European extreme events simulations with the fully coupled TerrSysMP

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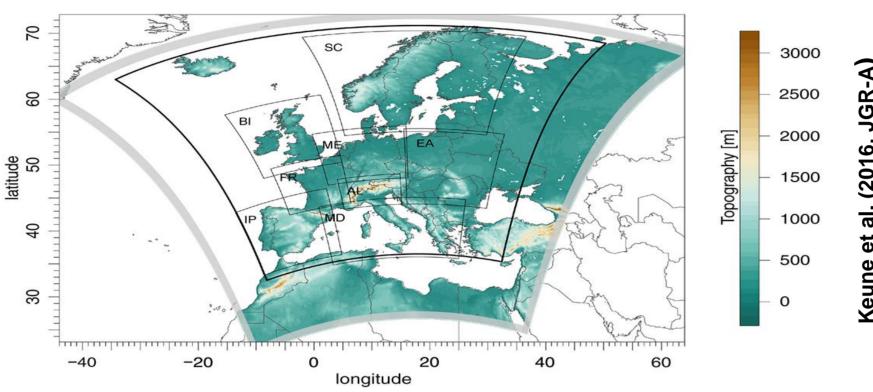


Context

Project funded by the **Helmholz Group**: Advanced Earth System Modeling Capacity

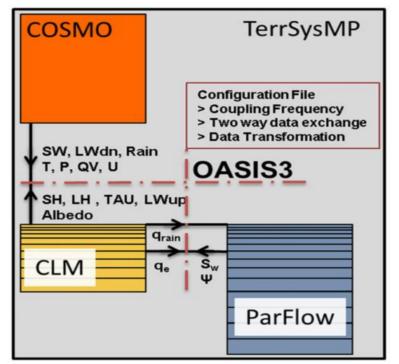
Goal: Develop, evaluate and apply a Earth system modeling infrastructure

Frontier Simulations within the work package 4: European hydro-meteorological extremes



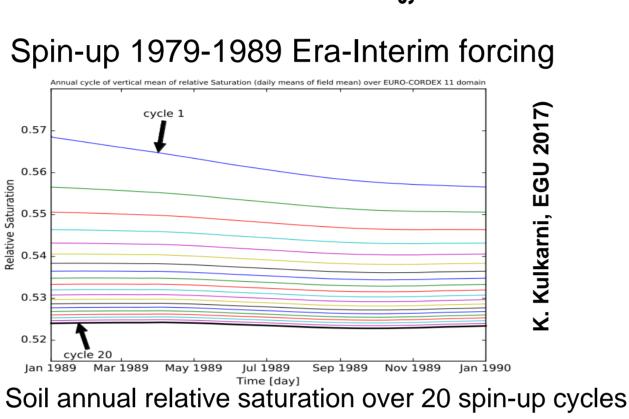
Topography (m above mean sea level) over the EURO-CORDEX domain at 0.11° resolution. The small inner boxes show the PRUDENCE regions and the respective abbreviation.

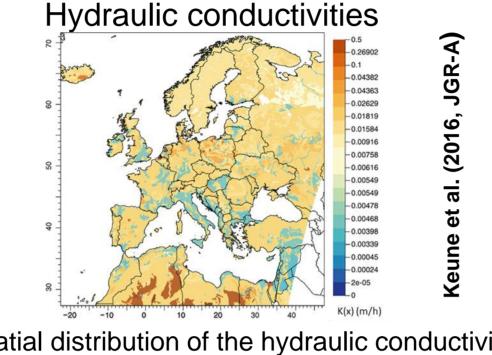
Terrestrial Systems Modelling Platform (TerrSysMP) TerrSysMP (TerrSysMP)



Scale consistent highly modular fully integrated soil – vegetation – atmosphere physically based modeling system

Component models: **COSMO**; Community Land Model, **CLM** and **ParFlow**; external coupling interface: **OASIS**3 and OASIS3-MCT.

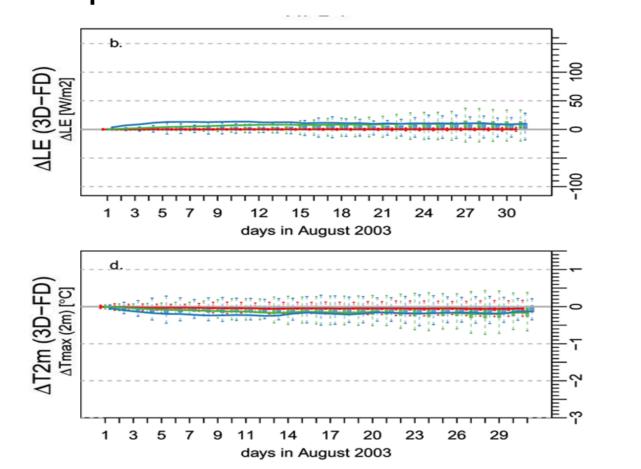


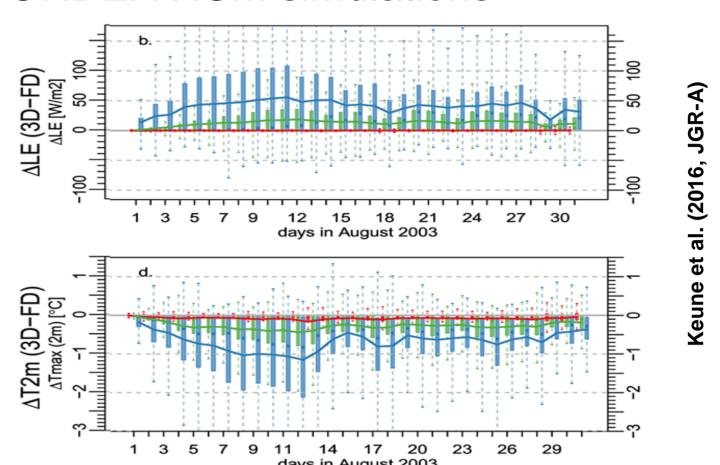


Spatial distribution of the hydraulic conductivity k(x) (m/h) prescribed by the FAO data base.

Scientific rationale

- What is the impact of groundwater representation in regional climate simulations, e.g. on heat waves, extreme precipitation, etc.? (e.g., Keune et al., 2016)
- Introducing interactions and feedbacks between the subsurface and the land surface and atmosphere to the ensemble of EURO-CORDEX RCM simulations

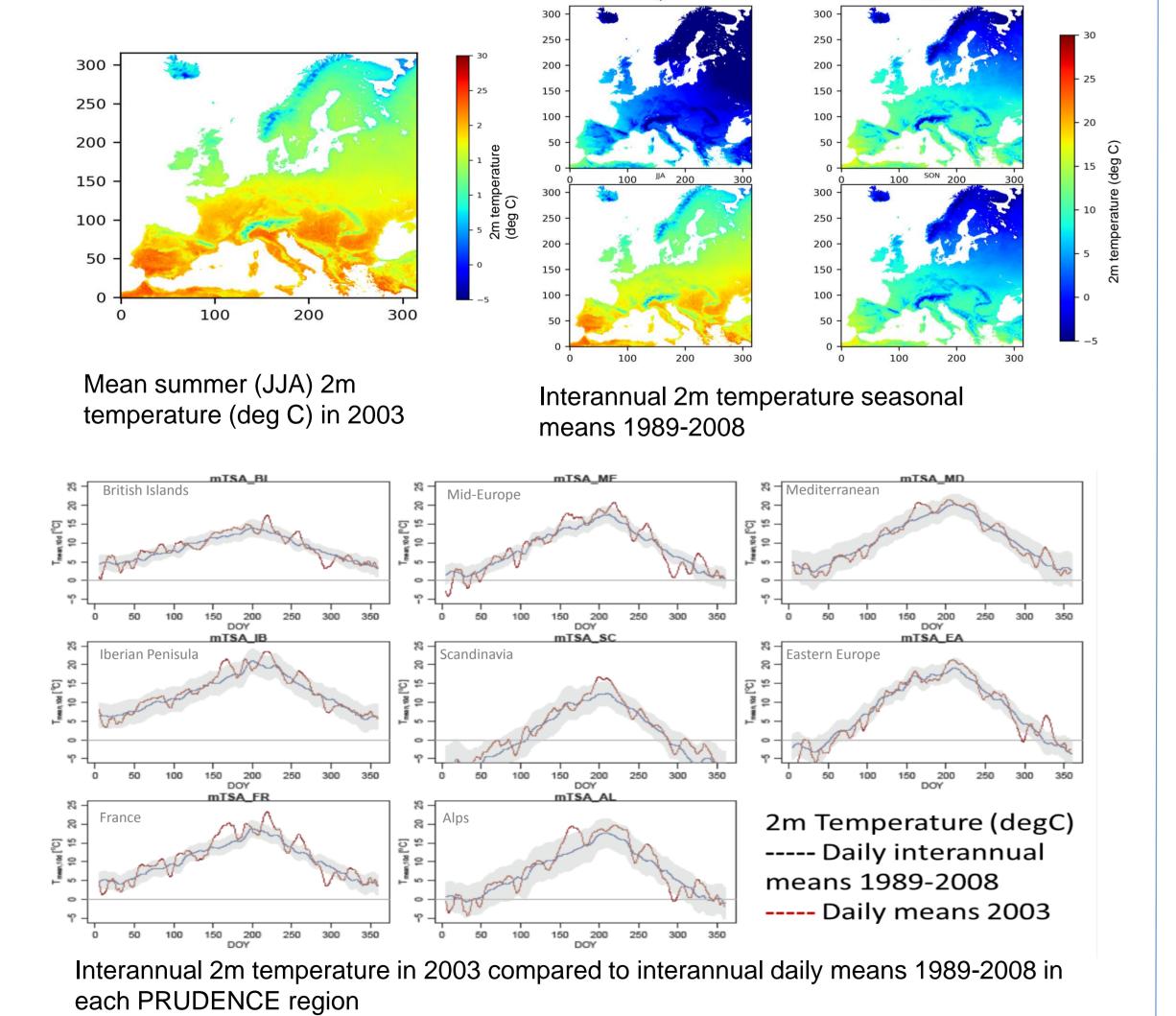




Box-whisker plots of daily maximum LE (W/m²) daily maximum T2M (°C) differences between TerrSysMP(3D) and TerrSysMP(FD) over the entire focus domain (left) and PRUDENCE region mid-Europe (right), conditioned on the water table depth in TerrSysMP(3D): WTD < 1 m (blue), 1 m < =WTD < 5 m (green), and WTD > =5 m (red)

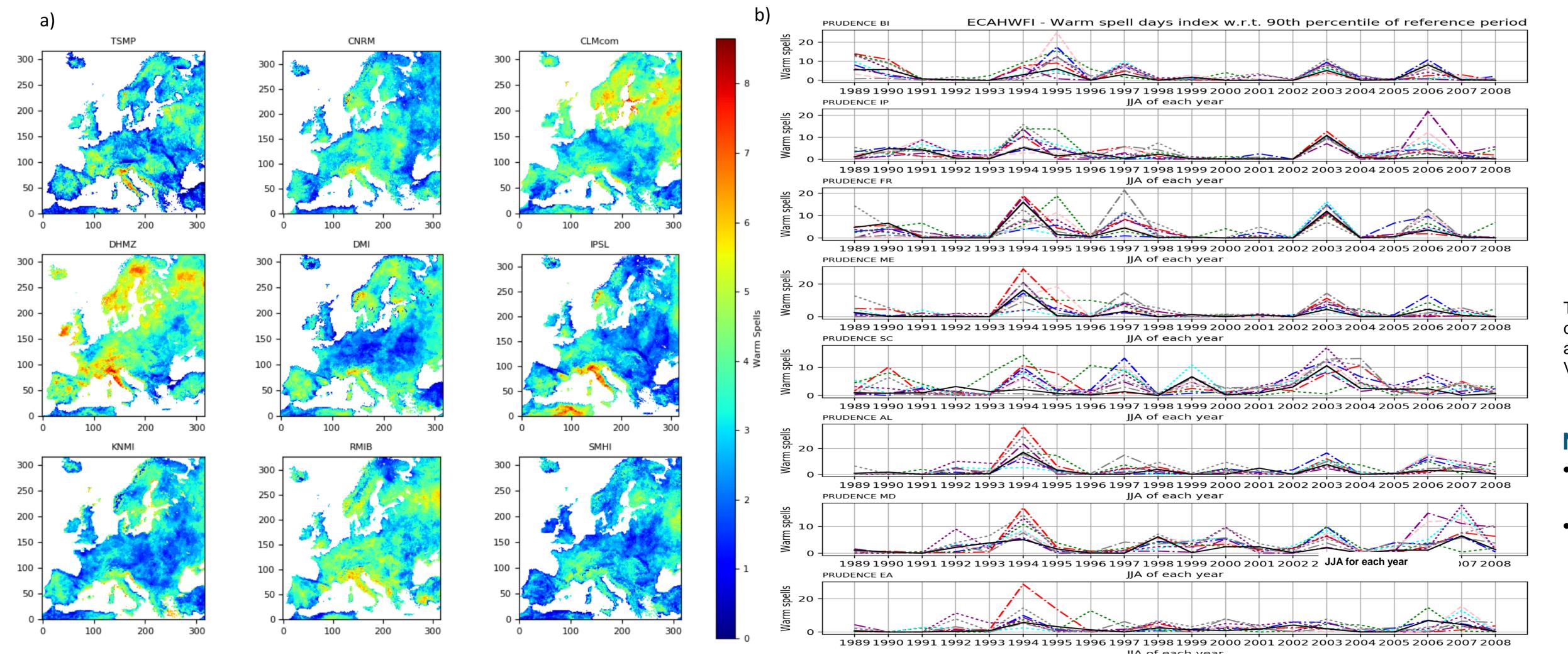
2003 heat wave

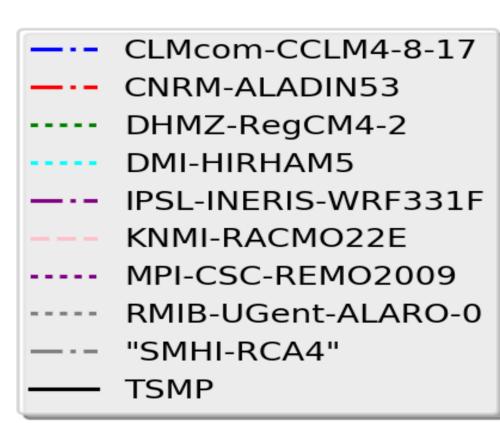
TerrSysMP simulation on 2003 compared to 1989-2008



Warm Spells (1989 - 2008)

TerrSysMP warm spells (with regard to each model 90th percentile summer (JJA) daily maximum 2m temperatures) compared to other EUR-11 regional climate models (Vautard, 2013), spatial variation in the EUR-11 domain (a) and time-series of the mean values in each PRUDENCE region (b).





TerSysMP (TSMP) is represented by the continuous black line and the other models acronyms listed in the legend are described by Vautard (2013).

Next steps

- Alternative groundwater treatment,
 3D vs free drainage
- Inclusion of human water use, towards water management application, derivation of climatology

Acknowledgements

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