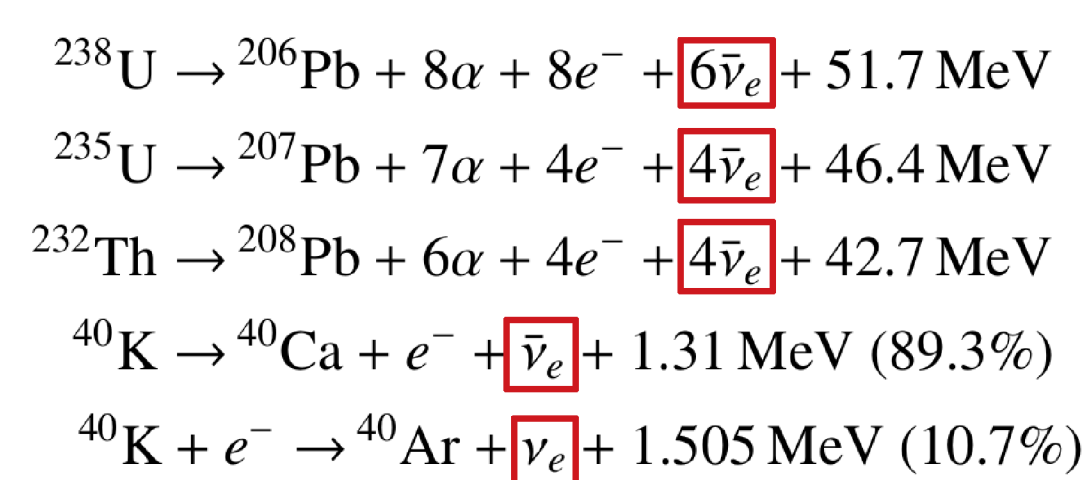
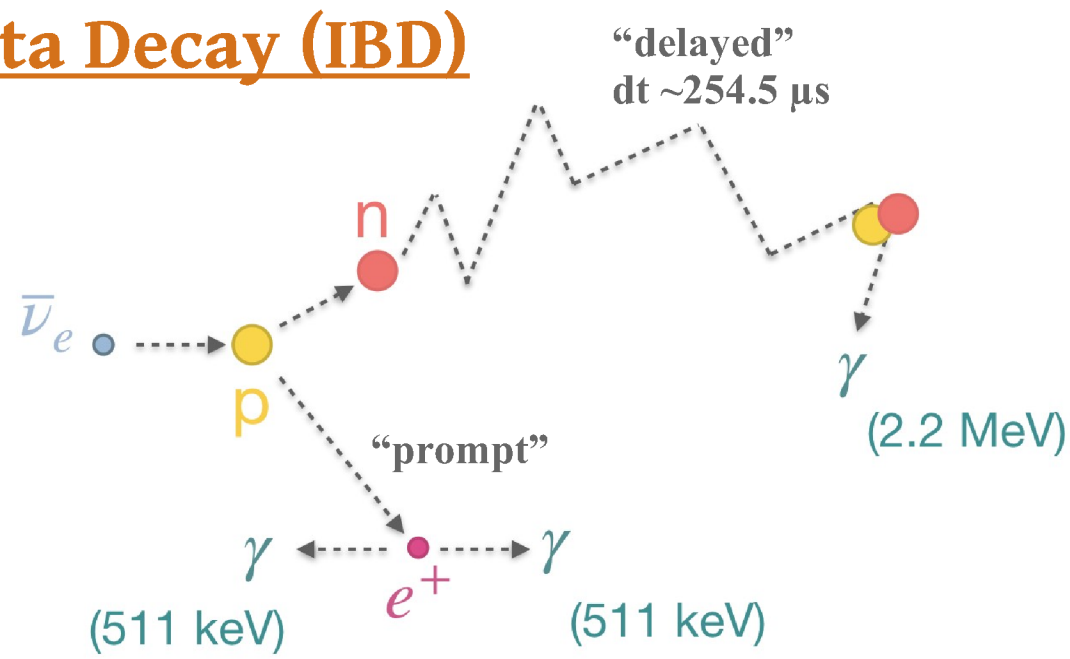


Updated statistics and improved analysis techniques lead to ~18% precision in Borexino's geoneutrino measurement

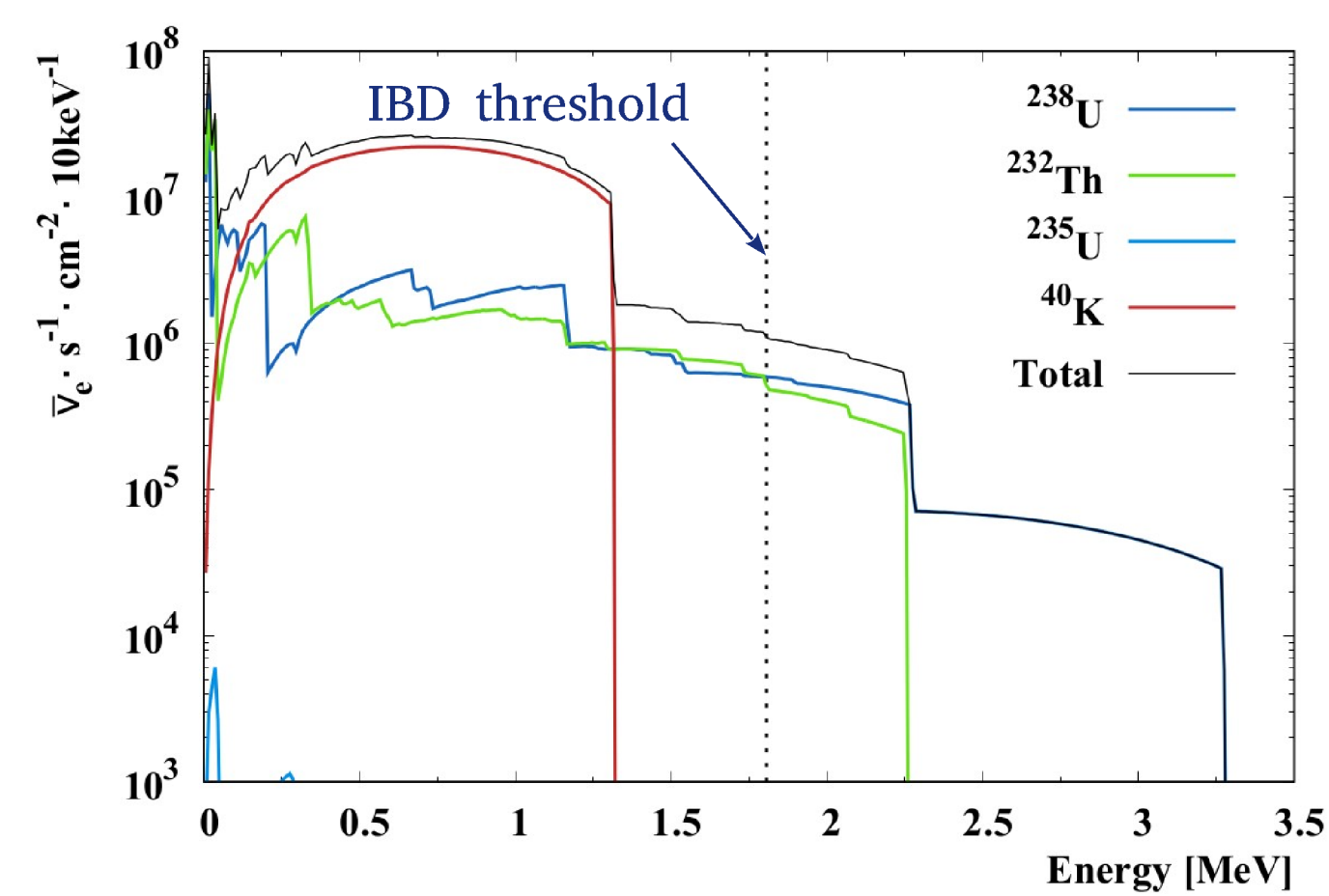
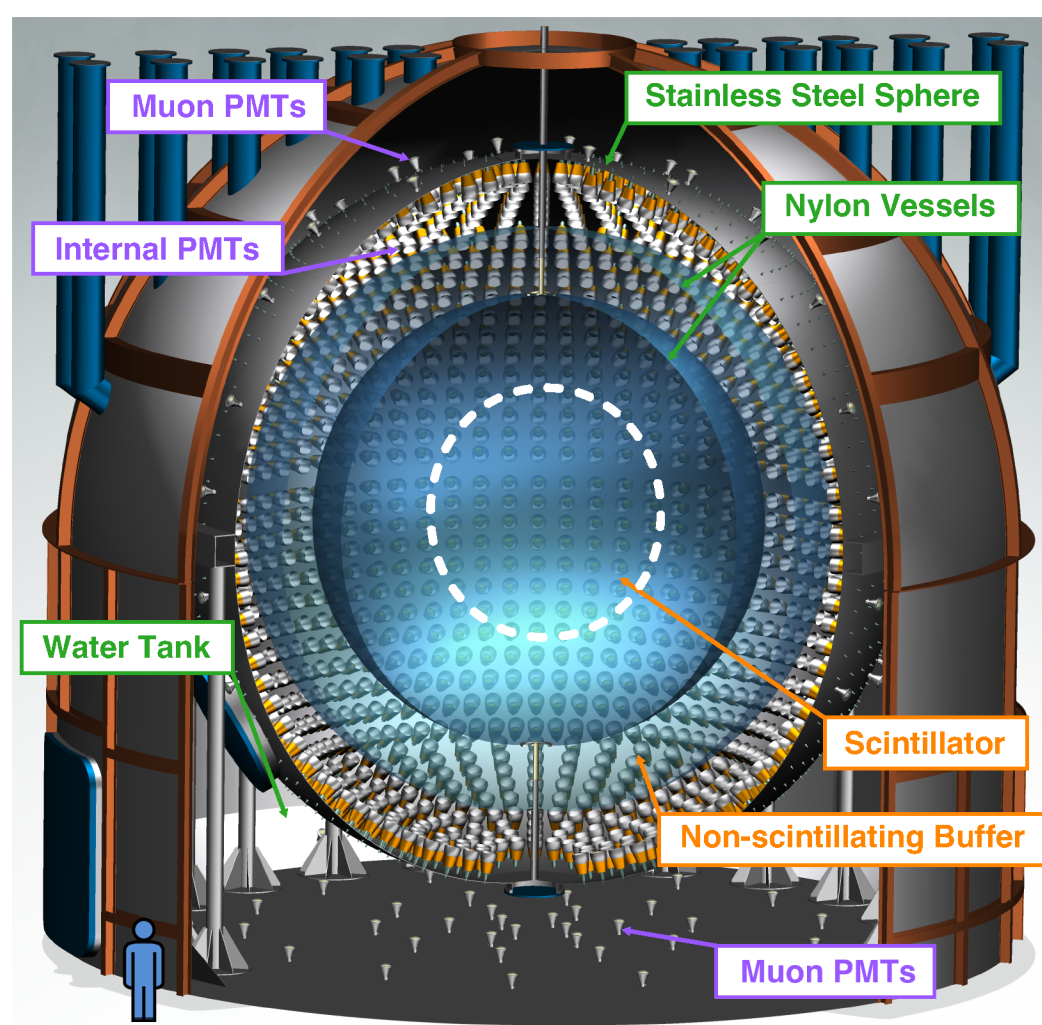
INTRODUCTION

Inverse Beta Decay (IBD)

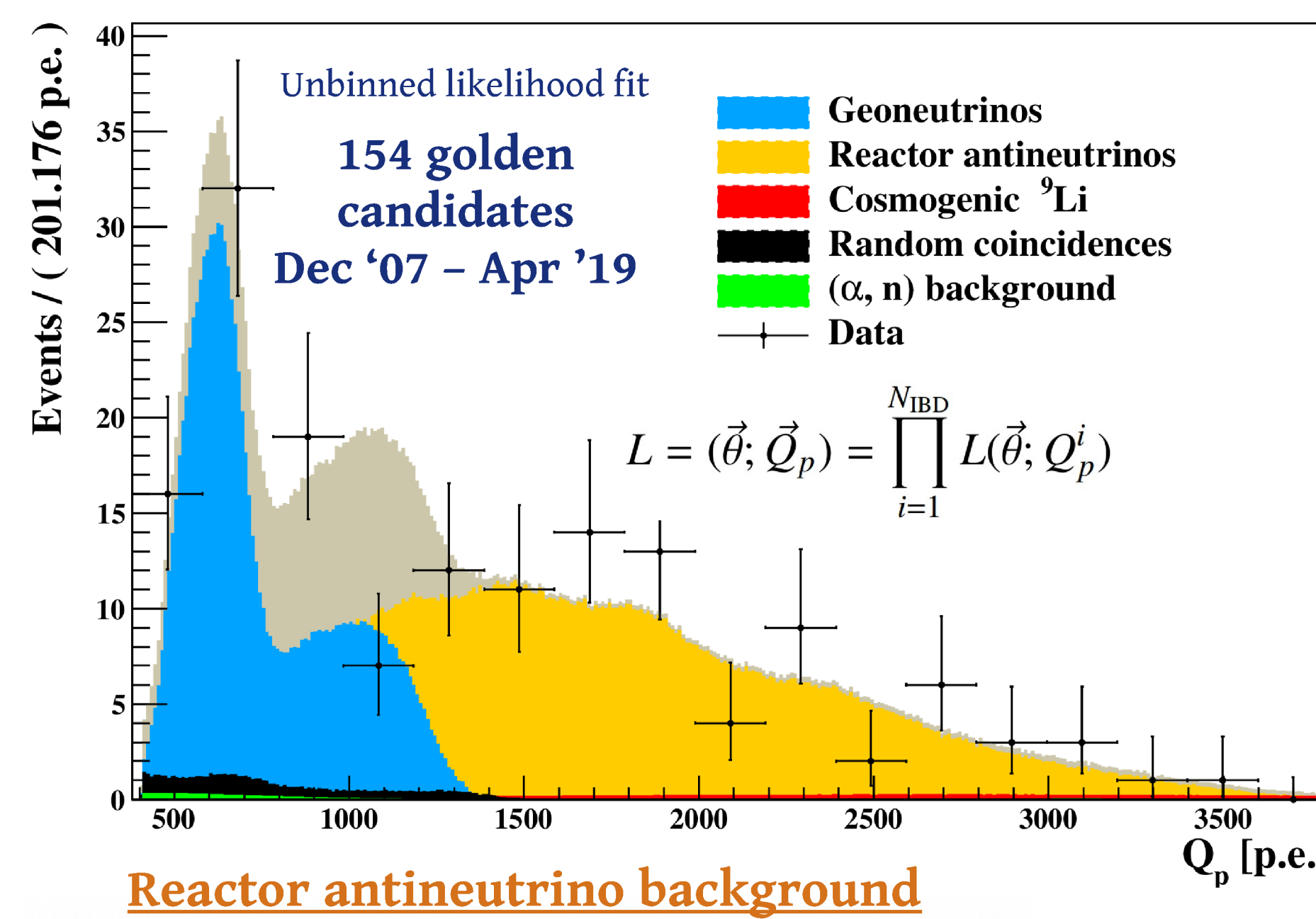


Borexino detector

3800 m water equivalent depth



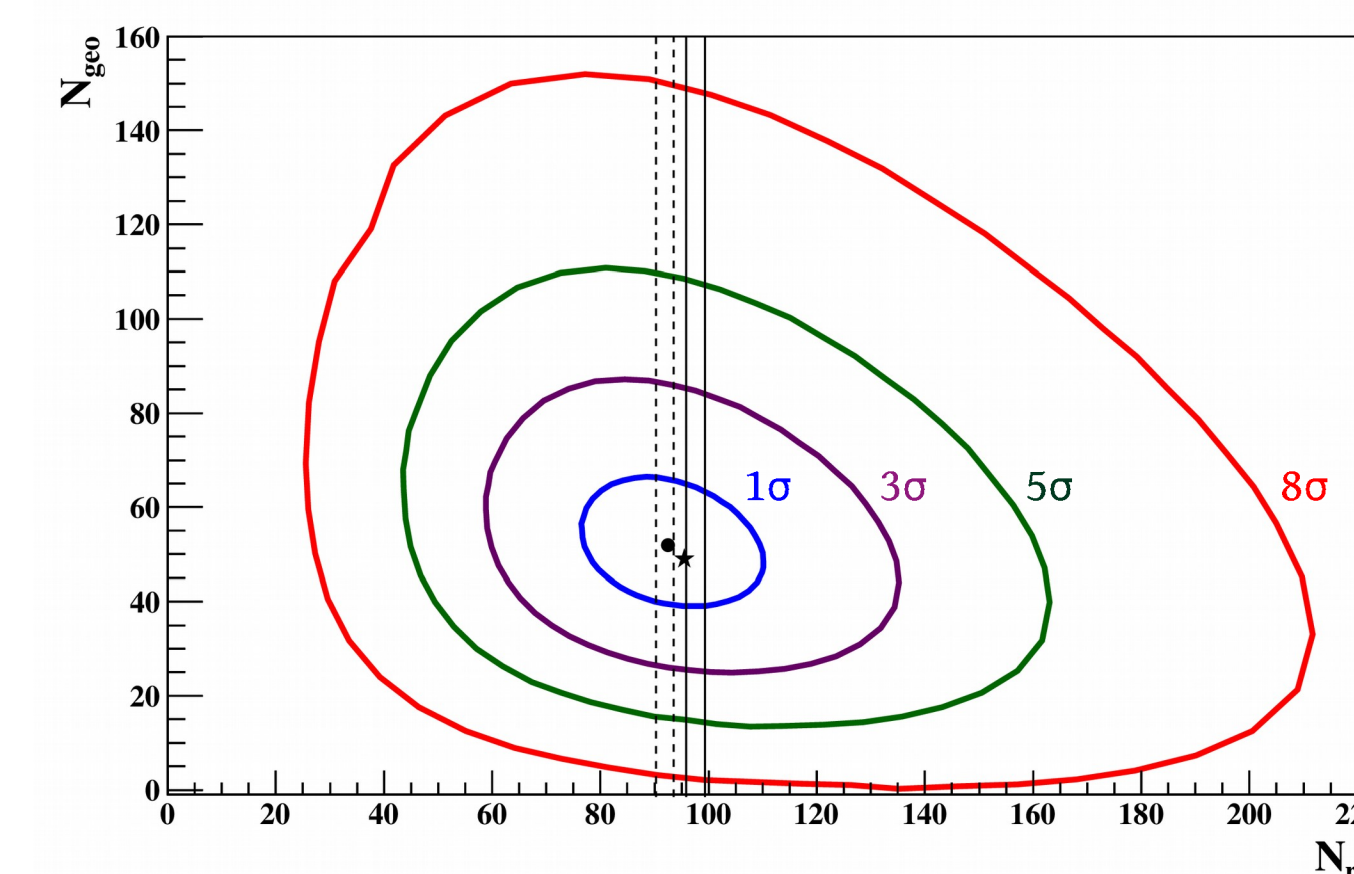
RESULTS



> 8 σ evidence of geoneutrinos

- $N_{\text{geo}} = 52.6^{+9.8}_{-8.9}$ events
 - $S_{\text{geo}} = 47.0^{+8.7}_{-7.9}$ TNU
 - Free parameters – Geoneutrinos (Th/U mass ratio = 3.9) and reactor antineutrinos
 - Stable results with and without constraining reactor antineutrinos
 - Consistent fit results when U and Th are fit as free parameters
- 1 TNU = 1 event / 10^{21} target protons (~1kton LS)/ year with 100% detection efficiency

Reactor antineutrino background



- Reactor antineutrino expectation with excess at 5 MeV
- Reactor antineutrino expectation without excess at 5 MeV
- Measured reactor antineutrinos – Th/U ratio fixed
- Measured reactor antineutrinos – Th & U as free parameters

Other backgrounds

Background type	No. of events
^6Li background	3.6 ± 1.0
Untagged muons	0.023 ± 0.007
Fast n's (from rock)	<0.013
Fast n's (from WT)	<1.43
Accidental coincidences	3.846 ± 0.01
(α , n) in scintillator	0.81 ± 0.13
(α , n) in buffer	<2.6
(γ , n)	<0.34
Fission in PMTs	<0.057
^{214}Bi , ^{214}Po	0.003 ± 0.001
TOTAL	8.28 ± 1.01

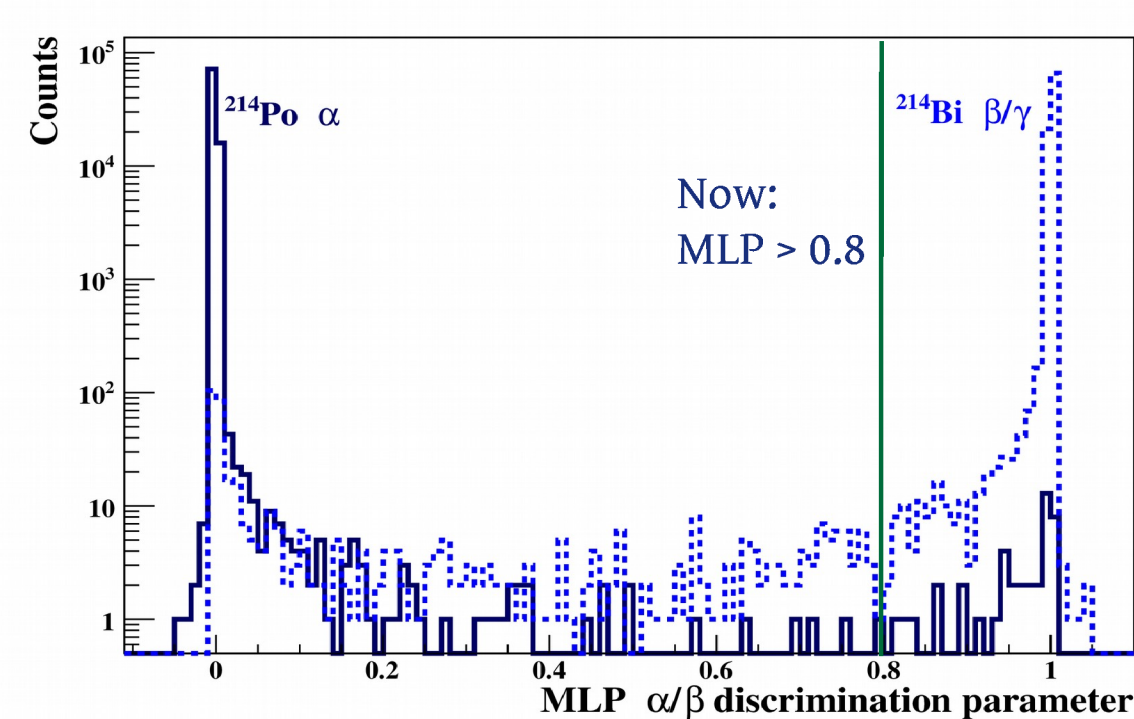
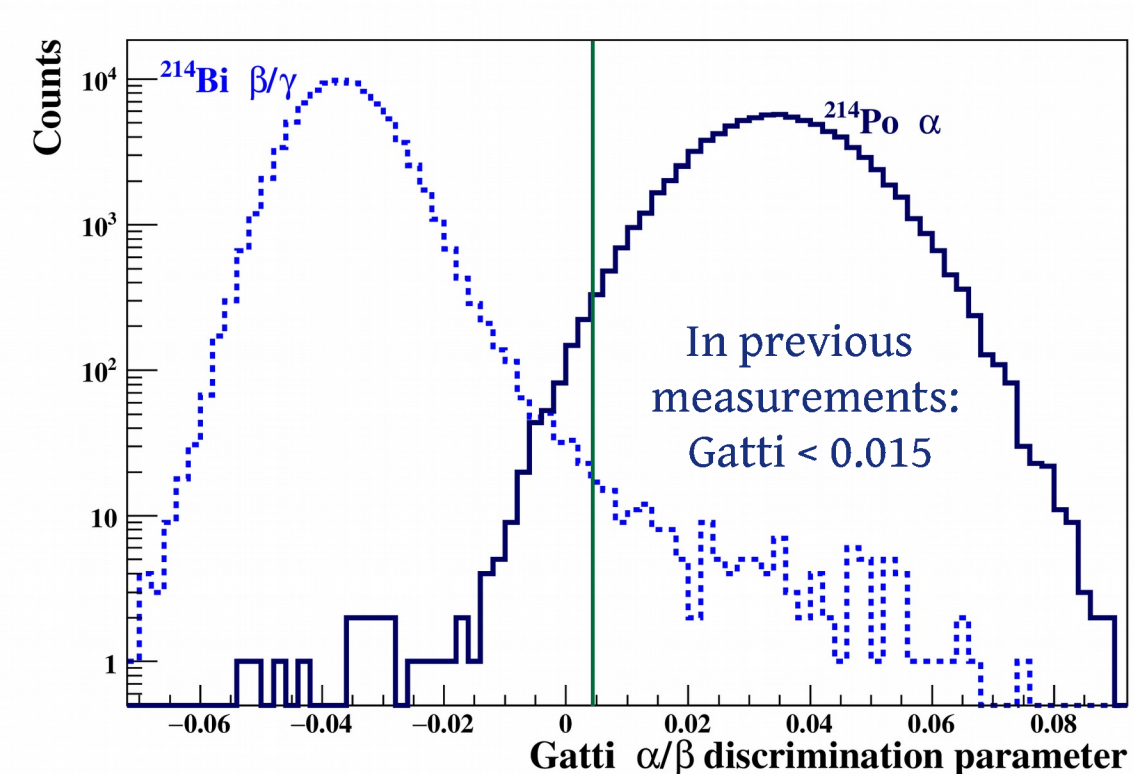
ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

Selection cuts

- Charge of prompt**
408 p.e. (2 x 511 keV γ s)
- Charge of delayed** **Enlarged!**
n-capture on $^1\text{H} \rightarrow 700 - 1300$ p.e.
n-capture on $^{12}\text{C} \rightarrow 1300 - 3000$ p.e. **New!**
- dt**: 5 times n-capture time
2 - 12.5 μ s (double cluster events) **New!**
20 - 1280 μ s (single cluster events)
- dR**: < 1.3 m between prompt and delayed **Enlarged!**

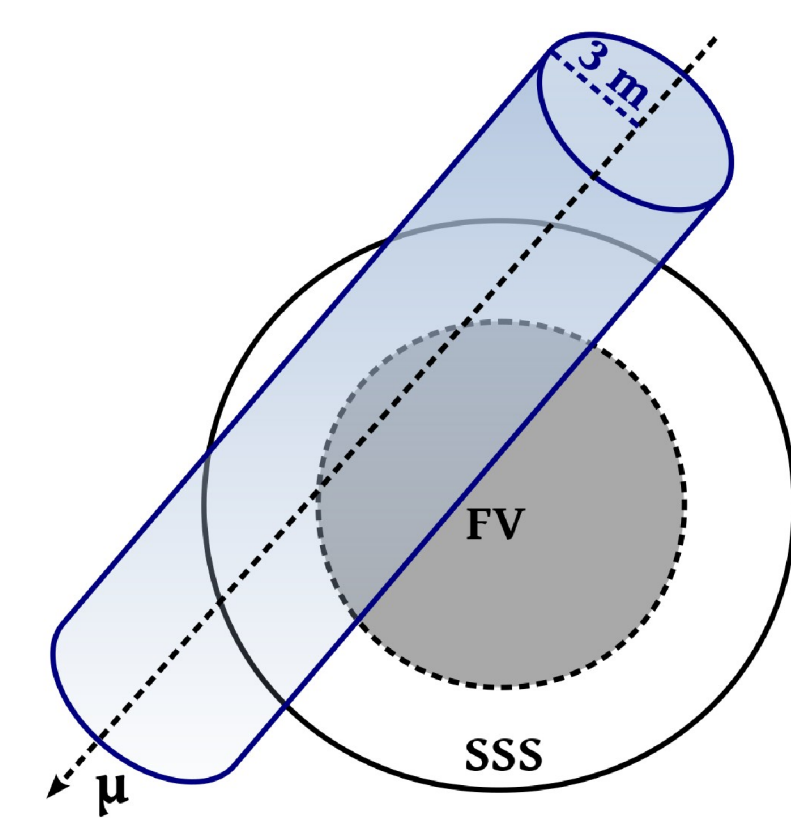
- Cosmogenic vetoes** **Improved!**
2 s, 1.6 s and 2 ms after internal muons
2 ms after external muons
3 m cylindrical veto for one category of internal muons **Enlarged!**
- Dynamic Fiducial Volume (DFV) cut** **Enlarged!**
distance of prompt to inner vessel > 10 cm
- Pulse shape discrimination** **Better!**
Multi-Layer Perceptron (MLP) > 0.8
deep learning technique to reject α -like delayed
- Multiplicity cut**
to reject neutrons 2 ms before or after prompt or 2 ms after delayed

Better pulse shape discrimination



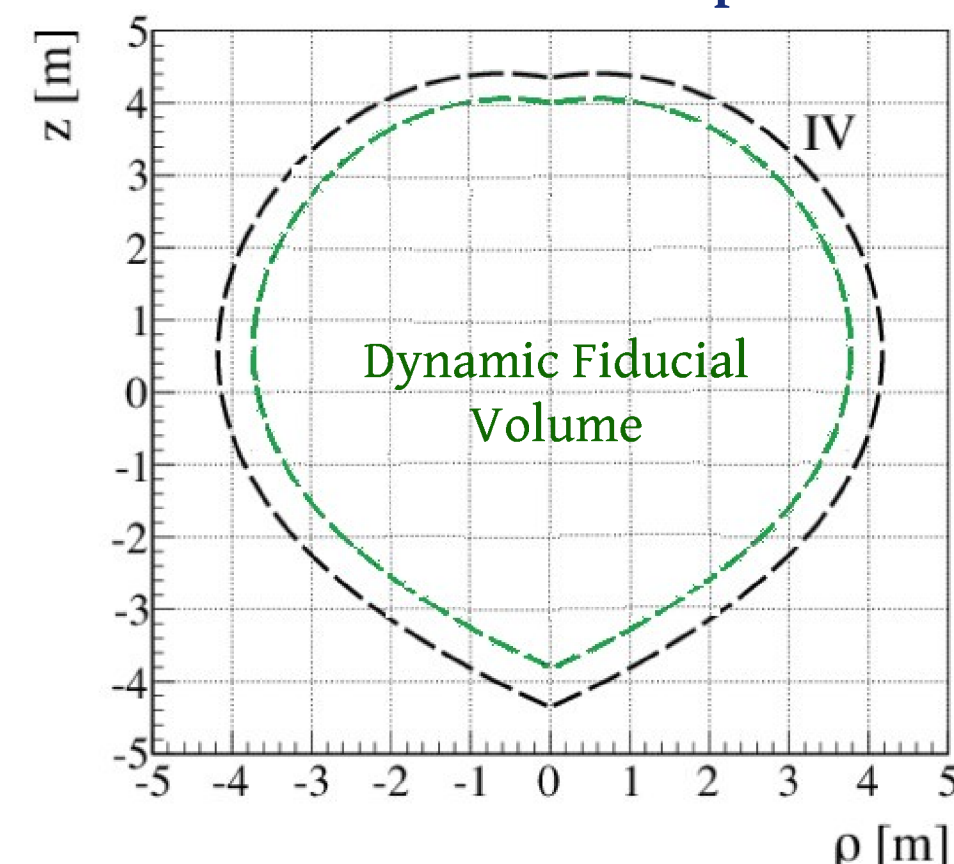
Improved cosmogenic vetoes

In previous measurements \rightarrow 10-11% exposure loss
Now \rightarrow 2.2% exposure loss



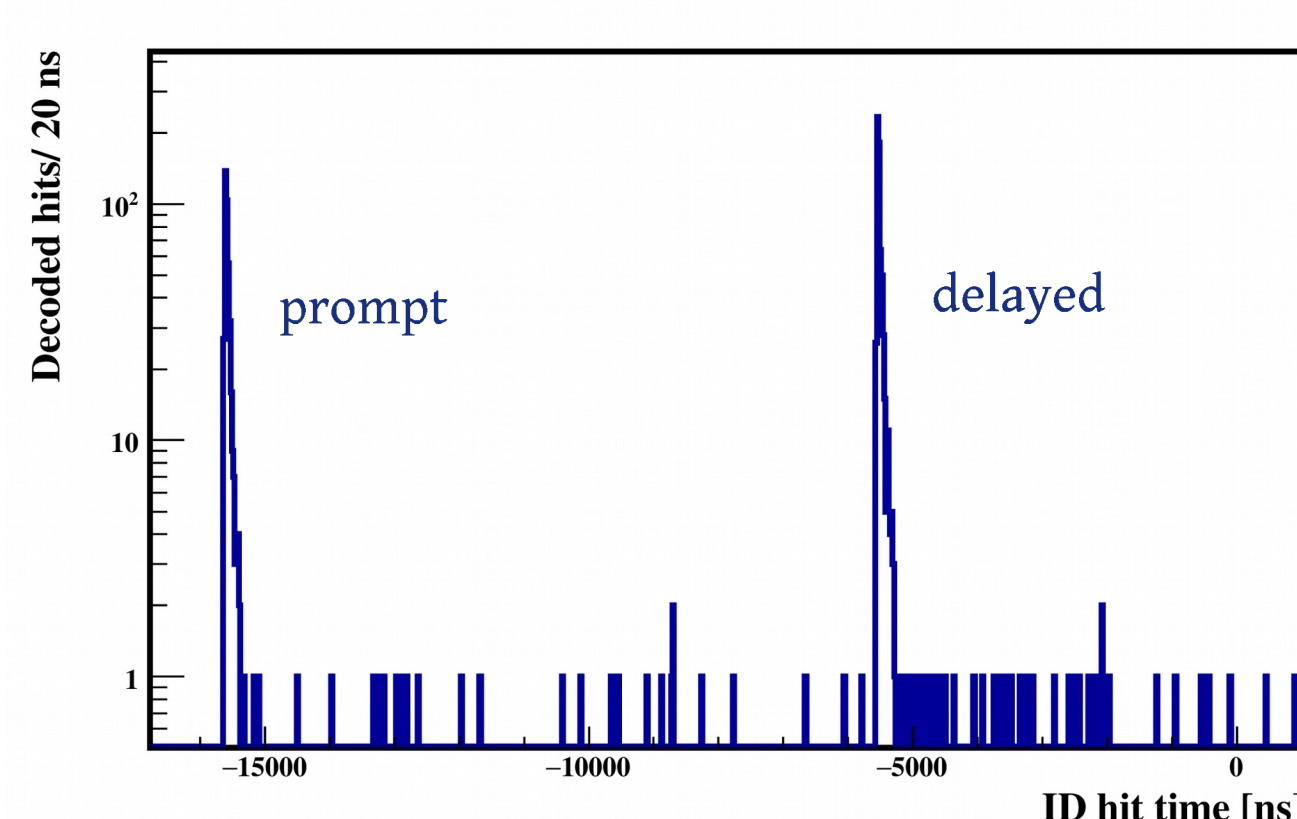
Dynamic Fiducial Volume (DFV) cut

30 cm \rightarrow 10 cm
15.8% increase in exposure



Inclusion of double cluster events

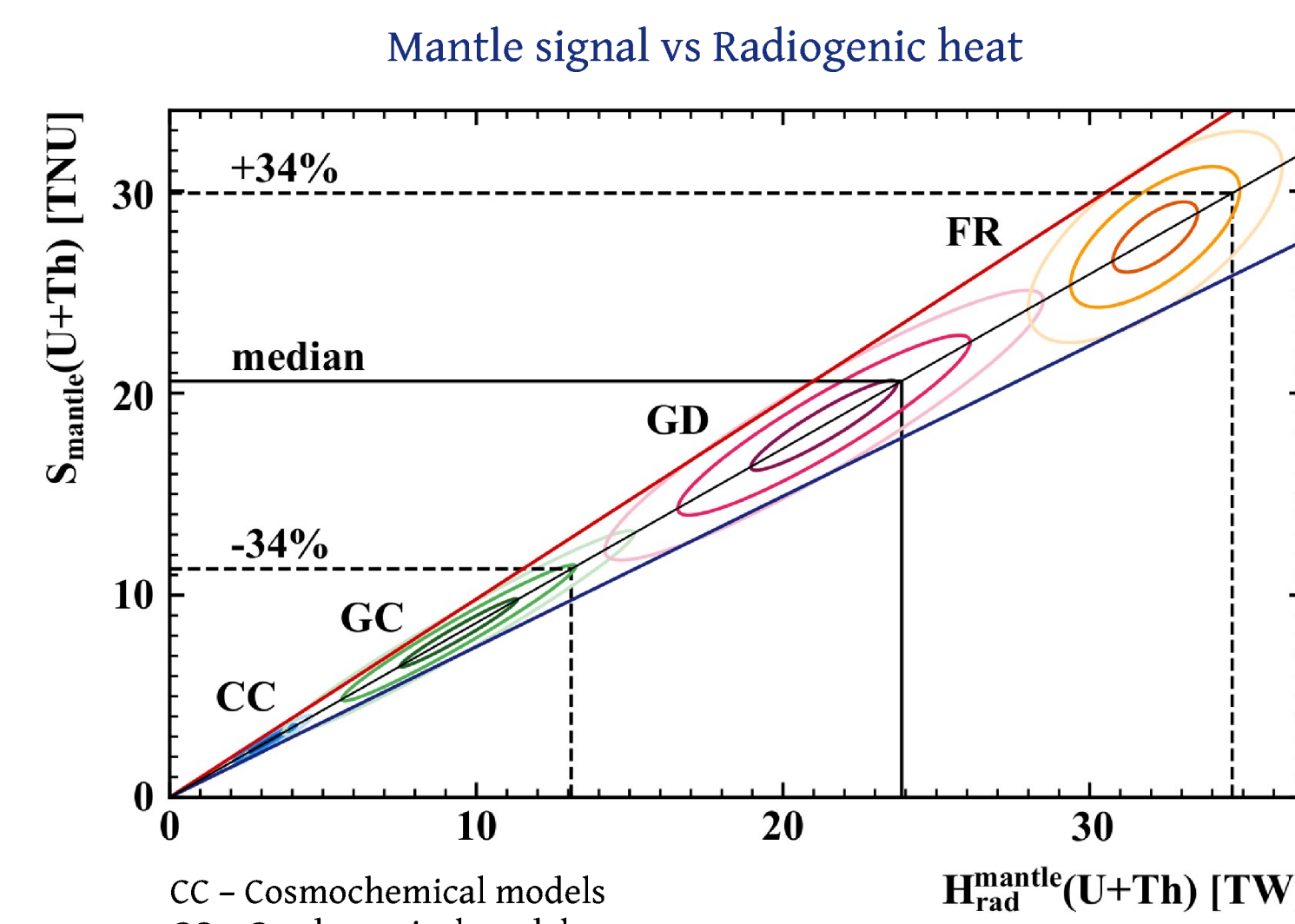
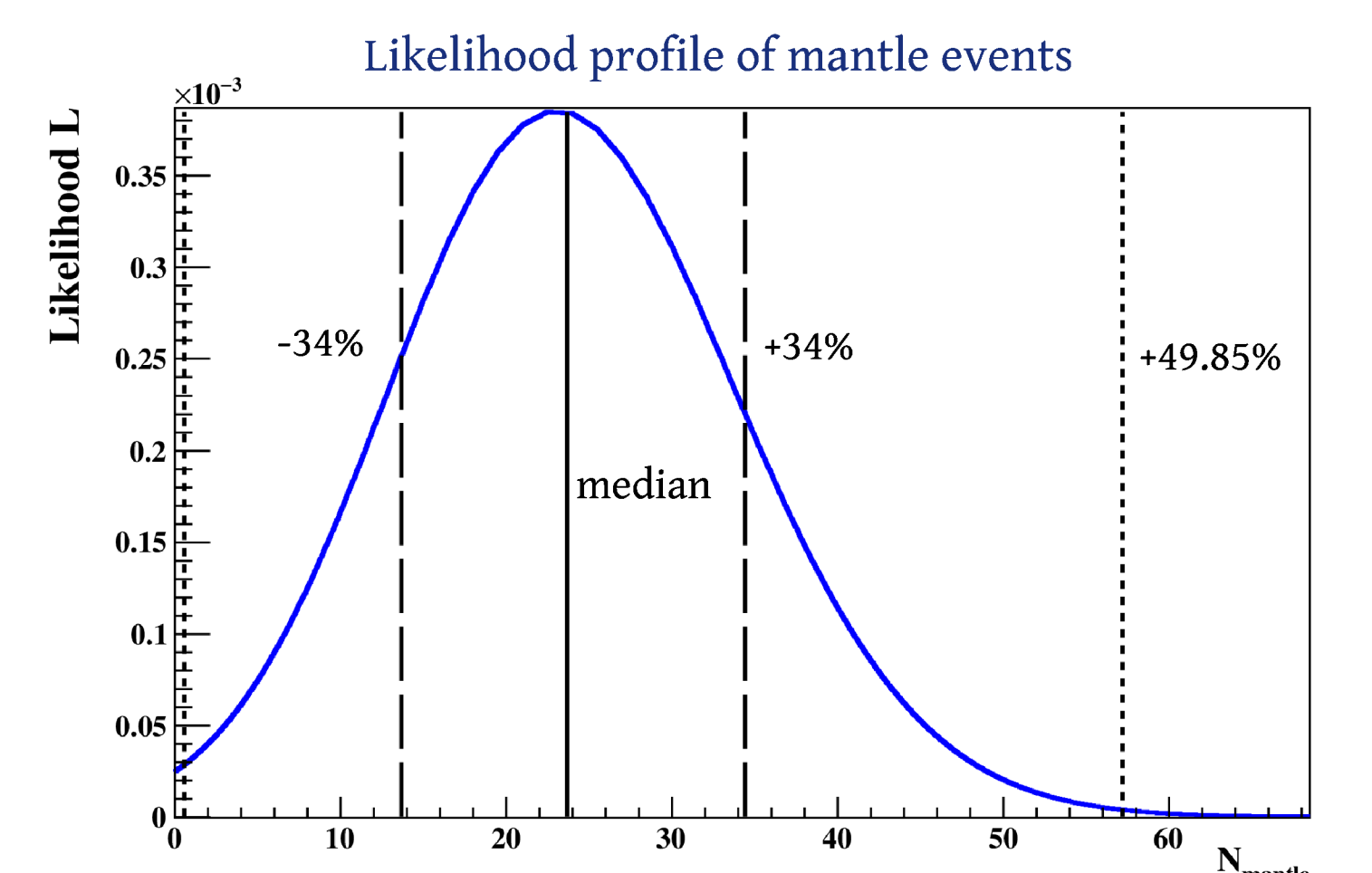
3.8% increase in efficiency



GEOLOGICAL INTERPRETATIONS

99% C.L. exclusion of the null-hypothesis of the mantle signal

- Relatively well-known lithosphere constrained to 28.8 ± 5.6 events using knowledge of the local crust
- Th/U mass ratio (lithosphere) = 3.5
- Th/U mass ratio (mantle) = 3.7
- $S_{\text{mantle}} = 21.2^{+9.7}_{-9.0}$ TNU



2.4 σ tension with Earth models that predict lowest amount of heat-producing elements inside mantle

- Radiogenic heat:**
 $H(U+Th+K) = 38.2^{+13.6}_{-12.2}$ TW
(Lithospheric contribution + measured mantle heat + expected 18% from ^{40}K in mantle)
- Convective Urey Ratio:**
 $UR_{\text{cv}} = \frac{H_{\text{rad}} - H_{\text{rad}}^{\text{CC}}}{H_{\text{tot}} - H_{\text{rad}}^{\text{CC}}} = 0.78^{+0.41}_{-0.28}$

Upper limits on hypothetical georeactor (95% C.L.)

- Three different locations:
< 0.5 TW – Core-mantle boundary (d = 2900 km) – GR1
< 2.4 TW – Core (d = R_{Earth}) – GR2
< 5.7 TW – Core-mantle boundary (d = 9842 km) – GR3
- Georeactor fuel \rightarrow ^{235}U & ^{238}U
- Spectra similar to reactor antineutrinos which are constrained to the expected 97.6 ± 5.5 events

