



Human Brain Project

openMINDS SANDS:

A metadata model for ontology-based brain atlas definitions in graph databases.

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Figure 1: Simplified SANDS metadata model for brain atlases.

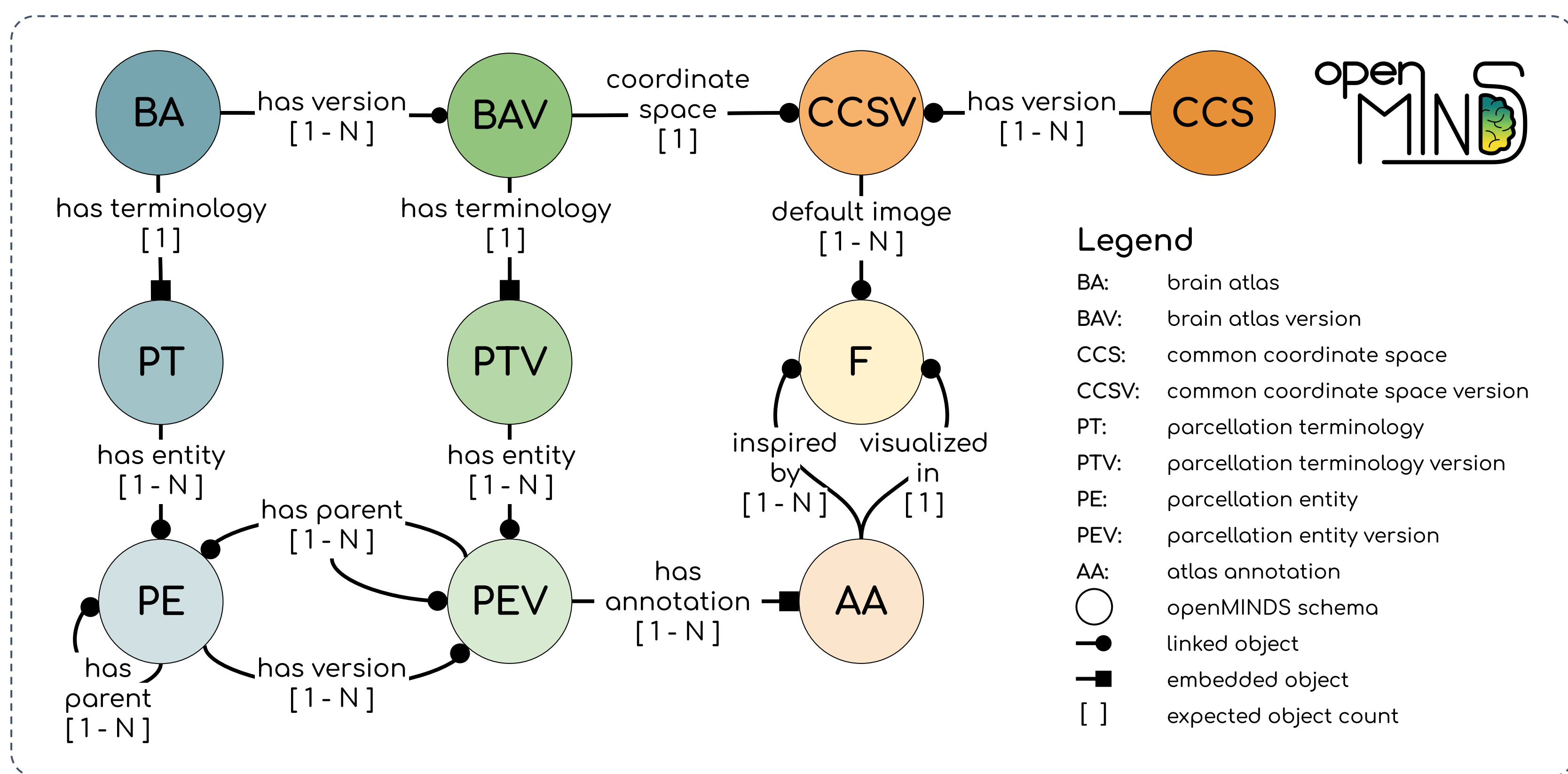


Figure 2: Links to documentation of schema specifications for all schemas of Fig.1.

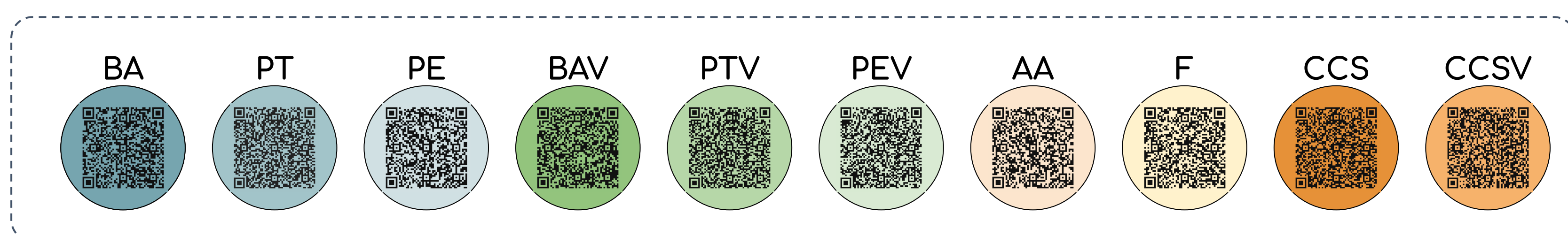


Figure 3: Simplified SANDS metadata (sub)model for anatomical integration (example 1).

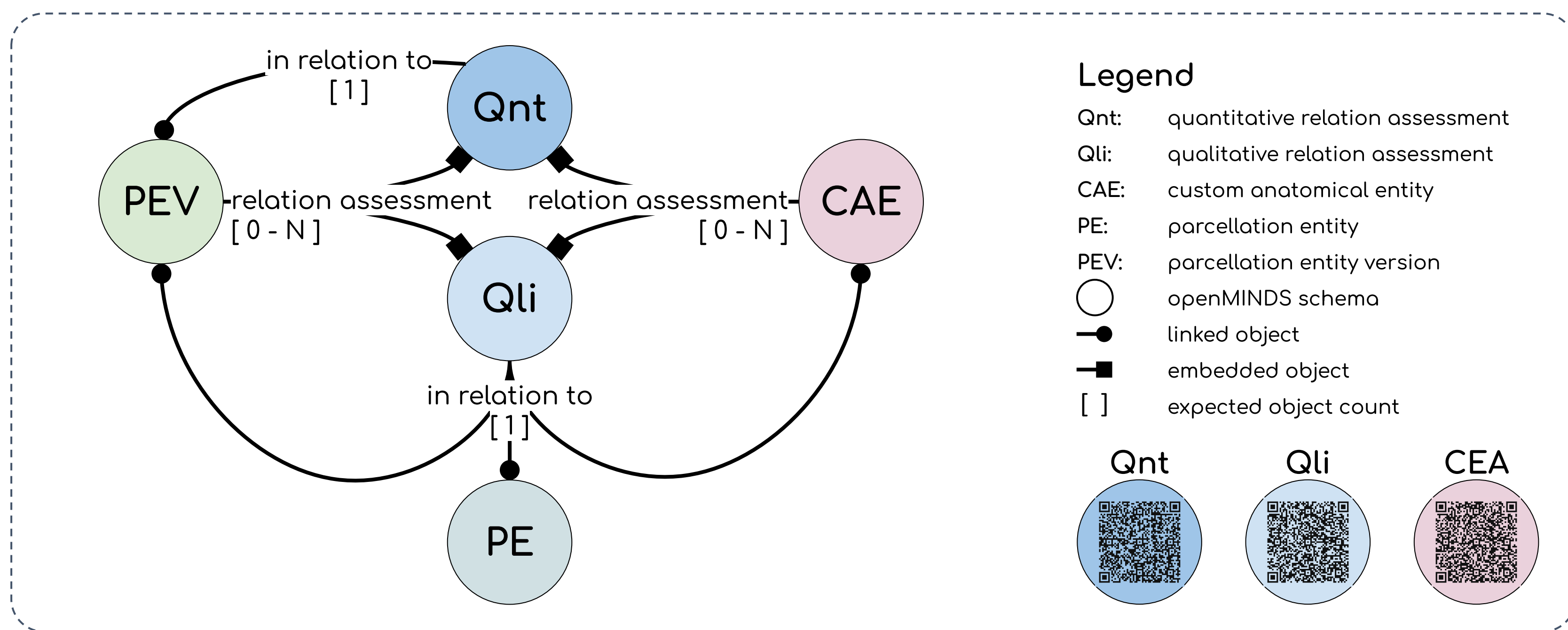
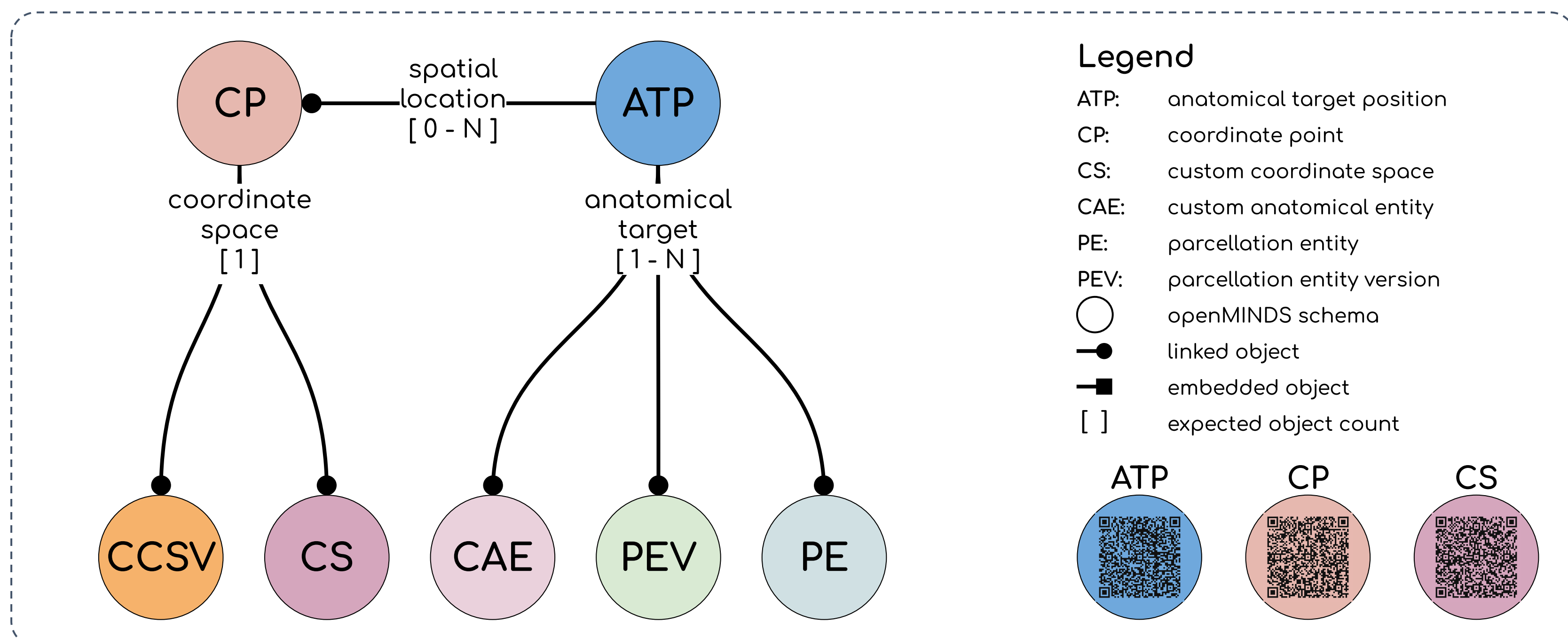


Figure 4: Simplified SANDS metadata (sub)model for anatomical integration (example 2).



WHAT? openMINDS is a community-driven, open-source metadata framework adoptable by any graph database management system. It is composed of linked metadata models, libraries of serviceable metadata instances, and supportive tooling. The **metadata model SANDS** focuses on specification of graph structures for brain atlases and integration of data through precise definitions of anatomical locations.

WHY? Brain atlases and their composing elements need to become more **FAIR**^[1] between graph database systems of different brain initiatives worldwide in order to facilitate precise communication for accurate data integration. The **Atlas Ontology Model (AtOM)**^[2] suggests that each brain atlas is composed of **reference data** in a **common coordinate space**, presenting **anatomical annotations** with a given **terminology**. Any specific combination of these four elements constitutes a unique atlas configuration, or version.

HOW? In accordance with AtOM, the metadata model SANDS translates these ontological brain atlas elements into a modular set of metadata schemas (Fig.1) that also integrate well with the other openMINDS metadata models. Each schema specifies the expected information for a respective atlas element (Fig.2). In conjunction with the metadata model for brain atlases, SANDS offers submodels for anatomical integration of atlas or non-atlas data (e.g., Fig.3, Fig.4). As service and suitable for general use, openMINDS also offers libraries of graph descriptions (formatted as JSON-LD collections) for an increasing number of brain atlases and common coordinate spaces (Fig.5).

IMPACT: SANDS offers an ontology-based metadata model for brain atlases and anatomical locations of non-atlas data adoptable by any graph database management system. The libraries of graph descriptions for brain atlases and common coordinate spaces offer human and machine-readable metadata instances for accurate referencing across scientific studies and software services. Through SANDS, brain atlases become more FAIR between different brain initiatives worldwide.

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Figure 5: Links to documentation of serviceable serializations.
Serializations of atlas or common coordinate spaces might not be complete yet. Contributions are highly appreciated.

Common Coordinate Spaces:	Brain Atlases:
Allen Mouse Brain CCF	Allen Mouse Brain Atlas
BigBrain Model	Jülich-Brain Atlas
MNI Colin27 Average Brain	Brodmann Areas (human)
MNI ICBM152	Desikan-Killiany Atlas
MEBRAINS brain template	Deep White Matter Atlas
WHS of the SD Rat Brain	WHS Rat Brain Atlas

OPENMINDS WEBSITES:



REFERENCES:

- [1] Wilkinson et al. (2016) <https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18>
[2] Kleven et al. (2023) <https://doi.org/10.1101/2023.01.22.525049>



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