscar Vogt Institute for Brain Research, Düsseldorf
- 5 Heinrich Heine University, Department of Computer Science, Düsseldorf

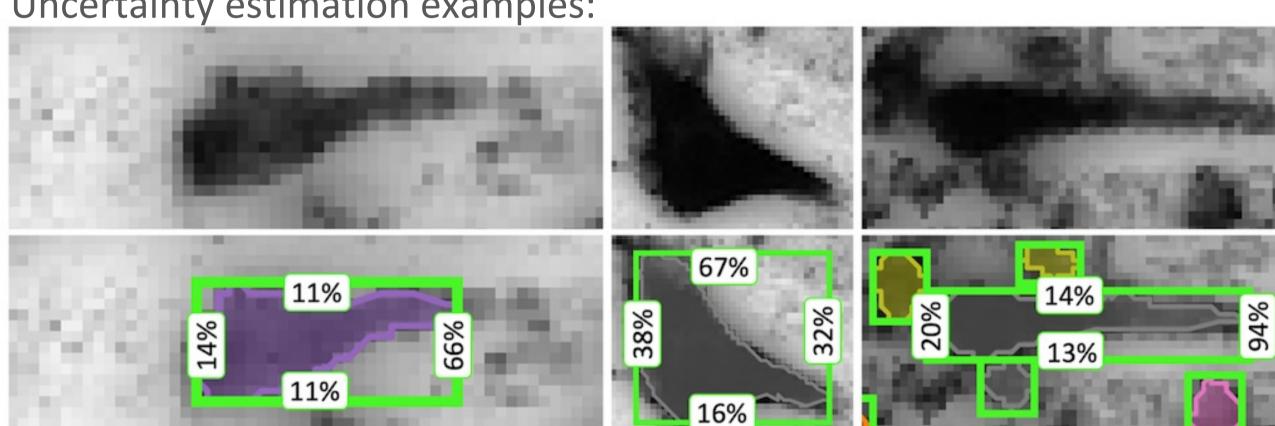
# **EXPERIMENTS & RESULTS**

# **Neuronal cell bodies**

- Test score of  $0.48 F1_{ava}$
- Among the correctly detected cells, 86% of the estimated uncertainties show a margin smaller than 25% to the optimal solution of NPLL for the measured test loss
- Uncertainty estimation also uncovers annotation inconsistencies



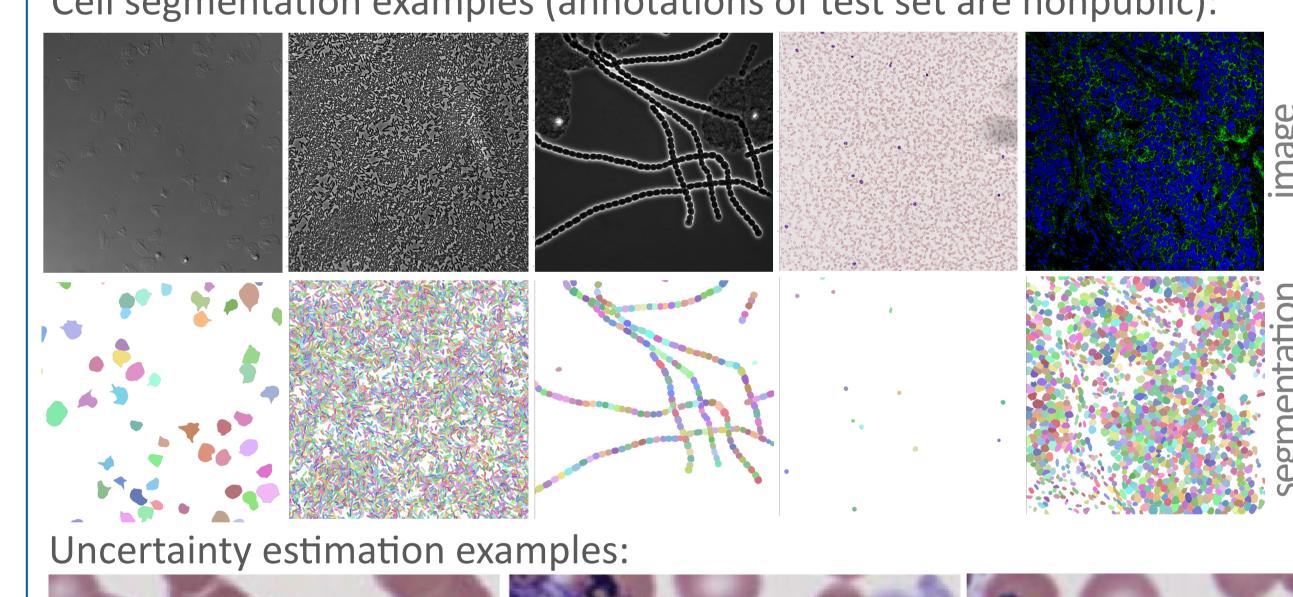
Uncertainty estimation examples:

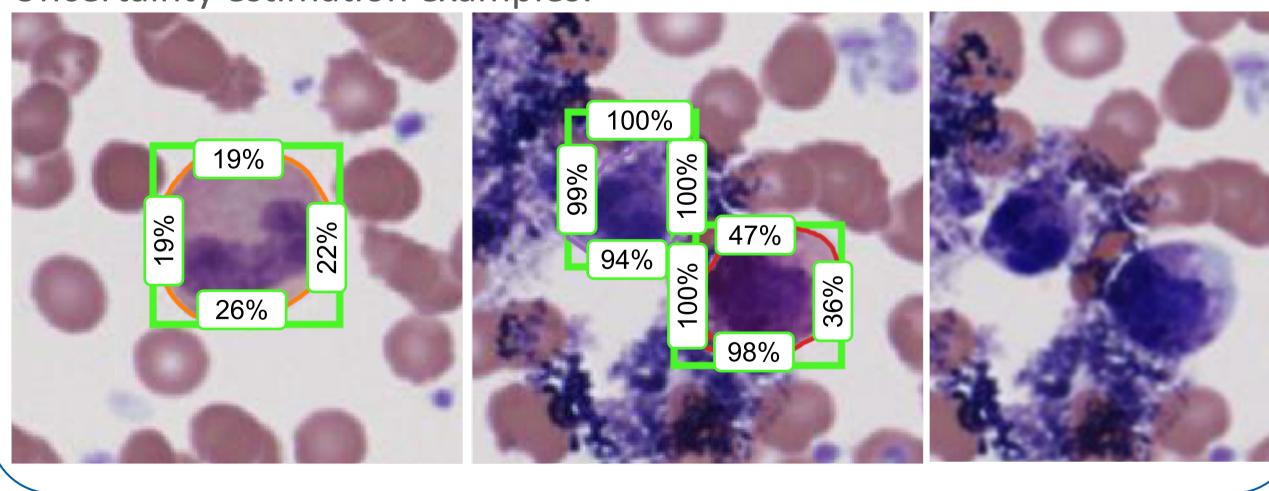


# **NeurlPS 22 Cell Segmentation Competition**

2<sup>nd</sup> best mean F1 score (81.81), 3<sup>rd</sup> place in ranking

Cell segmentation examples (annotations of test set are nonpublic):

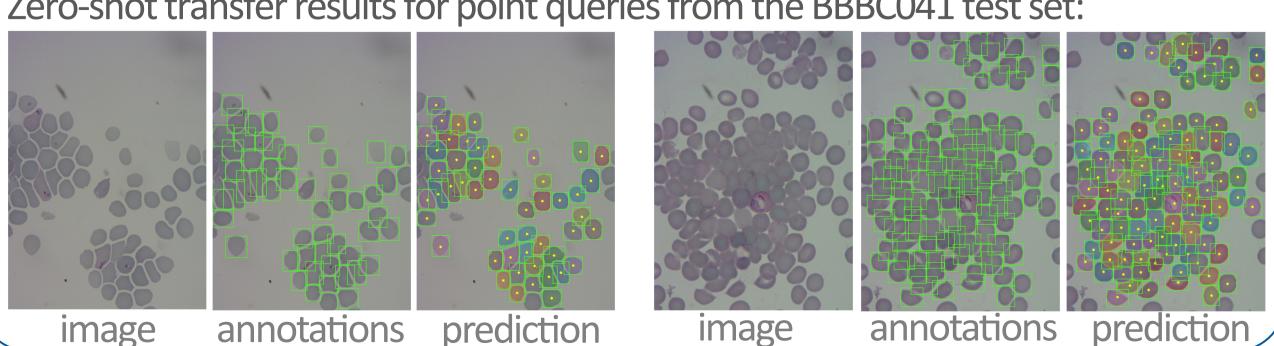




# ONE CLICK, ONE CONTOUR – ZERO-SHOT TRANSFER

The Contour Proposal Network (CPN) can also produce high quality object contours and masks from input queries such as points or weak segmentations.

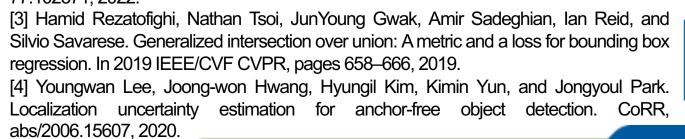
Zero-shot transfer results for point queries from the BBBC041 test set:



[1] Eric Upschulte, Stefan Harmeling, Katrin Amunts, and Timo Dickscheid. Uncertainty-Aware Contour Proposal Networks for Cell Segmentation in Multi-Modality High-Resolution Microscopy Images. OpenReview Preprint YtgRjBw-7GJ, 2022. [2] Eric Upschulte, Stefan Harmeling, Katrin Amunts, and Timo Dickscheid. Contour proposal networks for biomedical instance segmentation. Medical Image Analysis,











const data = await response.json()