



JUPITER - STATE OF MATTERS

HPCinfra 2025 - Cologne

2025-10-21 | JÜLICH SUPERCOMPUTING CENTRE | BENEDIKT VON ST. VIETH



Member of the Helmholtz Association



EuroHPC
Joint Undertaking



Federal Ministry
of Research, Technology
and Space

Ministry of Culture and Science
of the State of
North Rhine-Westphalia



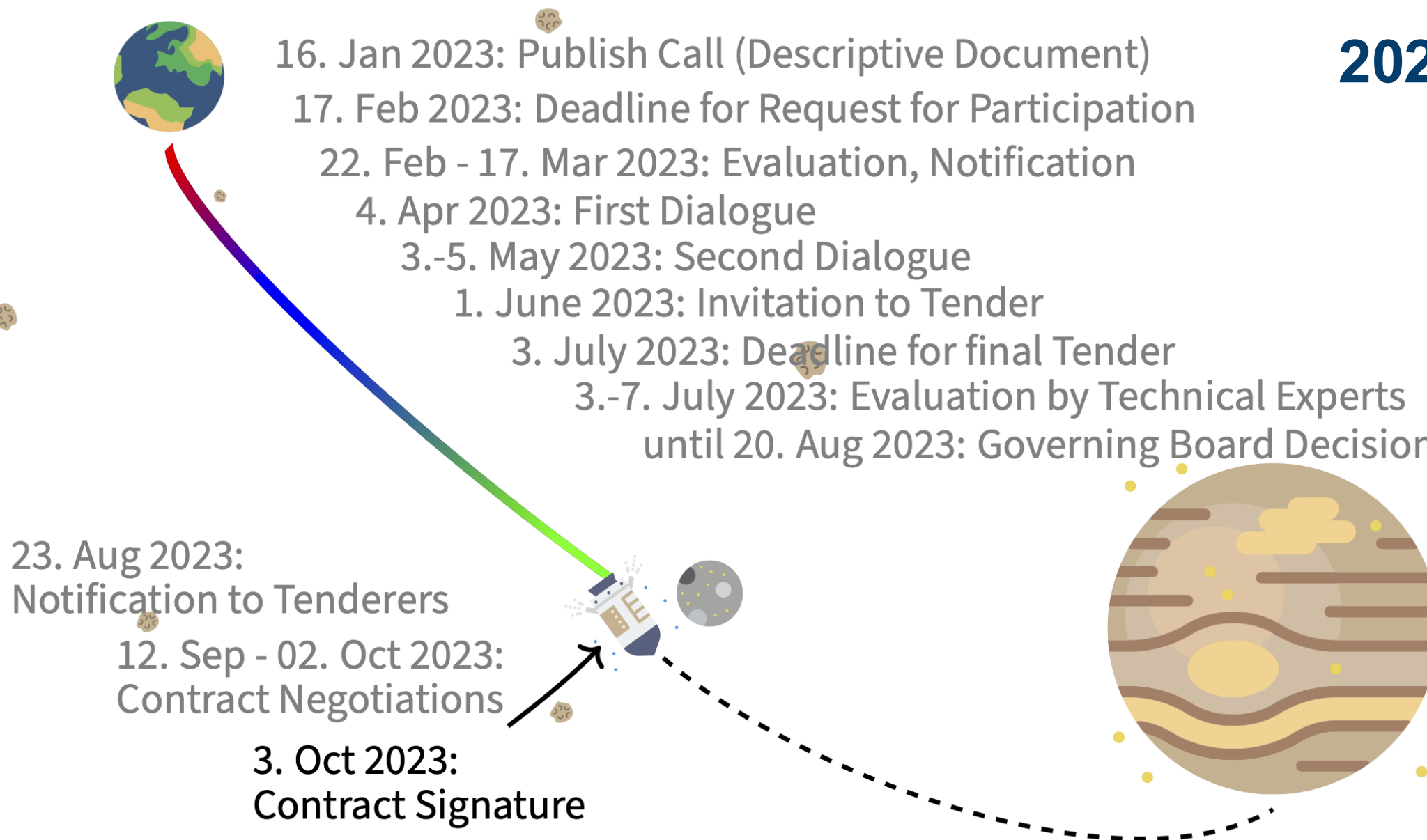
GCS
Gauss Centre for Supercomputing

JÜLICH
Forschungszentrum
Shaping Change

Ready for take off



2023



JUPITER CONTRACT ANNOUNCEMENT3.10.2023

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EU Grabs ARM for First ExaFLOP Supercomputer, x86 Misses Out

By Agam Shah

October 4, 2023

The configuration of Europe's first exascale supercomputer, Jupiter, has been finalized, and it is a win for Nvidia and a disappointment for x86 chip vendors Intel and AMD. The Jupiter supercomputer, which will cost €273 million to build, will pair SiPearl's Rhea processor, which is based on ARM architecture, with accelerator technology from Nvidia.

The supercomputer is being built by the European High-Performance Computing Joint Undertaking (EuroHPC JU) and a consortium including Eviden and ParTec. Eviden is an Atos business focusing on advanced computing initiatives that include HPC and AI.

The Jülich Supercomputing Center (Correction: Jülich Supercomputing Center) is about 600 km or 375 miles from Paris. Specifically, the supercomputer will be housed in a building that will house 309 petaflop CPUs, and the initial cost of the system is estimated at €33 billion to build and maintain. The Jülich Supercomputing Center is one of the world's leading supercomputing centers. It is a big disappointment for Intel and AMD, which have invested €33 billion to build and maintain the system. The Jülich Supercomputing Center is one of the world's leading supercomputing centers. It is a big disappointment for Intel and AMD, which have invested €33 billion to build and maintain the system. The Jülich Supercomputing Center is one of the world's leading supercomputing centers. It is a big disappointment for Intel and AMD, which have invested €33 billion to build and maintain the system.

Off The Wire

Industry Headlines

October 13, 2023

Coherent File Format Accelerates Time-to-Solution with OpenFOAM

HealthyCloud Project Unveils Roadmap to Maximize Impact of Health Data and Research Across Europe

NCSA Welcomes 2023-24 Fellows

Berkeley Lab CS Area to Share Computing Expertise at SC23

October 12, 2023

Samsung Electronics to Host AI Forum 2023 Highlighting AI and Computer Engineering Innovation

PacBio Announces Complete Computational Workflow for Human Whole Genome Sequencing Data Analysis

SiFive Announces Differentiated Solutions for Generative AI and ML Applications

EQTC 2023: Europe's Quantum Sector to Showcase Successes and Its Roadmap for Global Leadership

EuroHPC JU Announces Procurement Call for Upgrading Discoverer Supercomputer

Los Alamos Partners with AirMettle for Efficient In-Storage Data Analysis

Caltech Researchers Demonstrate Quantum Eraser to Combat Erasure Errors in Quantum Systems

Research Base: Computational Exascale European

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THE NEXT PLATFORM

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COMPUTE

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ENTERPRISE

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Intel To Set Its FPGA Unit Free To Pursue Its Own Path


COMPUTE

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DETAILS EMERGE ON EUROPE'S FIRST EXASCALE SUPERCOMPUTER

October 5, 2023 Timothy Prickett Morgan



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More details are emerging on Europe's first exascale system, codenamed "Jupiter" and to be installed at the Jülich Supercomputing Center in Germany in 2024. There has been a lot of speculation about what Jupiter will include for its compute engines and networking and who will build and maintain the system. We now know some of this and can infer some more from the statements that were made by the organizations participating in the Jupiter effort.

June 2022, the Forschungszentrum Jülich in Germany, which has played host to many supercomputers since it was founded in 1987, was chosen to host the first of three European exascale-class supercomputers to be funded through the EuroHPC Joint Undertaking and through the European national and state governments countries who are essentially paying to make sure these HPC and AI clusters are where they want them. With Germany having the largest economy in Europe and being a heavy user of HPC thanks to its manufacturing focus, Jülich was the obvious place to park the first machine in Europe to break the exaflops barrier.

That barrier is as much an economic one as it is a technical one. The six-year budget for Jupiter weighs in at €100 million, which is around \$526.1 million at current exchange rates between the US dollar and the European euro. That is in the same ballpark price as what the "Frontier" exascale machine at Oak Ridge National Laboratory and the "El Capitan" machine that is being installed right now at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory – both of which are based on a combination of AMD CPUs and GPUs and Hewlett Packard Enterprise's Slingshot variant of Ethernet with HPE as the prime contractor.

Everybody knows that Jupiter was going to use SiPearl's first generation Arm processor based on the reverse "Zeus" V1 core from Arm Ltd, which is codenamed "Rhea" by SiPearl and which is appropriate

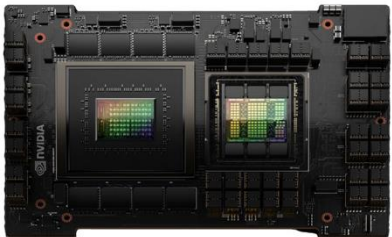


JUPITER BUILDING BLOCKS

JUPITER MODULES

JUPITER Booster (~1ExaFLOP/s)

- ~125 Racks BullSequana XH3000
- Node design
 - ~6000 nodes, 4× NVIDIA CG1 per node
- CG1: NVIDIA Grace-Hopper
 - 72 Arm Neoverse V2 cores (4×128b SVE2); 120 GB LPDDR5
 - H100 (132 SMs); 96 GB HBM3
 - NVLink C2C (900 GB/s)



JUPITER BOOSTER BLADE OVERVIEW



JUPITER – BOOSTER COMPUTE NODE ARCHITECTURE

- 4× NVIDIA Grace-Hopper in SXM5 Board (4× 680W)

Node Specs

- 4× NVIDIA InfiniBand NDR200
- 480 GB LPDDR5X / 360 GB HBM3 (usable)
- NVLink 4
 - GPU-GPU 150 GB/s per dir, CPU-GPU 450 GB/s per dir, CPU-CPU 100 GB/s per dir
- CG4 Motherboard (4× CG1 GH module + 4× CX7 HCA assembly)
- All NVIDIA, except the BMC

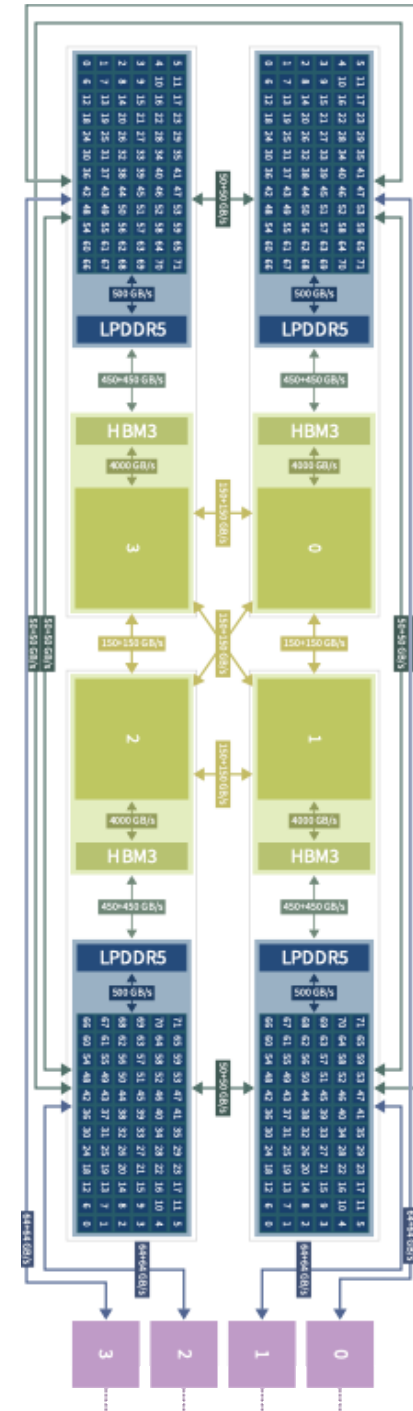
- ARM Neoverse V2 CPU Specs

- SVE2/NEON (4x 128 bit vector op)
- 72 cores @ ~2.4GHz (~3.2 GHz turbo)
- 120 GB LPDDR5X (8 channels)
 - ≥450 GB/s
 - ~150 ns latency

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- H100 GPU Specs

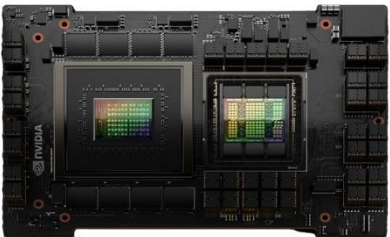
- 47.5 TFLOP/s (HPL Rmax single GPU)
- 90 GB HBM3
 - ≥3600 GB/s
 - ~450 ns latency



JUPITER MODULES

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ExaFLASH: 29PB (raw) NVMe, IBM SSS6000

ExaSTORE: 308PB (raw) HDD*, IBM SSS6000

ExaTAPE: 370PB Tape*, LTO9

JUPITER – EXAFLASH (SCRATCH)



- Gross Capacity: **29 PB**; Net Capacity: **21 PB**
- Bandwidth: **2.1 TB/s** Write, **3.1 TB/s** Read
- 20× **IBM SSS6000** Building Blocks (40 servers)
 - 2× NDR400 per server
 - **48× 30 TB NVMe** drives per block
 - IBM Storage Scale (aka Spectrum Scale/GPFS)
- Manager and Datamover Nodes
- Exclusive for JUPITER
 - Integrated into InfiniBand fabric



JUPITER – EXASTORE (HOME/DATA)



TCO contribution from JSC, not part of the JUPITER procurement

- Gross Capacity: **308 PB**; Net Capacity: **210 PB**
- Bandwidth: **1.1 TB/s** Write, **1.4 TB/s** Read
- 22× **IBM SSS6000** Building Blocks (44 servers)
 - 2× NDR200 per server
 - 7× JBOD enclosures, each with 91x 22 TB Spinning Disks per Building Block (**14014 disks**)
 - IBM Storage Scale (aka Spectrum Scale/GPFS)
- Manager and Datamover Nodes
- Exclusive for JUPITER
 - Integrated into InfiniBand fabric



JUPITER – EXATAPE (BACKUP/ARC)

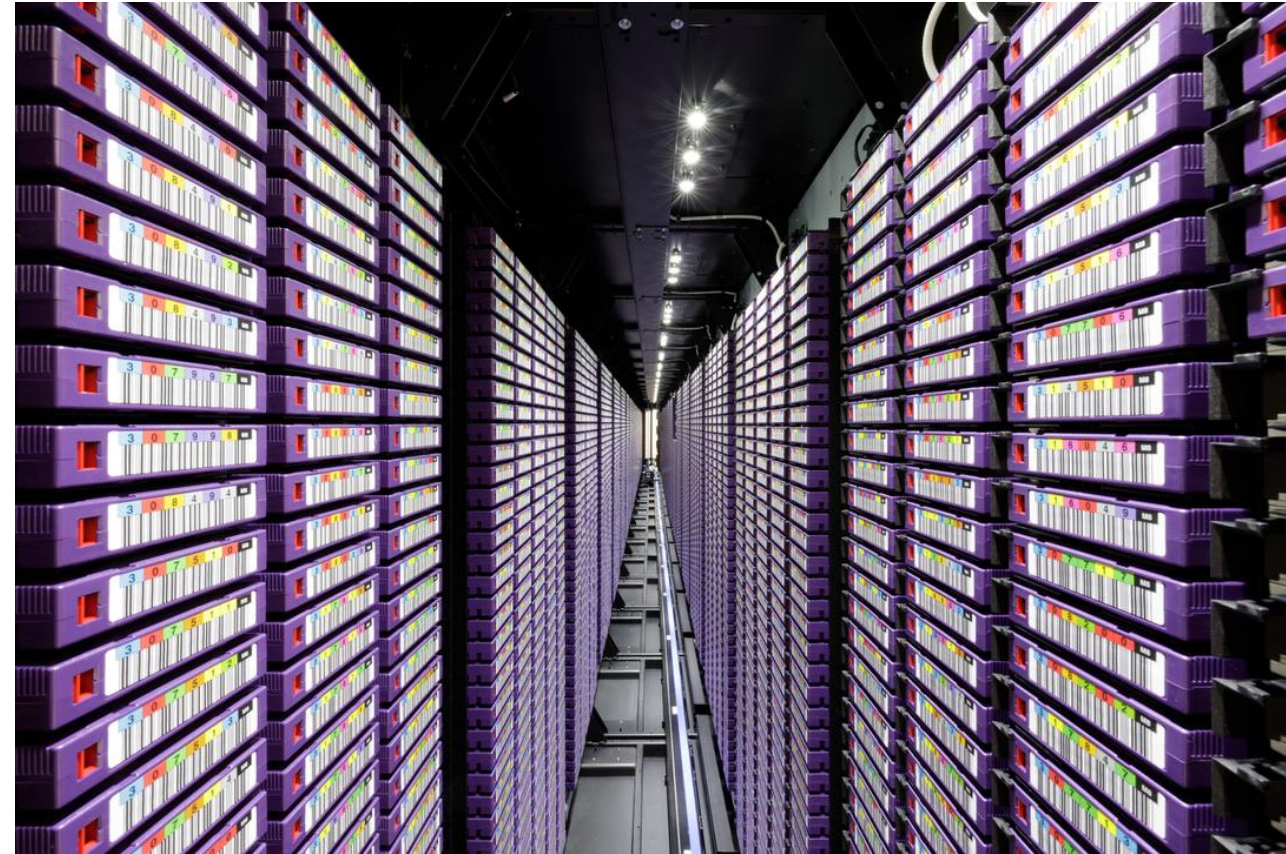
pro-com
DATENSYSTEME



TCO contribution from JSC, not part of the JUPITER procurement

- **369 Petabyte** Tape Capacity
- Procurement Q3/Q4 2024
- 2 x IBM TS4500 with LTO9
- TS1 in DC 16.4
 - 11 Frames
 - 15x LTO 9 tape drives
 - **10240 LTO9 media**
- TS2 in DC 16.3
 - 11 Frames
 - 15x LTO9 tape drives
 - **10260 LTO9 media**

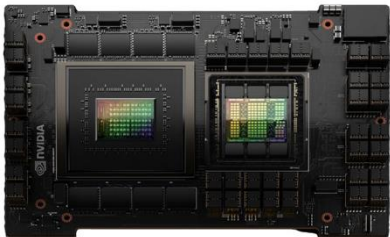
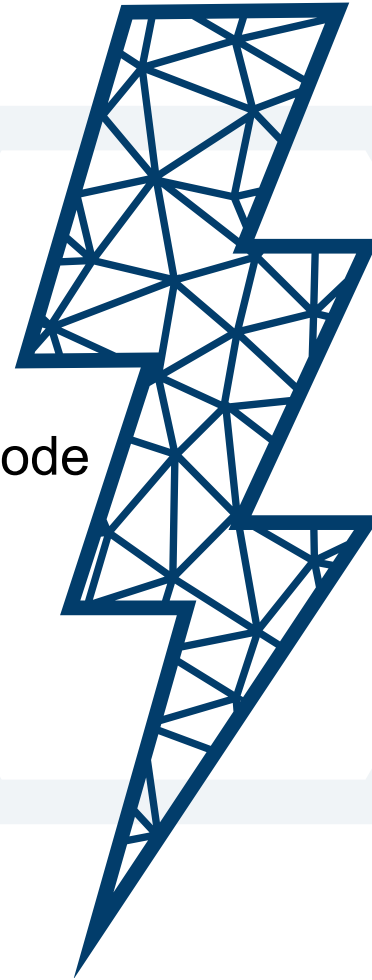
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JUPITER MODULES

JUPITER **Booster** (~1ExaFLOP/s)

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 - H100 (132 SMs); 96 GB HBM3
 - NVLink C2C (900 GB/s)



ExaFLASH: 29PB (raw) NVMe, IBM SSS6000

ExaSTORE: 308PB (raw) HDD*, IBM SSS6000

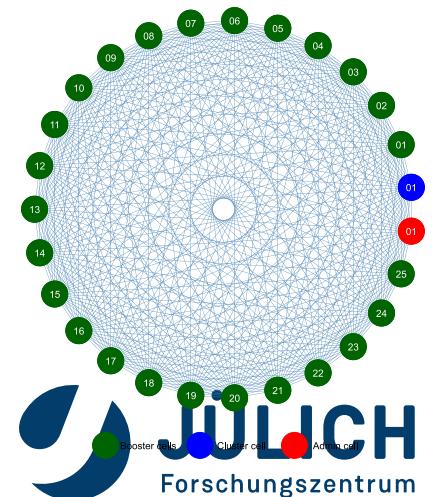
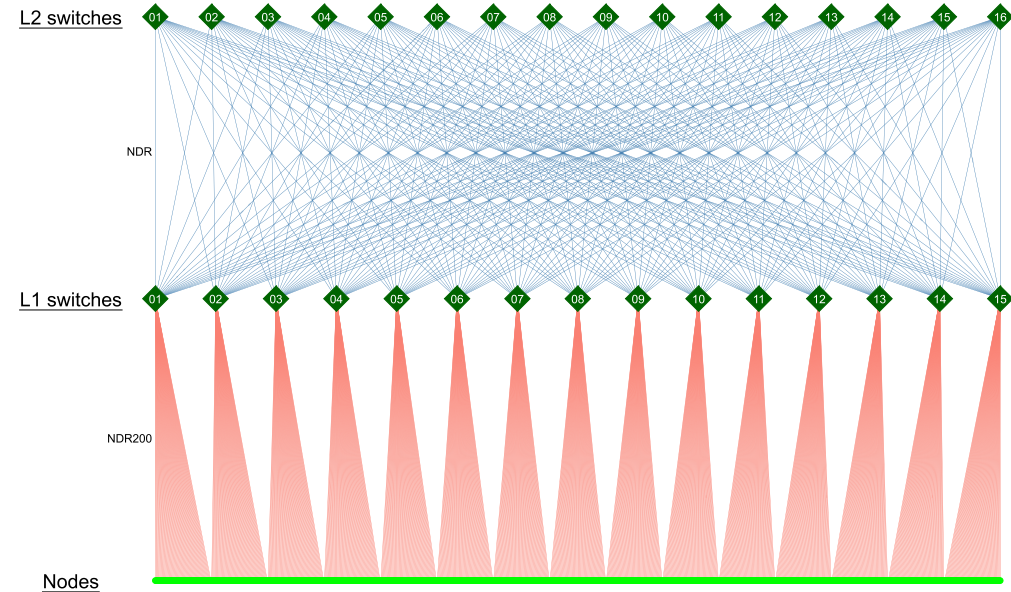
ExaTAPE: 370PB Tape*, LTO9

JUPITER – INTERCONNECT

One Network to Rule Them All

- NVIDIA Mellanox InfiniBand **NDR/NDR200**
 - NVIDIA Quantum-2 switches
 - NVIDIA Connect-X7 HCAs
- Dragonfly+ topology
 - **27 Dragonfly groups**
 - Within each group: full fat tree
- 51000 links, 102000 logical ports, 25400 endpoints, **867 switches**
- Adaptive Routing
- In-network processing on switch level (SHARPV3), tentatively

EVIDEN
an atos business



JUPITER MODULES

JUPITER Booster (~1ExaFLOP/s)

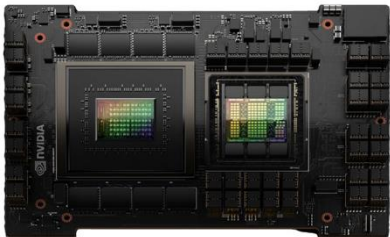
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ExaFLASH: 29PB (raw) NVMe, IBM SSS6000

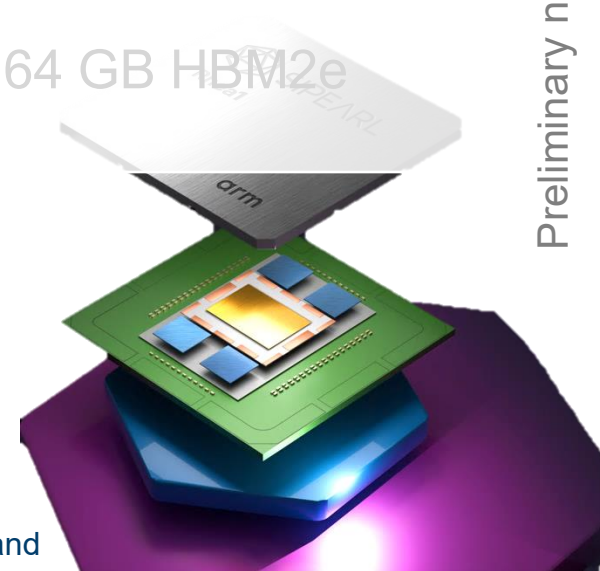
ExaSTORE: 308PB (raw) HDD*, IBM SSS6000

ExaTAPE: 370PB Tape*, LTO9



JUPITER Cluster

- ~15 Racks BullSequana XH3000
- Node design
 - ~1300 nodes
 - 2× SiPearl Rhea1 per node
- Rhea1
 - 80 Arm Neoverse V1 cores (2×256b SVE)
 - 256 GB DDR5, 64 GB HBM2e



Preliminary numbers, might change during installation

[illegible]

SYSTEM MANAGEMENT

JUPITER MANAGEMENT STACK







3 main pillars/actors



SMC xScale	ParaStation	xOPS
Core part of the stack. Vast majority of components come from here.	Enhancement of the core	Enhancement of the core
Developed by Eviden	Developed by ParTec	Developed by JSC
Heavily based on open source and cloud technologies	Integrates ParTec tools in SMCx to streamline their support workflows	Extensive set of Ansible roles for HPC, targeting JSC's requirements and needs

JUPITER MANAGEMENT STACK – KEY AREAS



	Technology	Challenges		Provider
Operating System	Linux	Security Stability	Performance HW support	
Management Storage	Ceph	Multi-use Performance	Scalable	
Management Plane	Kubernetes	Scalable Flexible	0 downtime Open	 kubernetes
Configuration Management	Ansible	Standard	Easy to extend Open	
Boot Image(s) Management	ImageBuilder	ARM / x86 support	Tracking Integration	
Container(s)	UBI <small>Universal Binary Images</small>	Standard Consistency	Security	

THE PREPARATION PHASE

2023/2024 - PREPARING CAMPUS, SLAB, STORAGE, JEDI

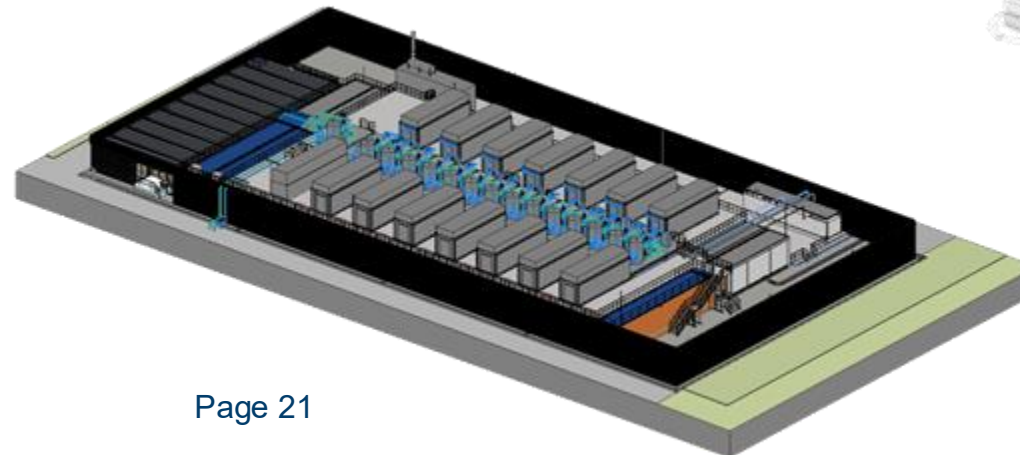
... it is not only about waiting for JUPITER



MODULAR DATA CENTER FOR JUPITER

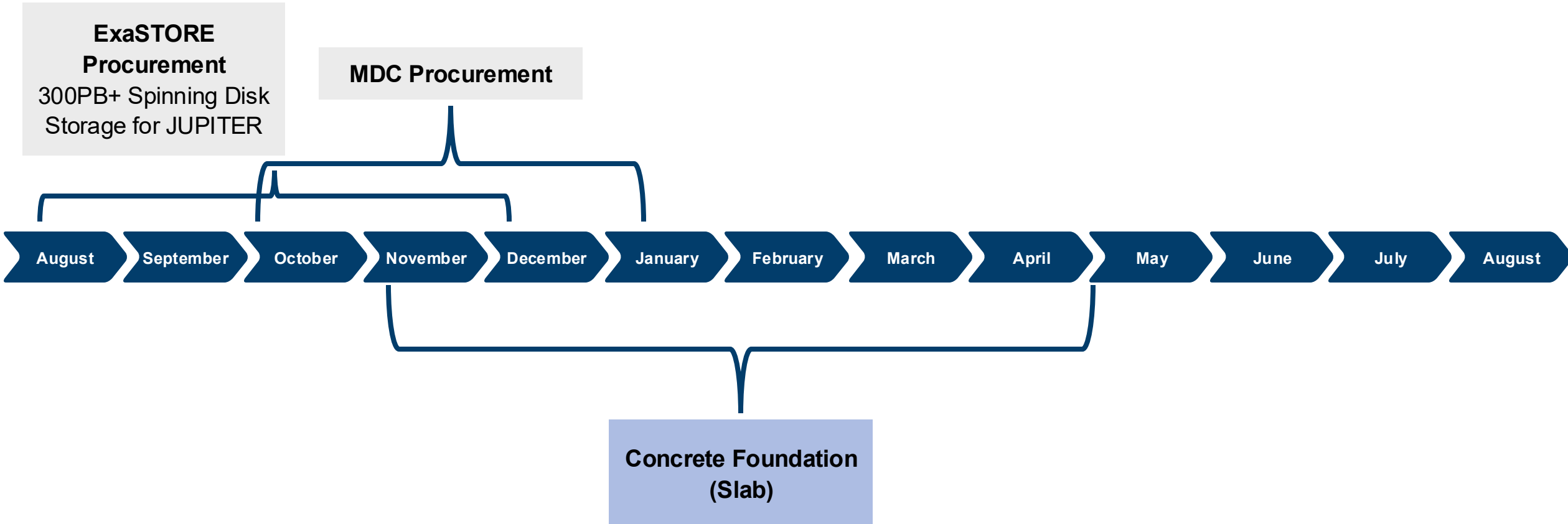
EVIDEN

- Vendor: Eviden
- Area: ~2300m²
- 1x Datahall (Storage, Management)
- 7x IT Modules (20 Racks per module)
- UPS, Generator
- Entrance area
- Workshop, Warehouse
- 15x 2,5 Megawatt Power Stations



2023/2024 - PREPARING CAMPUS, SLAB, STORAGE, JEDI

... it is not only about waiting for JUPITER



POWER TRANSFORMER SUBSTATION AND LINES

Upgrade of transformers 110 kV / 35 kV from 2 x 40 MVA to 2 x 60-80 MVA and upgrade 110kV power line



Backup Cold Water Cooling: 1MW

**Network:
3,2 Tbit/s**

Power (Campus): 2*60-80 MVA

Water (River Rur): up to 30 cbm/h



April 2025

JUWELS Booster:

- 3744 NVIDIA A100 GPUs
 - 44 PetaFLOP/s HPL
- 2,4 MW Peak, 1,1MW Average
- Direct-Liquid-Cooling
 - 36°in, 42-44°out
 - free cooling
 - heat-reuse

Power (Datacenter): 15*2,5MVA

14 Free Cooling Towers, 1 Chiller

JUPITER Booster:

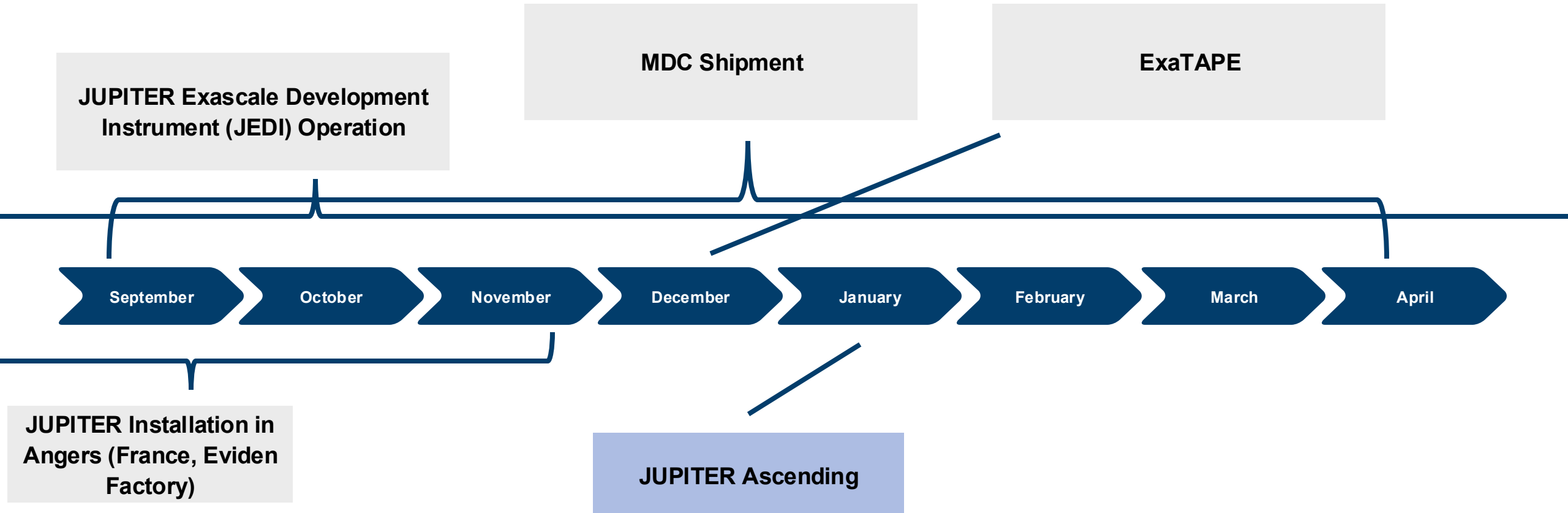
- ~24000 NVIDIA H100 GPUs
 - 1 ExaFLOP/s HPL
- 17 MW Peak, 9-11MW Average
- Direct-Liquid-Cooling
 - 36°in, 42-44°out
 - free cooling
 - heat-reuse
- Up to 30 cbm/h river water
 - !!!Worst-case!!!
 - Only on very-hot summer days





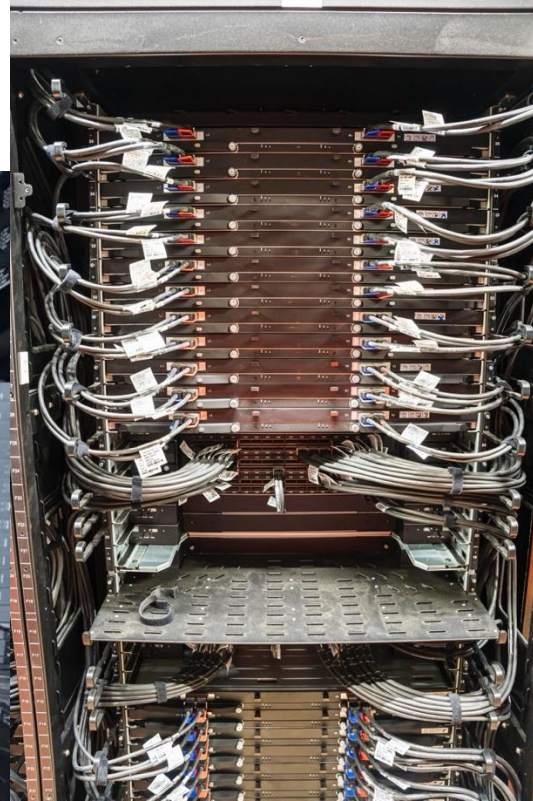
2024/2025 - MDC AND JUPITER INSTALLATION

Always in motion is the future...



JUPITER ASCENDING

Since January 2025





RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

The JUPITER AI Factory (JAIF)



Fraunhofer



hessian.AI

Associated
partners:

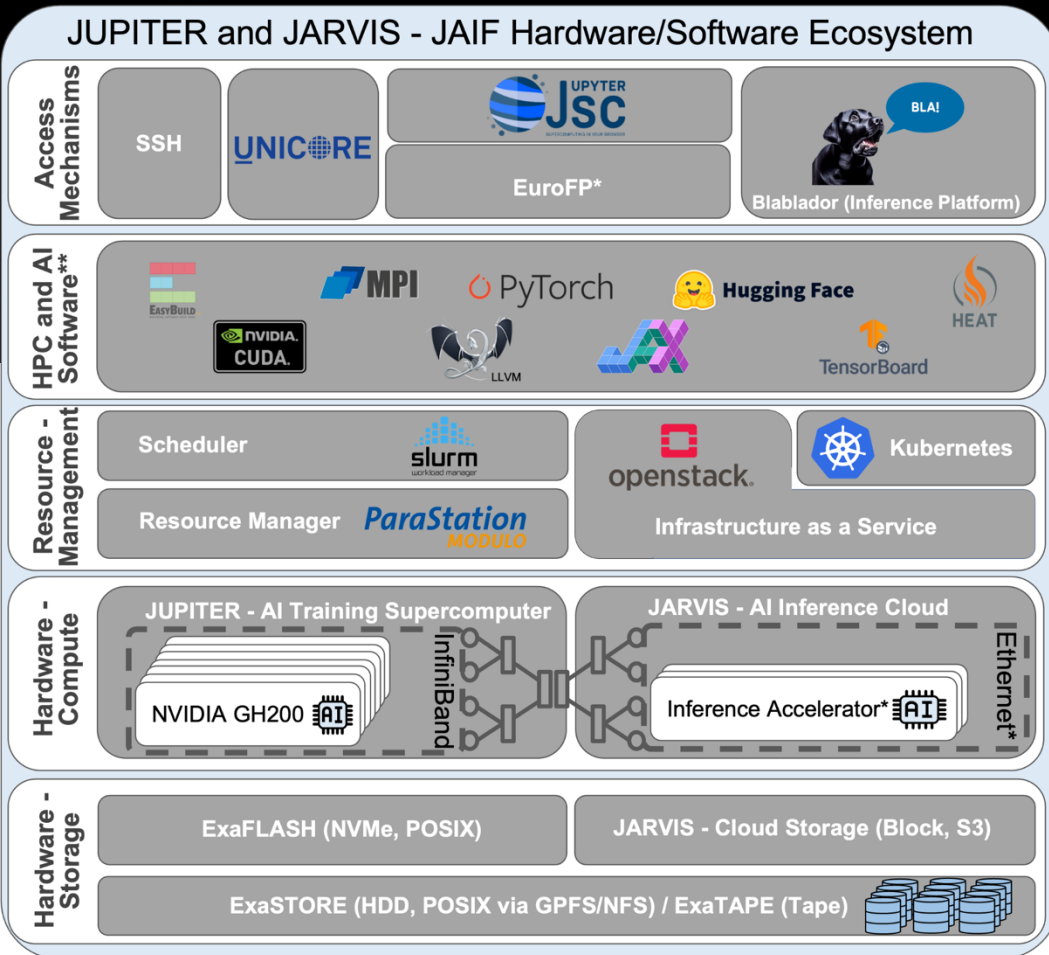


WEST AI
KI-Servicezentrum



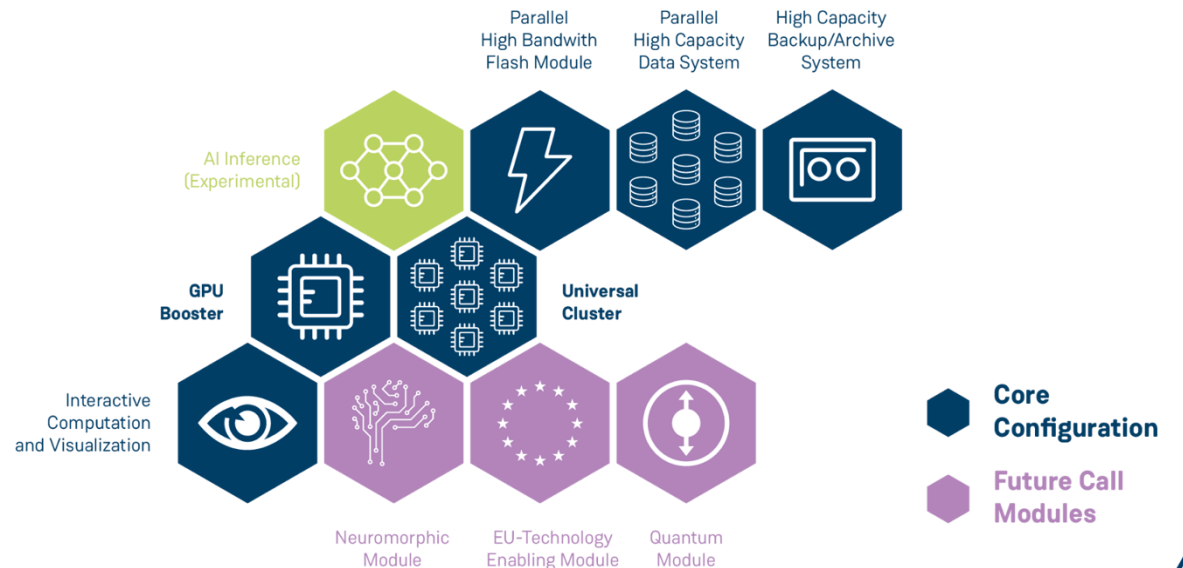
KI BUNDESVERBAND

Modular JUPITER Hybrid Training/Inference AI System

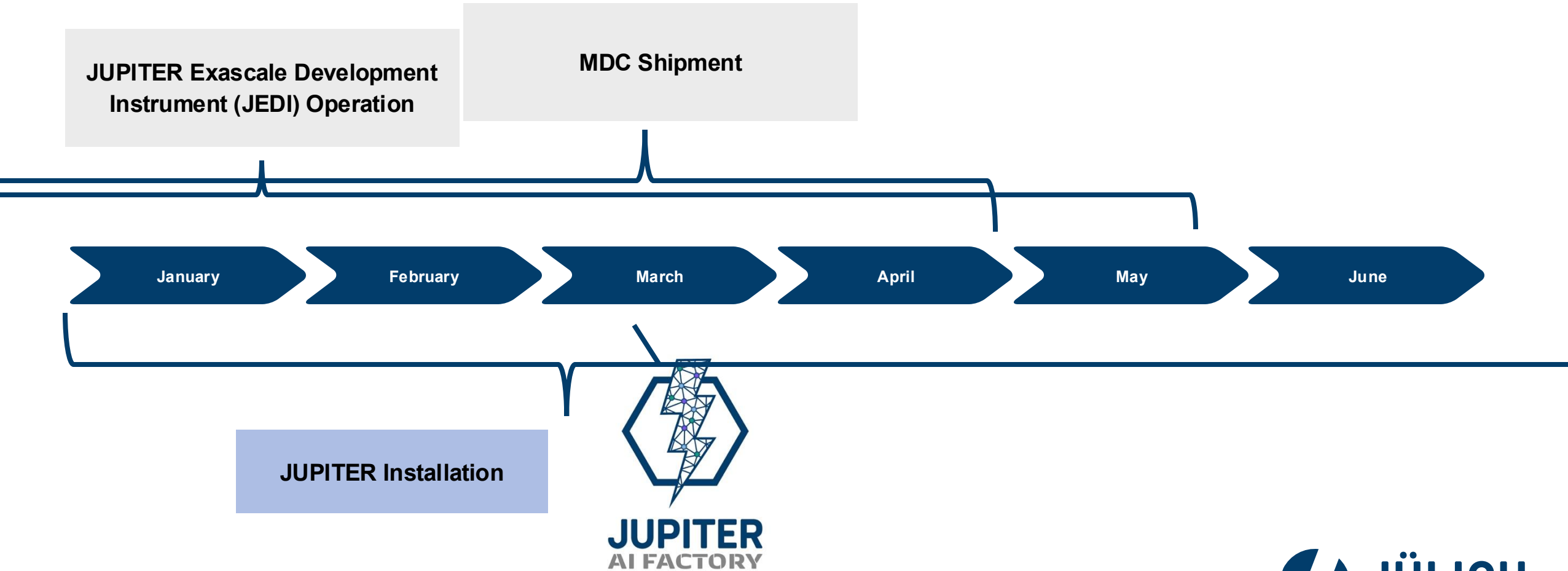


*Depending on procurements and available functionality

**This is a subset of the available software

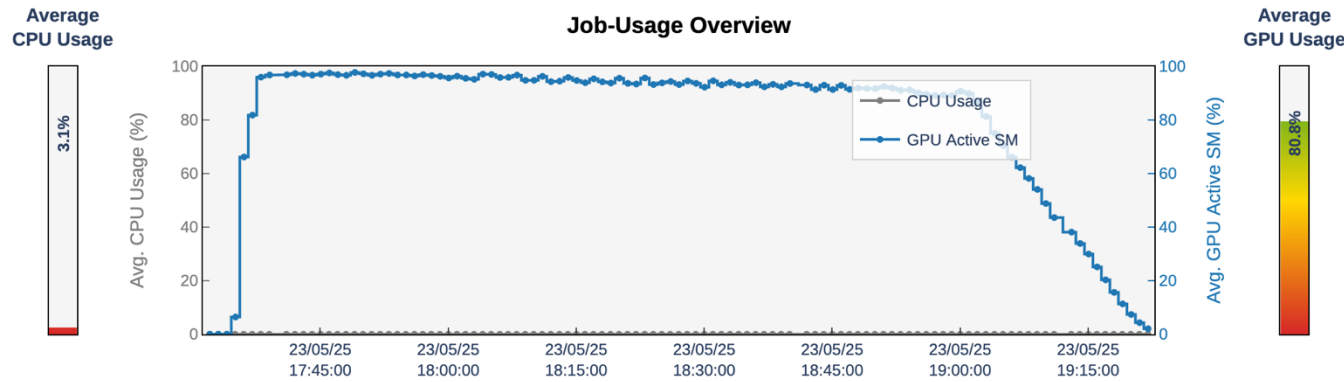


2024/2025 - MDC AND JUPITER INSTALLATION

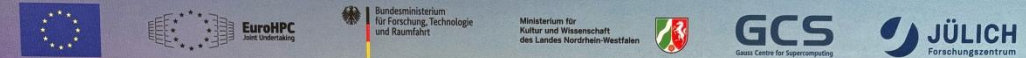


TOP500

- Entry to TOP500 June 2025 as #4 world, #1 EU
- 793 PFLOP/s HPL of 930 PFLOP/s th. peak
- Achieved with 4650 nodes



JOINING FORCES



jupiter.fz-juelich.de



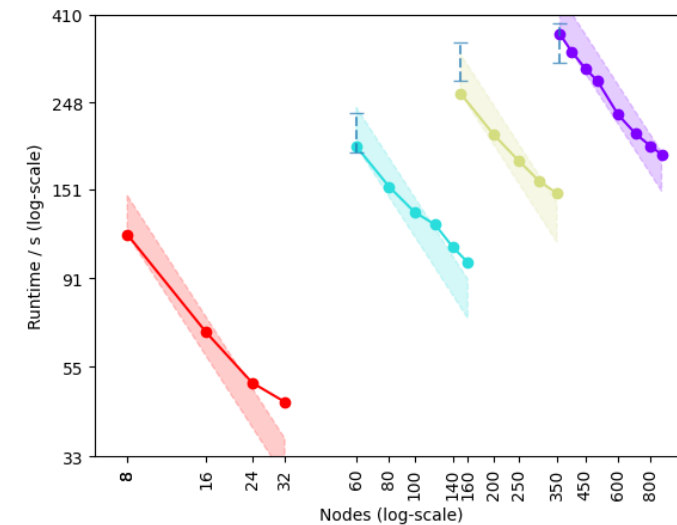




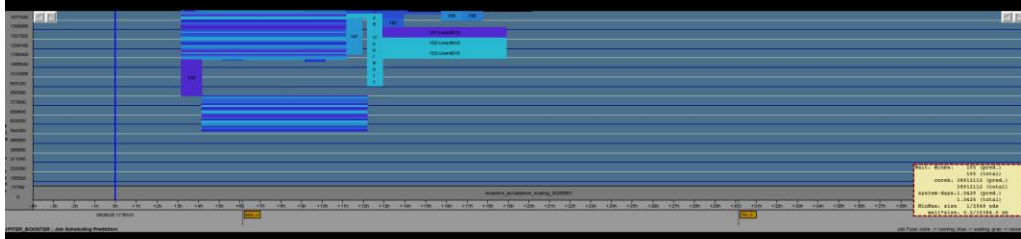
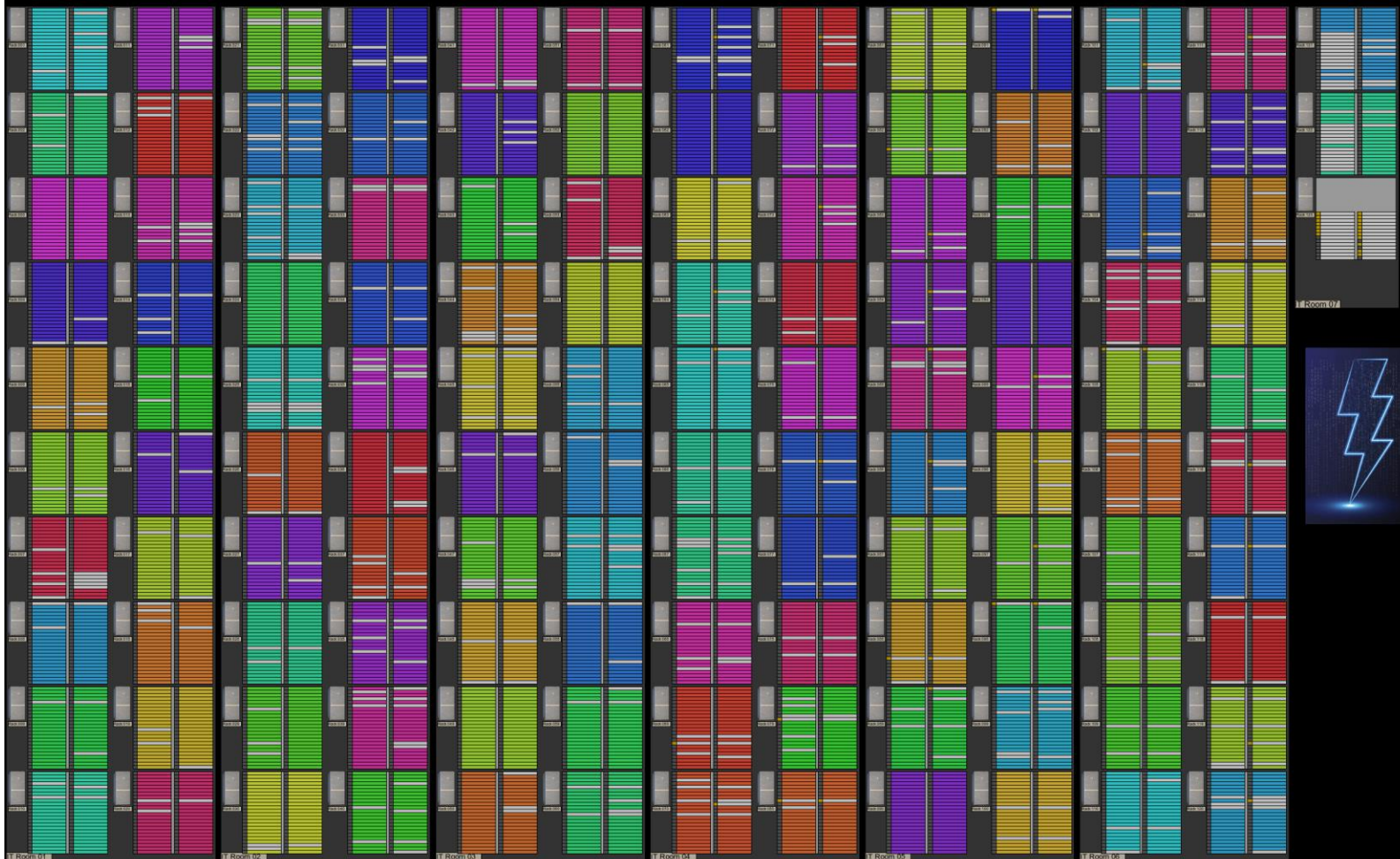
POPULATING JUPITER

Current Status and Next Steps

- JUPITER Research and Early Access Phase ongoing
 - > 100 Applications, 33 Lighthouses
- GCS AI Competition access started
- (Acceptance) Benchmarking running
 - TCO Application mix, High-Scaling
 - Storage Acceptance
- High-Performance Linpack
 - ... otherwise it would be too easy
- **JUPITER Inauguration on 5.9.2025**
- Autumn/winter: EuroHPC/GCS calls



```
Usage: 90% 1533024/1694592 Cores, 5323/23535 GPUs
nodes 5323/5884 (down 0) (5323/5884 with GPUs)
jobs 122/155 (run/wait)
date 08/26/25 17:50:01
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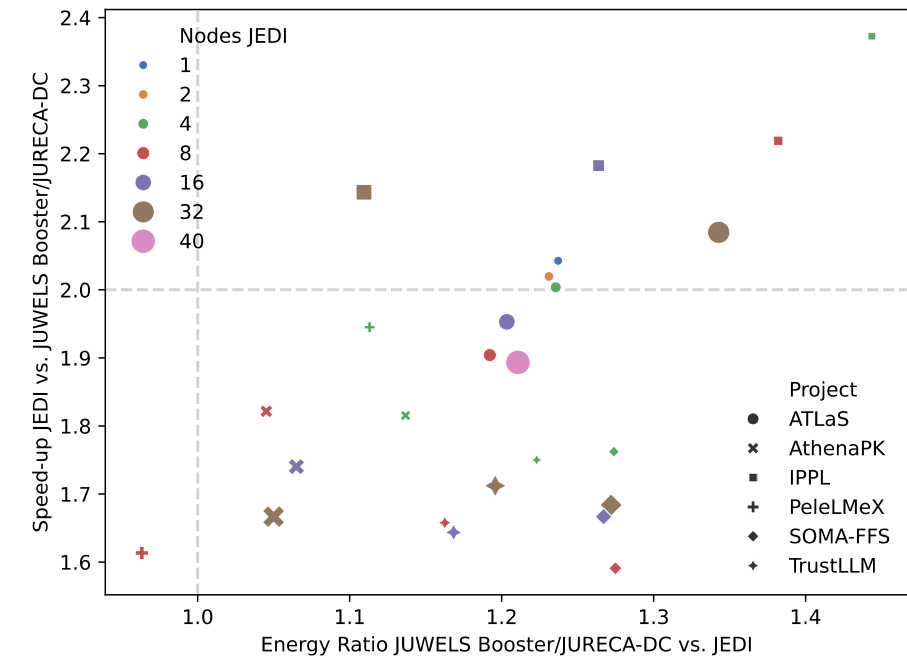
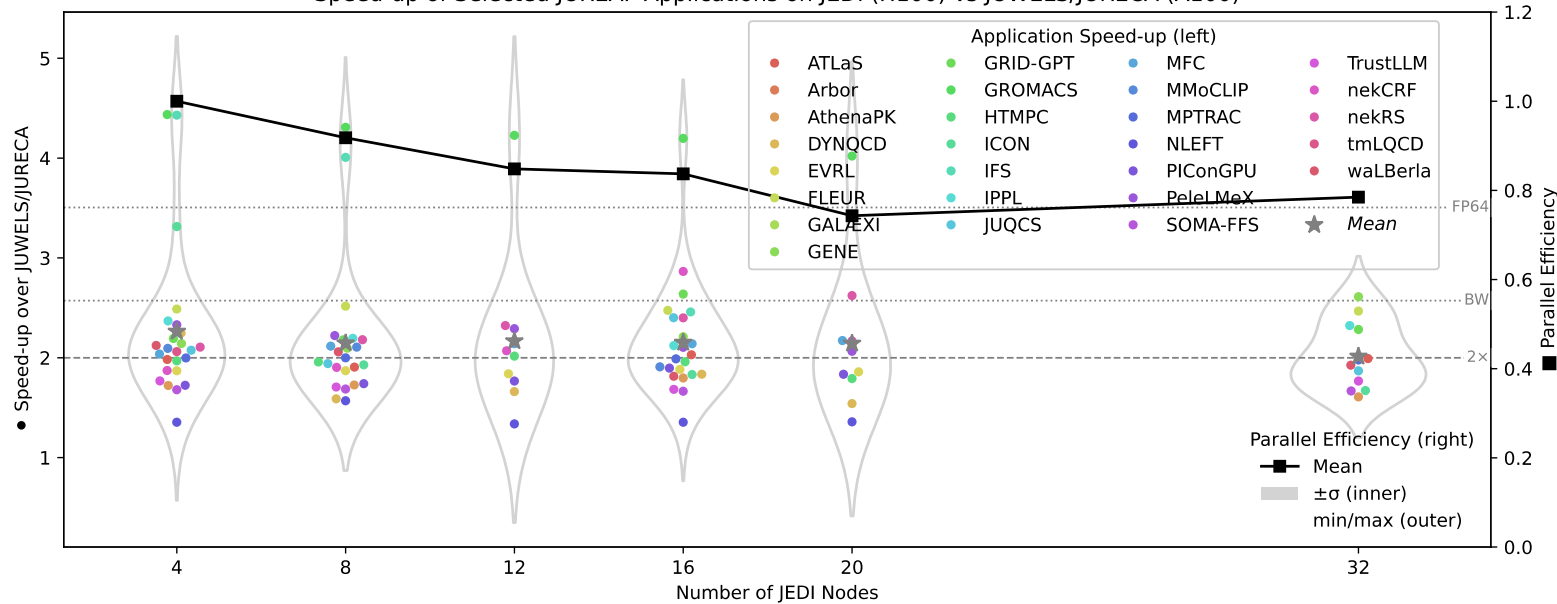
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Algeria	1990	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1991	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1992	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1993	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1994	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1995	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1996	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1997	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1998	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	1999	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2000	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2001	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2002	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2003	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2004	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2005	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2006	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2007	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2008	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2009	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2010	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2011	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2012	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2013	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2014	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2015	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2016	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2017	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2018	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2019	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2020	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2021	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2022	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2023	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2024	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2025	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2026	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100
Algeria	2027	Algeria	11,300,000	21.2%	64.2%	14.6%	72.5	100	100	100

[illegible]

EARLY RESULTS

Speedup & (Parallel) Efficiency

Speed-up of Selected JUREAP Applications on JEDI (H100) vs JUWELS/JURECA (A100)



QUESTIONS?!



JOINING FORCES



EuroHPC
Joint Undertaking



Bundesministerium
für Forschung, Technologie
und Raumfahrt

Ministerium für
Kultur und Wissenschaft
des Landes Nordrhein-Westfalen



GCS
Gauss Centre for Supercomputing

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