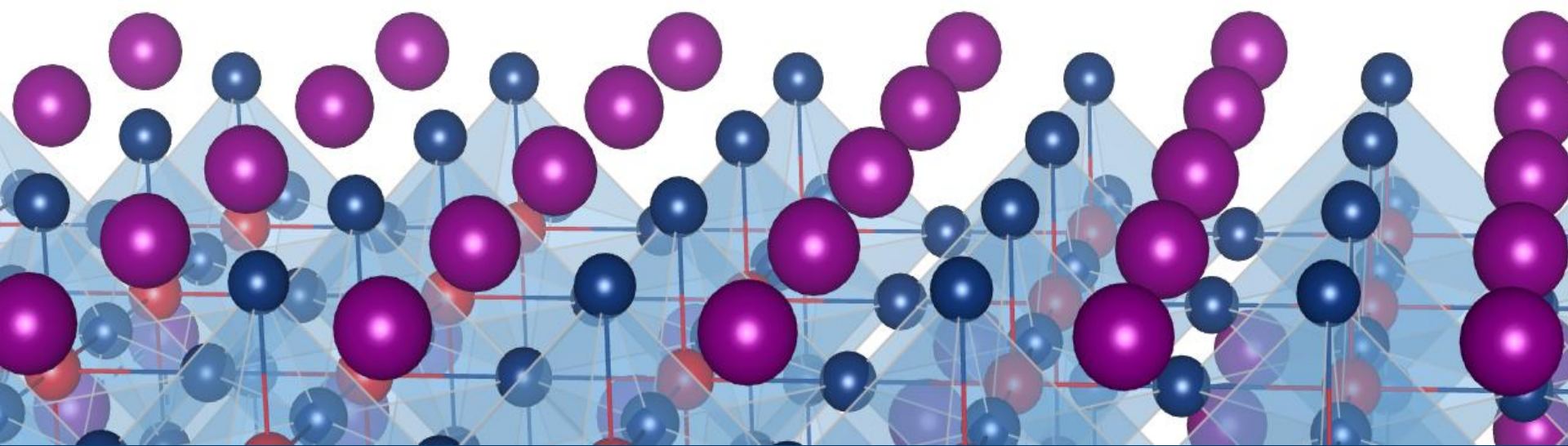




IMPACT OF DEFECTS ON HALIDE PEROVSKITE SOLAR CELLS

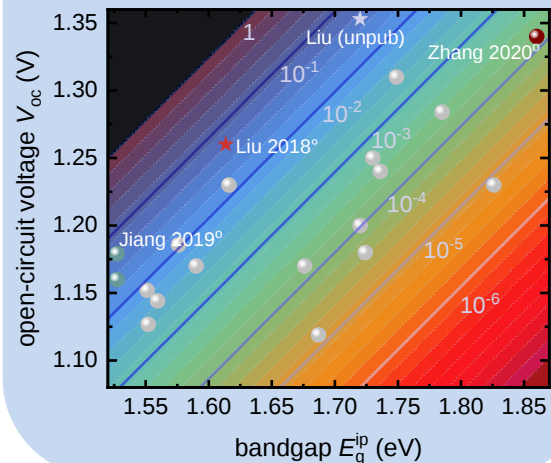
Thomas Kirchartz^{1,2}

¹IEK-5 Photovoltaik, Forschungszentrum Jülich,

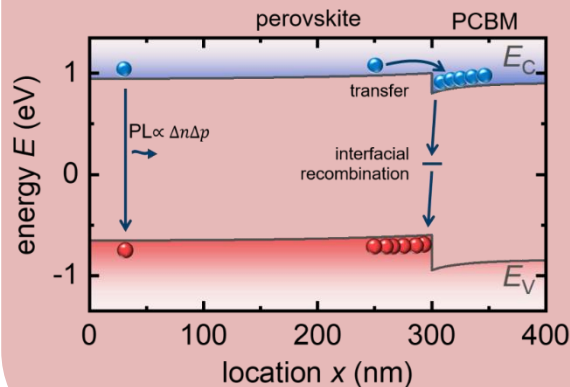
²NST and CENIDE, Universität Duisburg-Essen

Questions regarding defects in MHPs

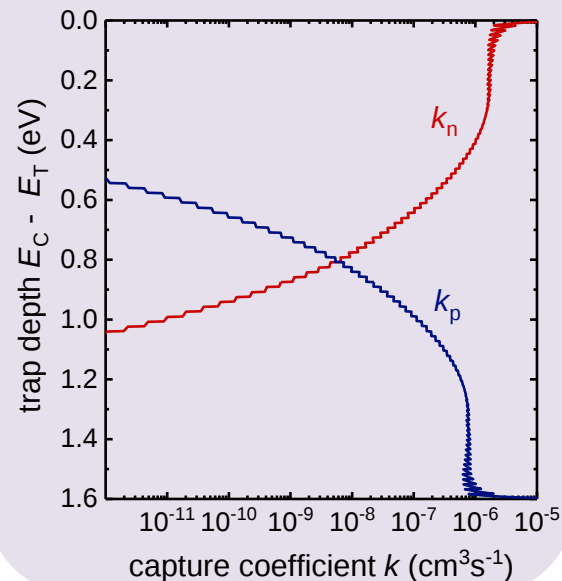
Do defects matter for high η perovskite solar cells?



Where are they in space?

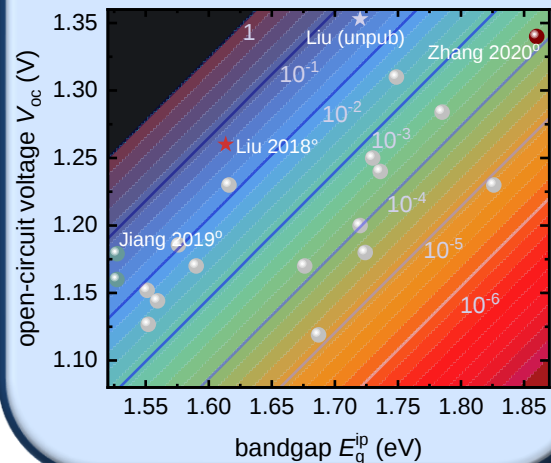


Where are they in energy?

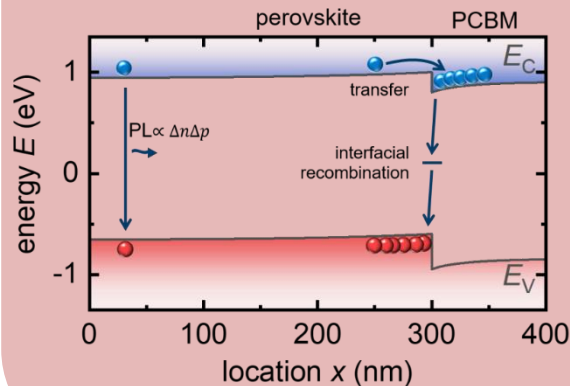


Questions regarding defects in MHPs

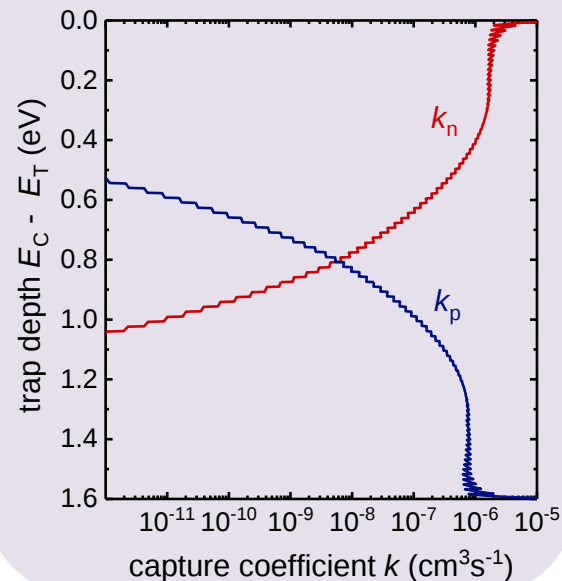
Do defects matter for high η perovskite solar cells?



Where are they in space?

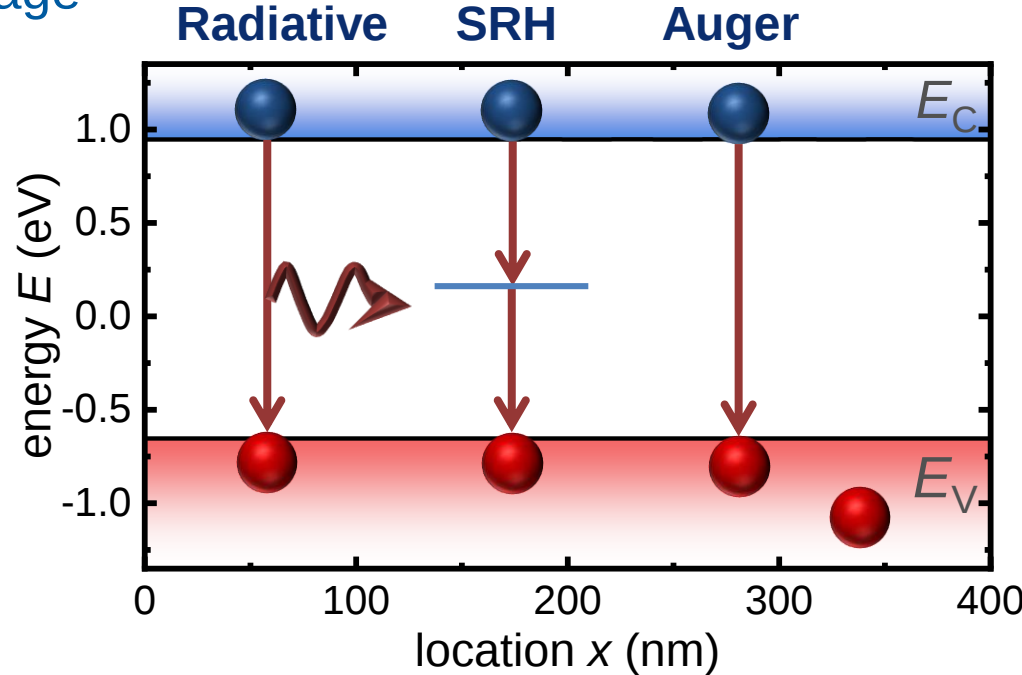
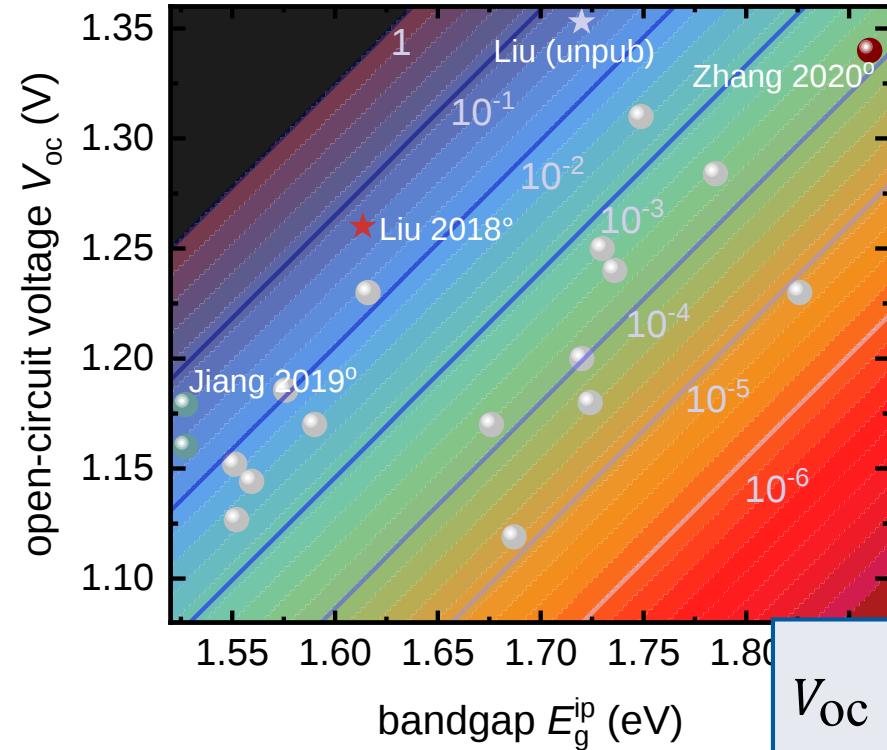


Where are they in energy?



Defect assisted recombination

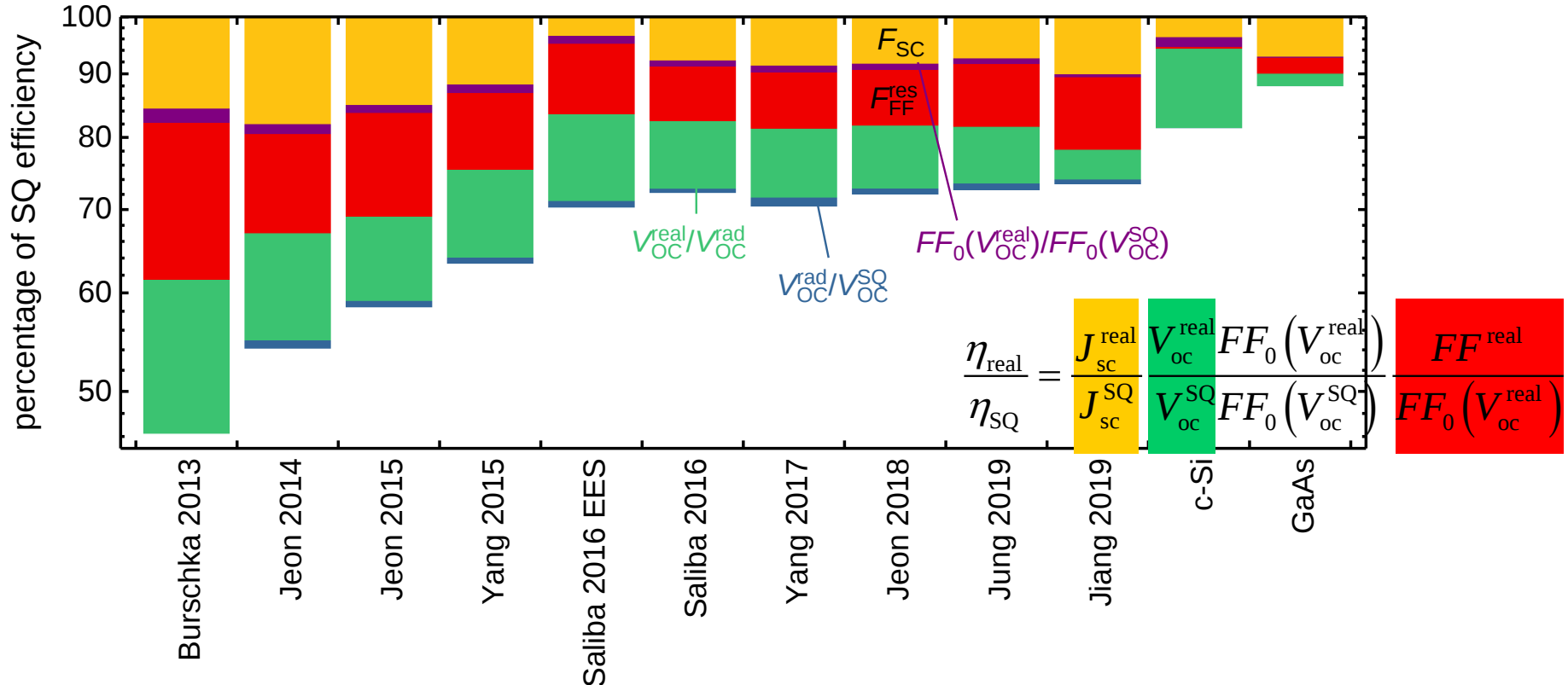
Luminescence vs. open-circuit voltage



$$V_{oc} = V_{oc}^{rad} + \frac{kT}{q} \ln(Q_e^{lum})$$

Do defects matter?

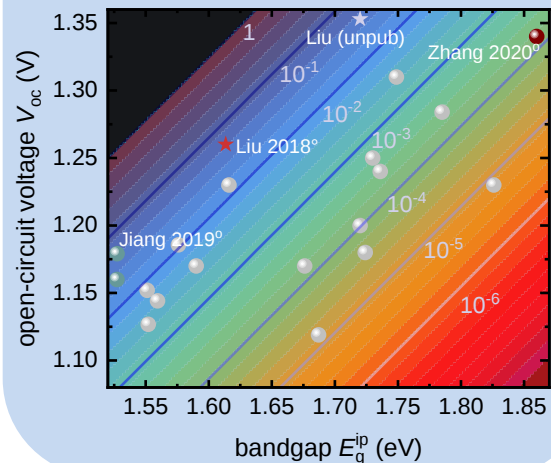
Losses in lead-halide perovskite solar cells over the years



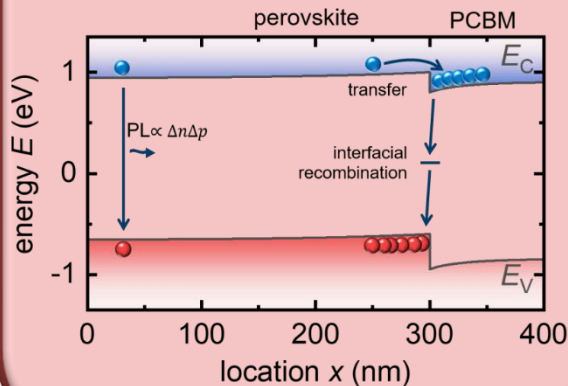
Questions regarding defects in MHPs

Do defects matter for high η perovskite solar cells?

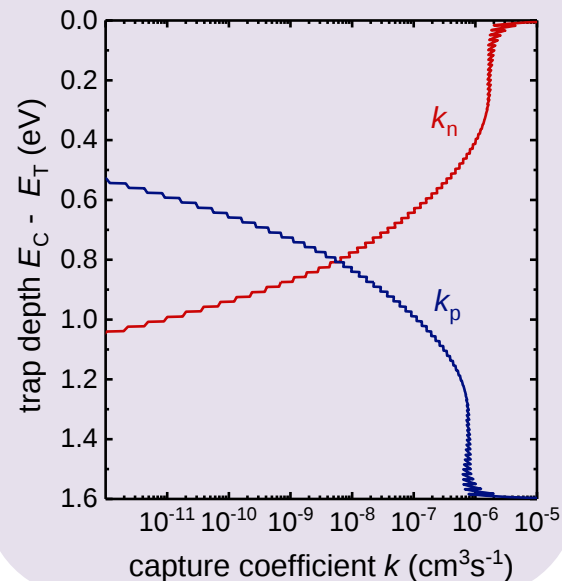
yes



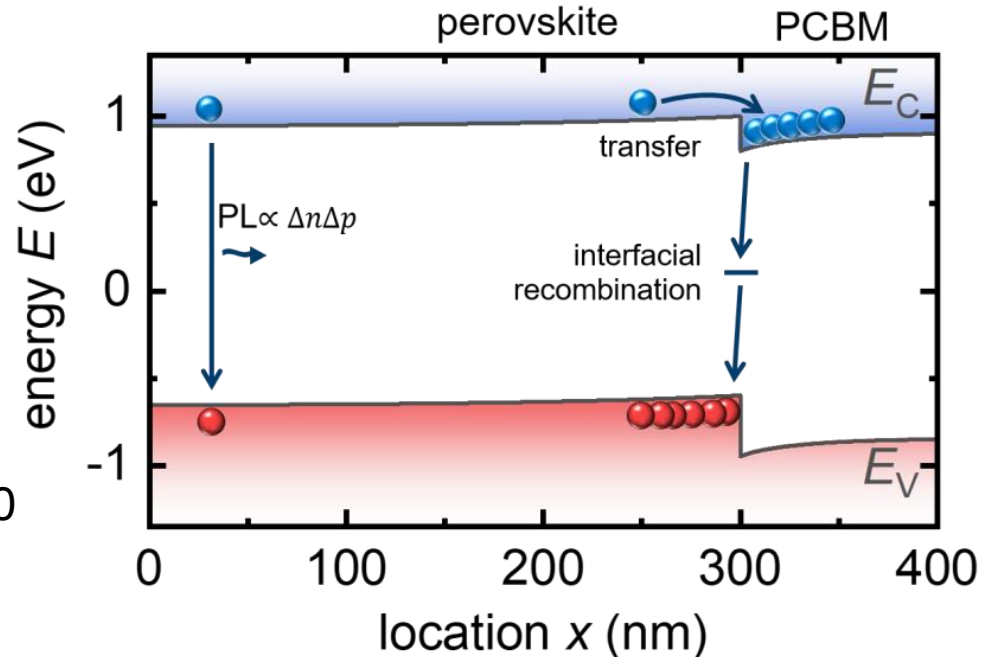
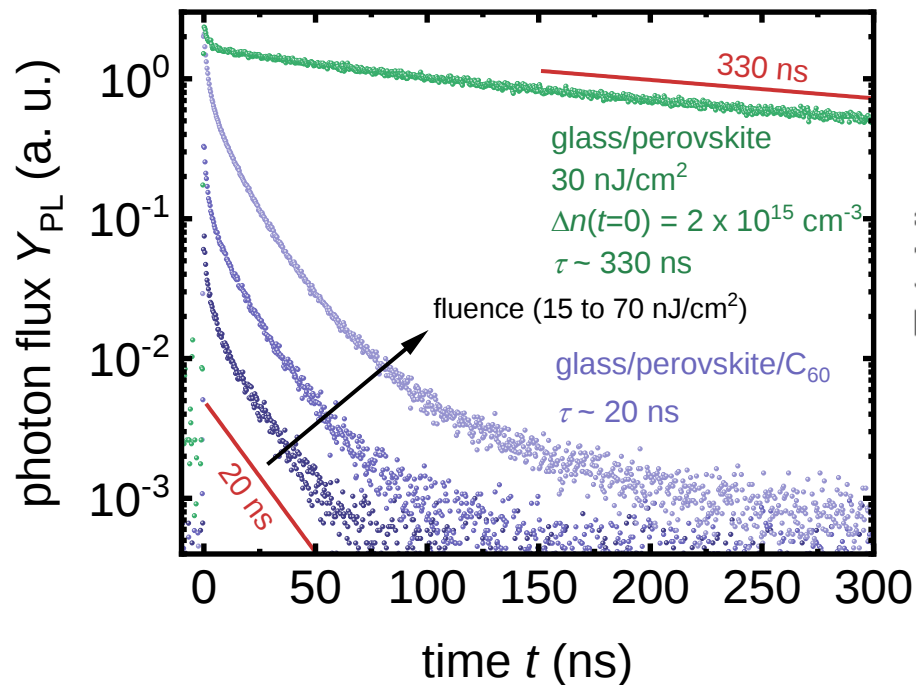
Where are they in space?



Where are they in energy?



Interface recombination

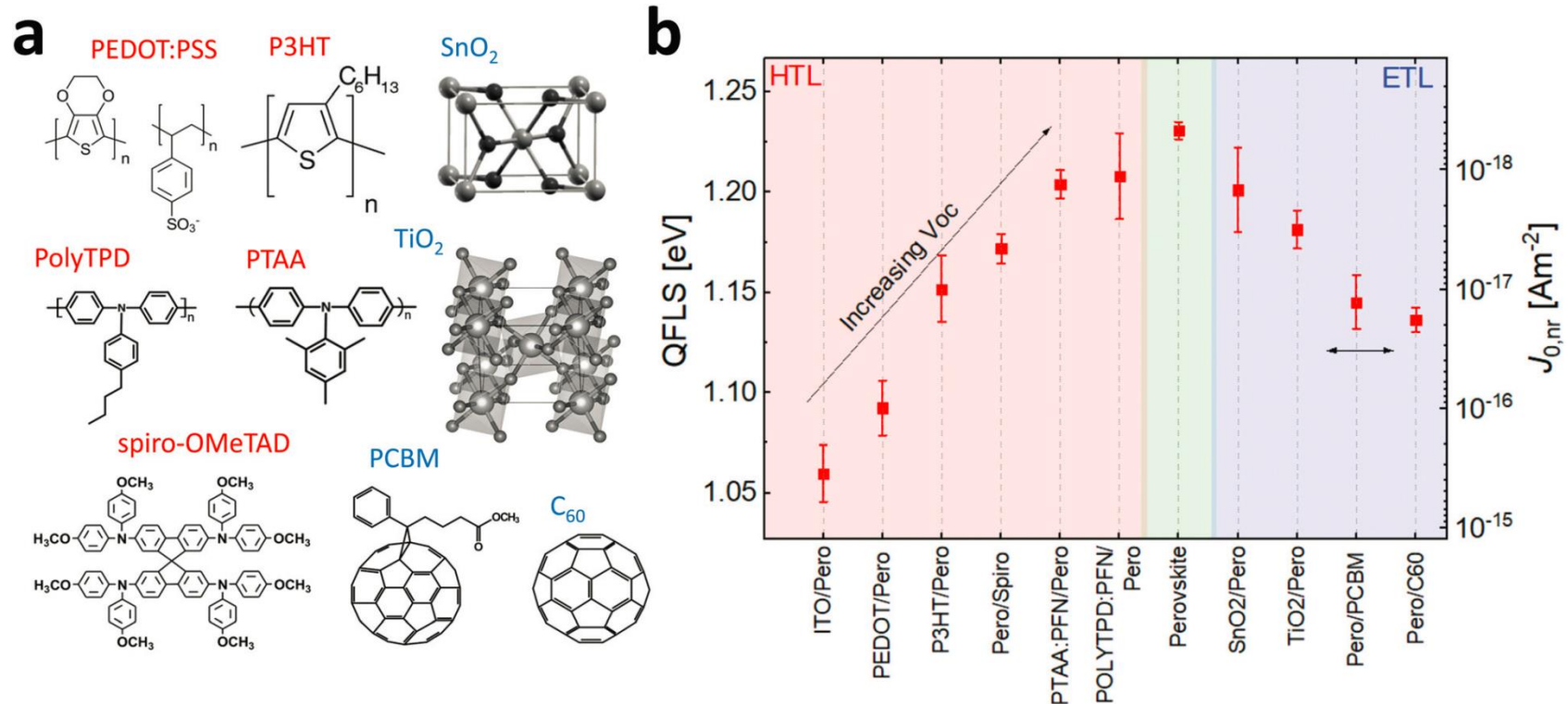


Stolterfoht et al. Nature Energy (2018)

Kirchartz et al. Adv. Energy Mater. (2020), accepted

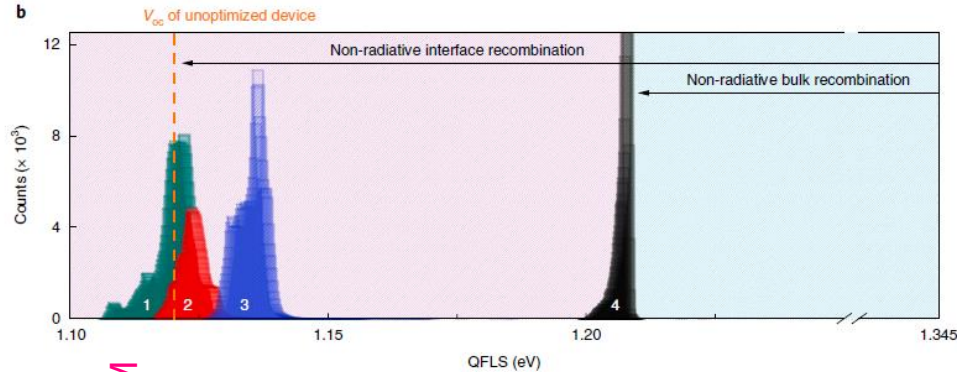
Screening of contact layers for high V_{oc}

Triple cation recipe from Potsdam University



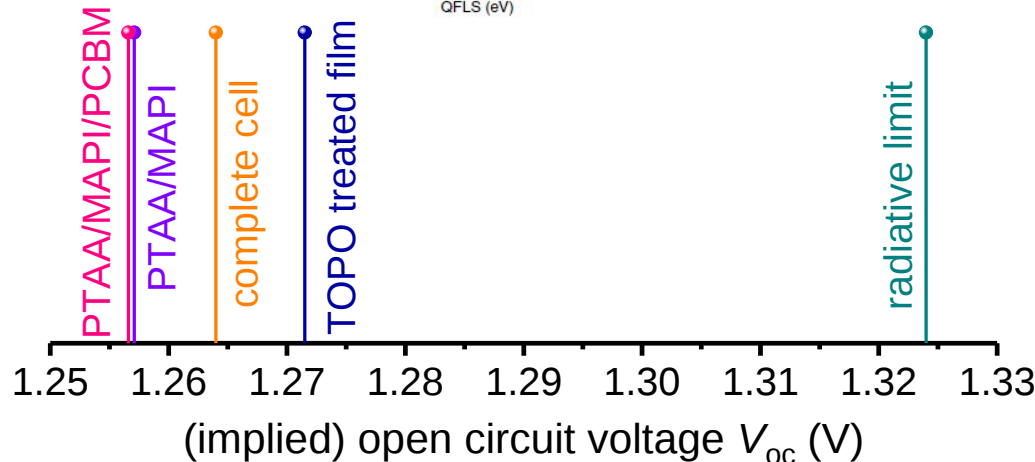
Steady-State PL

Measuring indirectly the quasi-Fermi-level splitting



$$kT \ln(10) \approx 60 \text{ meV}$$

Stolterfoht et al. Nature Energy (2018)



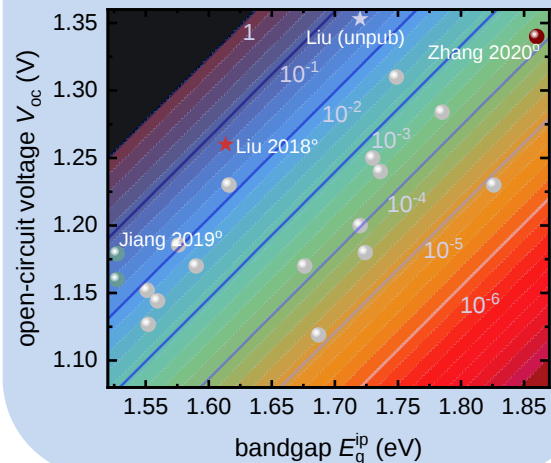
$$qV_{oc}^{\text{rad}} - qV_{oc} = -kT \ln(Q_e^{\text{lum}}) > 0$$

Liu et al., ACS Energy Lett. **4**, 110 (2019)

Questions regarding defects in MHPs

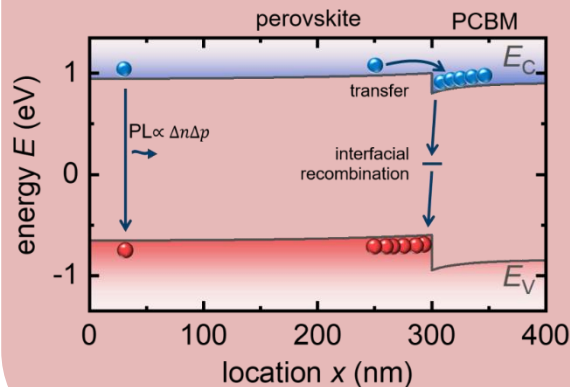
Do defects matter for high η perovskite solar cells?

yes

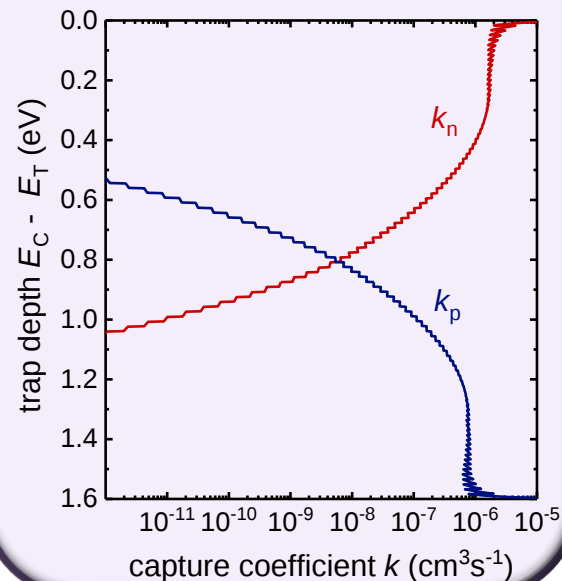


Where are they in space?

Interfaces
bulk

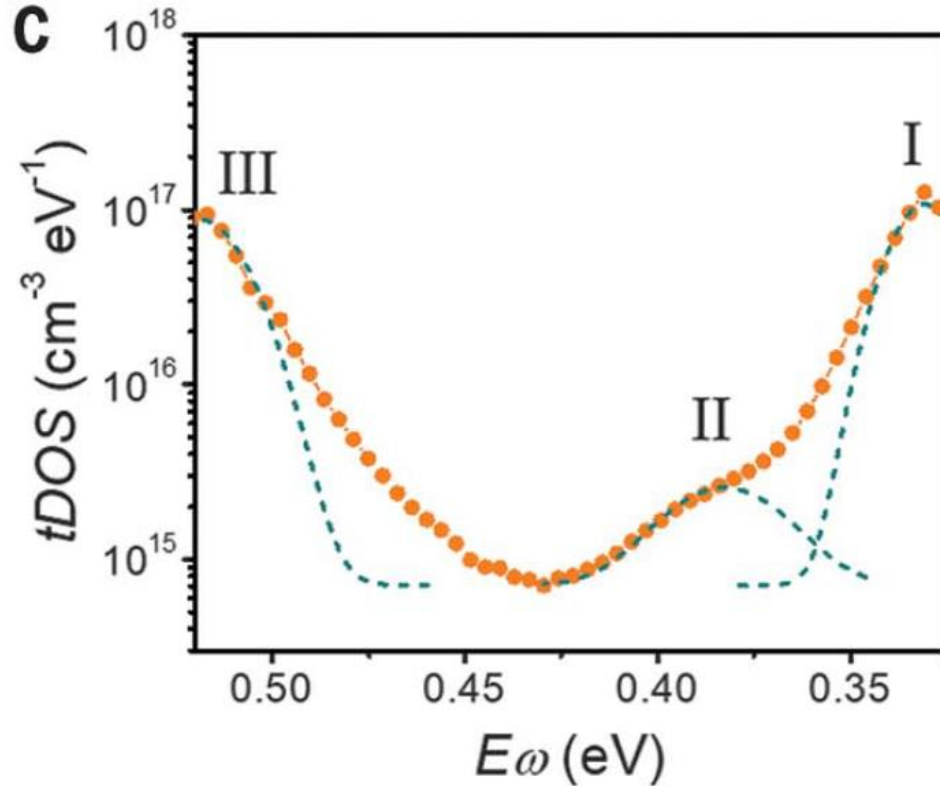


Where are they in energy?





Positions of defects in MAPI - Experiment



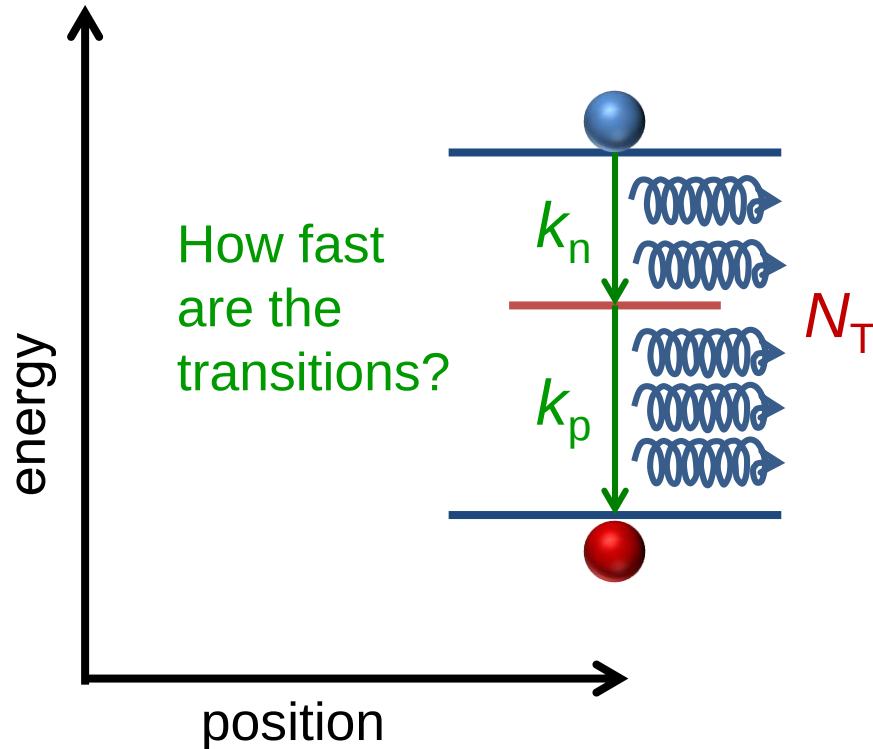
SOLAR CELLS

Resolving spatial and energetic distributions of trap states in metal halide perovskite solar cells

Zhenyi Ni^{1*}, Chunxiong Bao^{2*}, Ye Liu^{1,2}, Qi Jiang¹, Wu-Qiang Wu¹, Shangshang Chen¹, Xuezheng Dai¹, Bo Chen¹, Barry Hartweg³, Zhengshan Yu³, Zachary Holman³, Jinsong Huang^{1,2†}

Recombination Coefficients

For non-radiative recombination



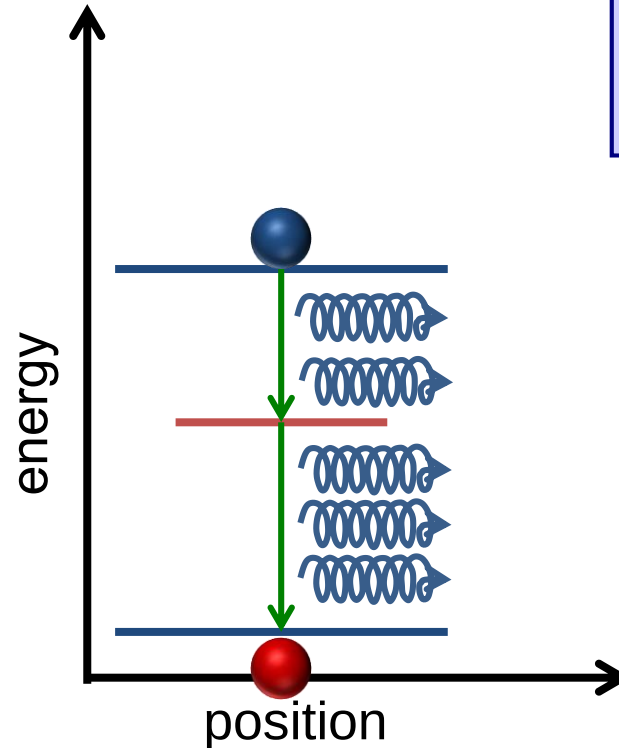
$$R_{\text{SRH}} = \frac{np - n_i^2}{n\tau_p + p\tau_n}$$

How many defects exist per volume?

$$\tau_{n/p} = \left(k_{n/p} N_T \right)^{-1}$$

Recombination Coefficients

For non-radiative recombination

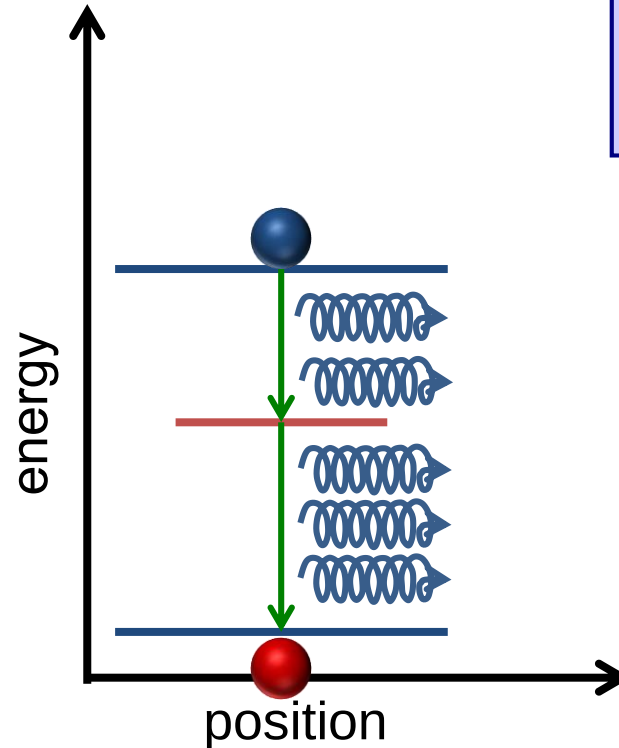
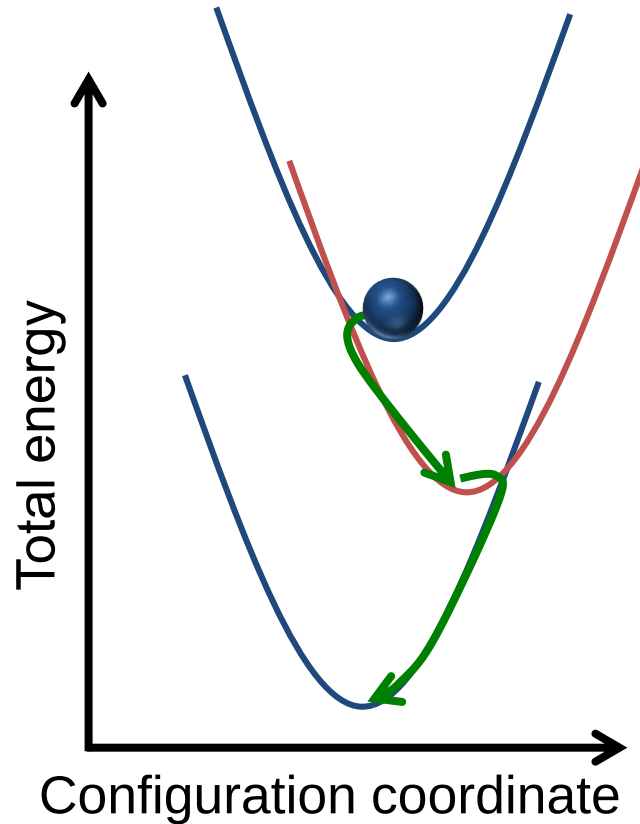


$$R_{\text{SRH}} = \frac{np - n_i^2}{n\tau_p + p\tau_n}$$

$$\tau_{n/p} = \left(k_{n/p} N_T \right)^{-1}$$

Recombination Coefficients

For non-radiative recombination



$$R_{\text{SRH}} = \frac{np - n_i^2}{n\tau_p + p\tau_n}$$

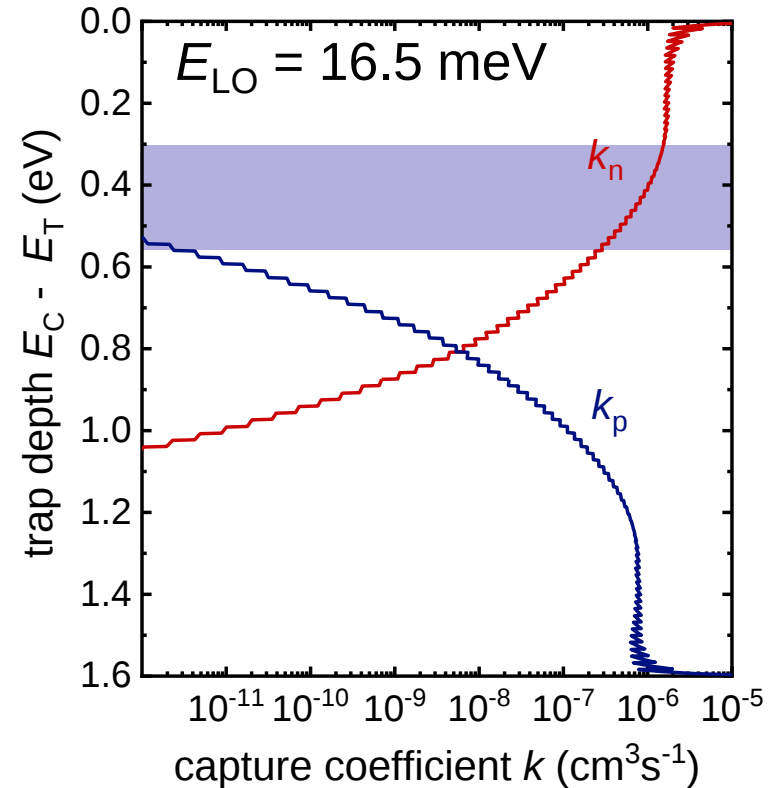
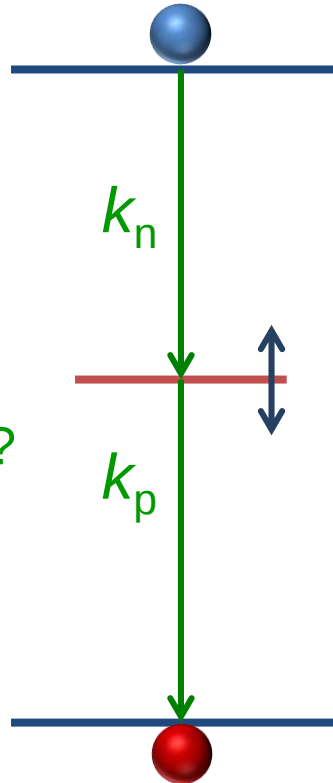
$$\tau_{n/p} = \left(k_{n/p} N_T \right)^{-1}$$

Recombination Coefficients

vs. phonon energy

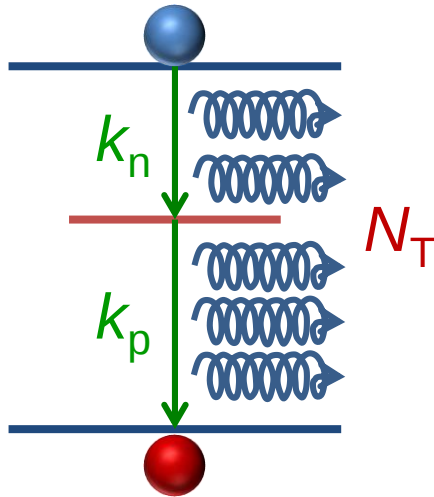
How fast
are the
transitions?

Depends strongly on
phonon energy/energetic
step ΔE . Low phonon
energies are helpful.

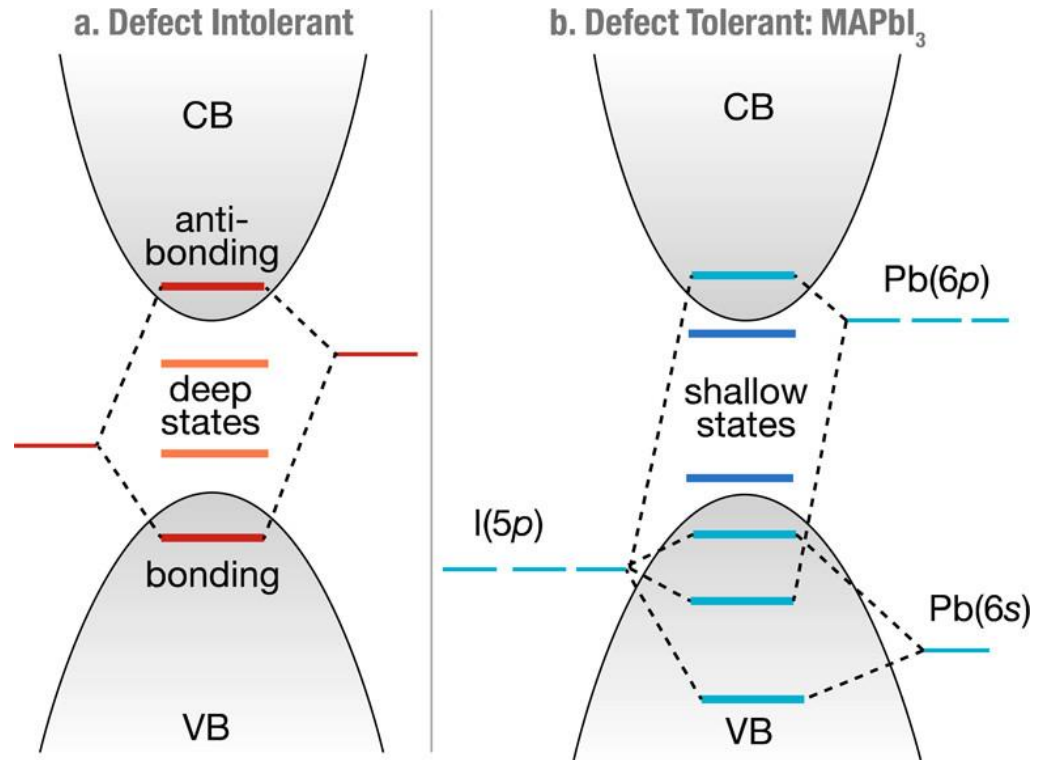


Defect Positions

Antibonding valence bands



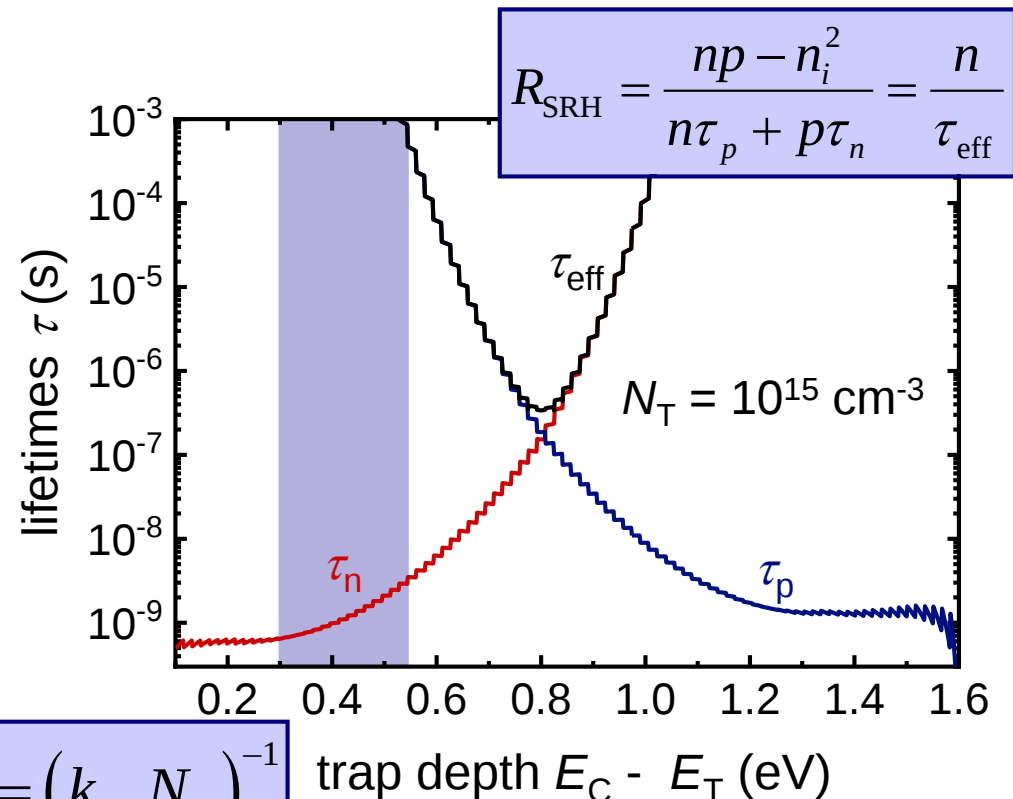
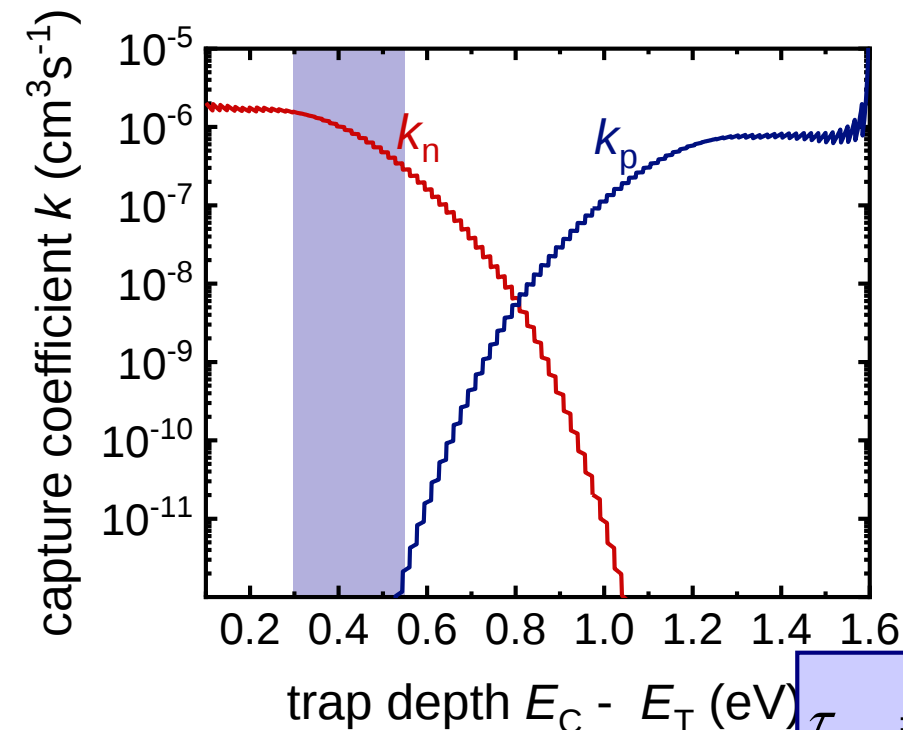
How many
defects exist
per volume?



Brandt et al., Chem. Mater. **29**, 4667 (2017)

Theory of Multiphonon Recombination

Applied to $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}_3\text{PbI}_3$



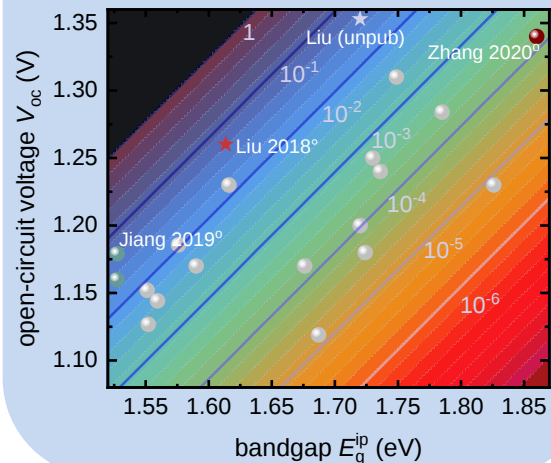
$$R_{\text{SRH}} = \frac{np - n_i^2}{n\tau_p + p\tau_n} = \frac{n}{\tau_{\text{eff}}}$$

$$\tau_{n/p} = (k_{n/p} N_T)^{-1}$$

Conclusions

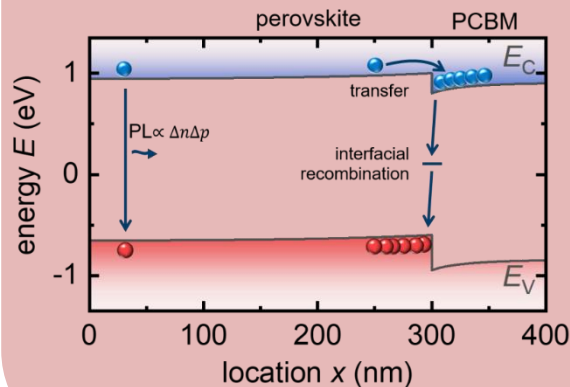
Do defects matter for
high η perovskite solar
cells?

yes



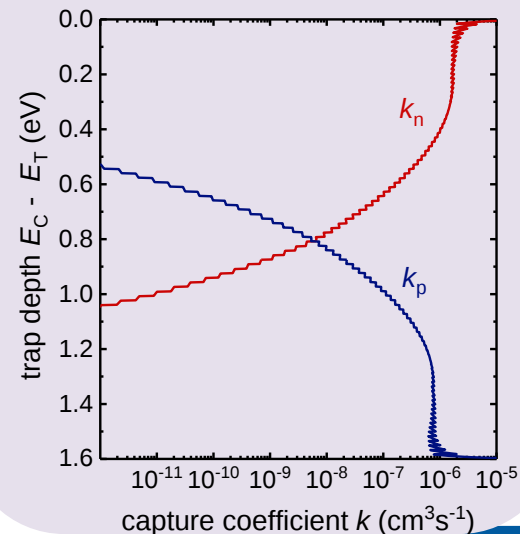
Where are they in
space?

Interfaces
bulk



Where are they in
energy?

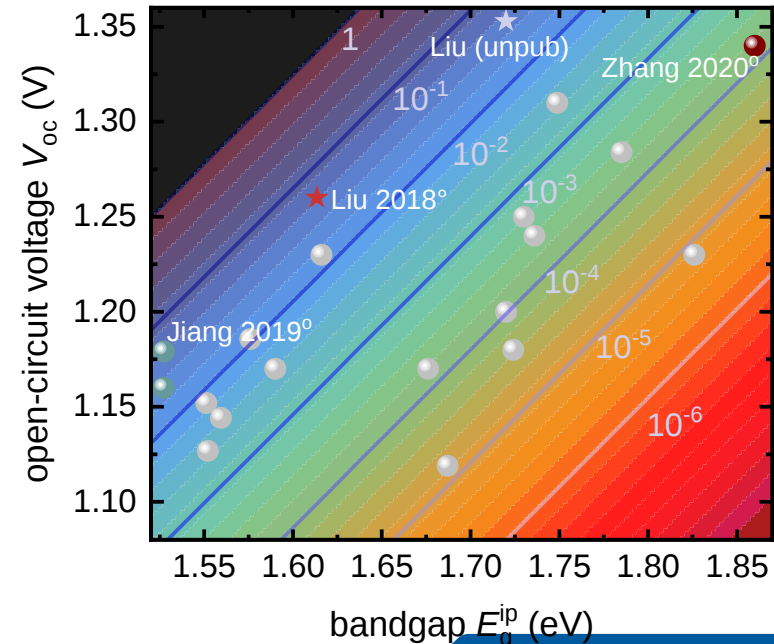
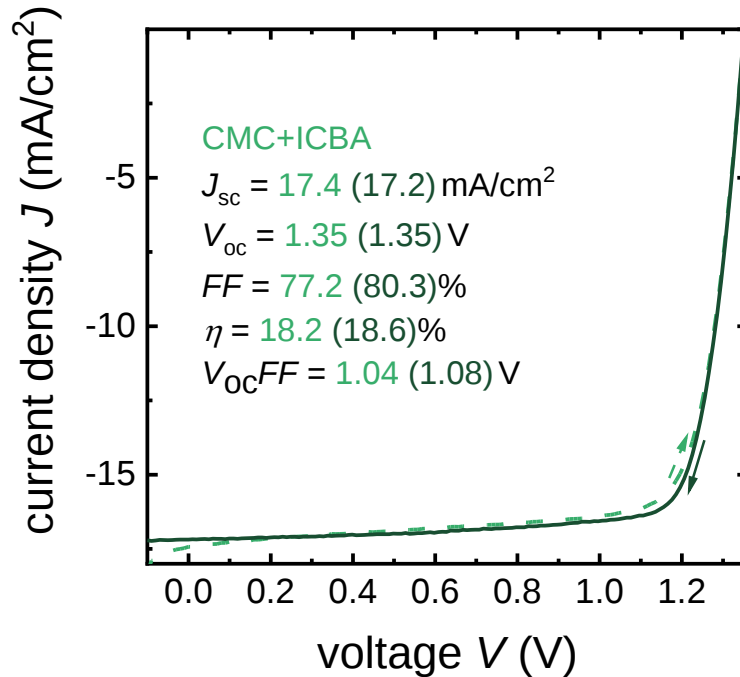
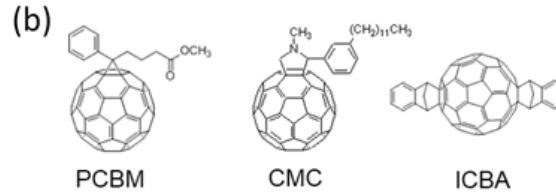
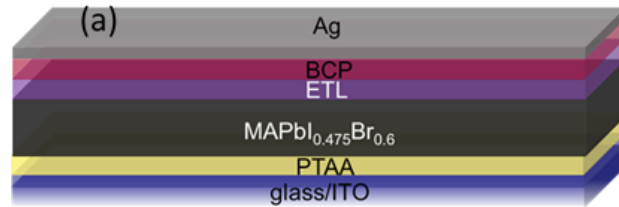
Close to
midgap?



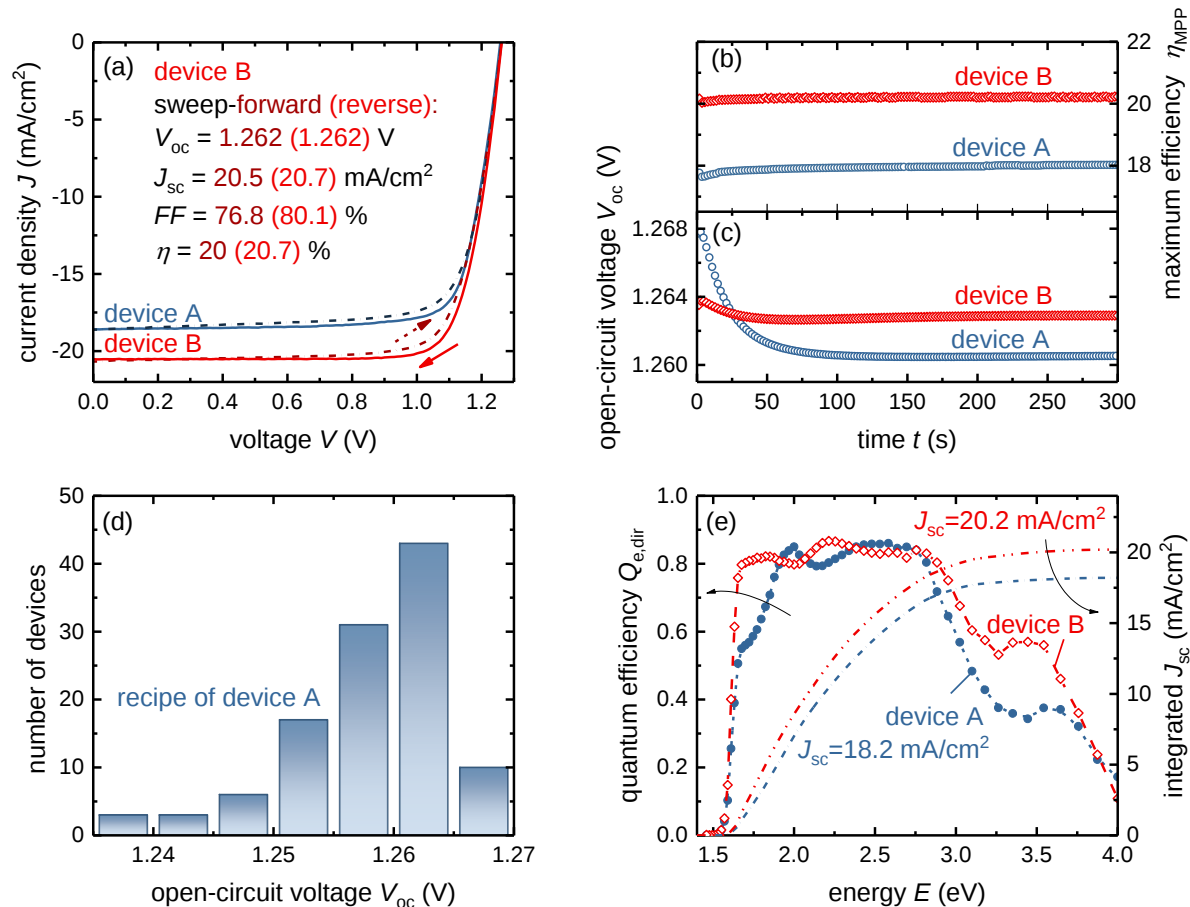
The background of the slide features a complex, repeating pattern of a molecular or crystal lattice structure. It consists of numerous spheres in shades of purple, blue, and red, interconnected by a network of thin lines. The spheres are arranged in a way that suggests a three-dimensional grid or a complex crystalline arrangement, with some spheres appearing larger than others. The overall effect is a dense, scientific-looking texture that covers the entire slide area.

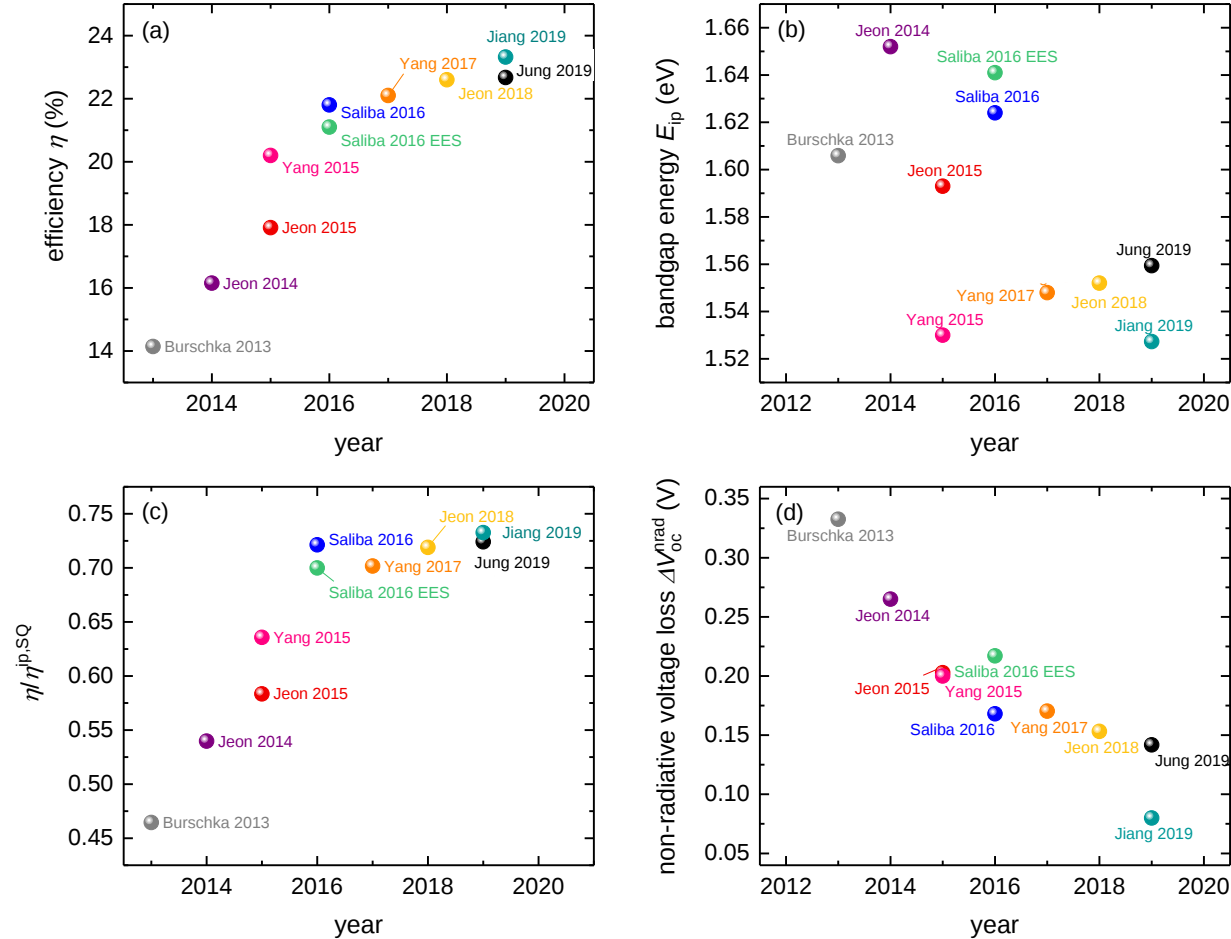
Thank you for your attention

Higher band gap cells



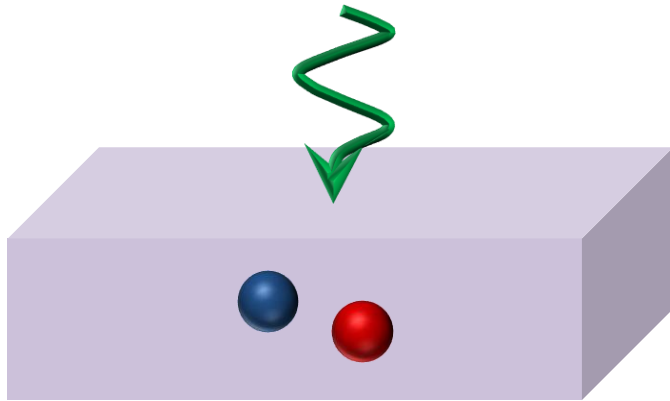
Overview of the Solar Cell Performance



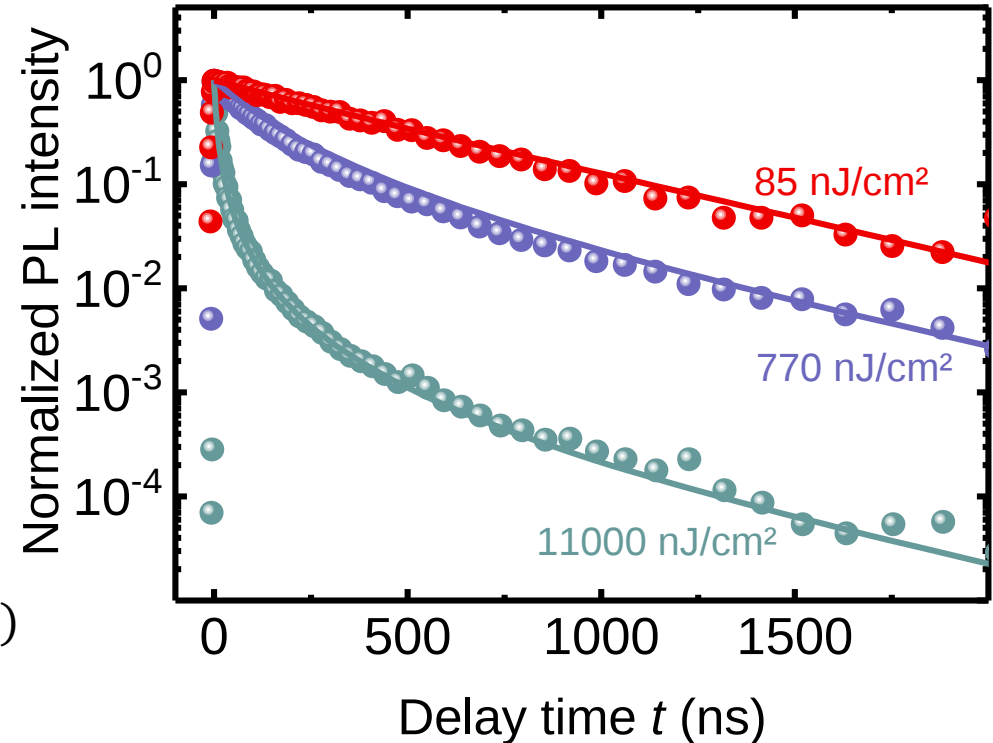


Transient Photoluminescence

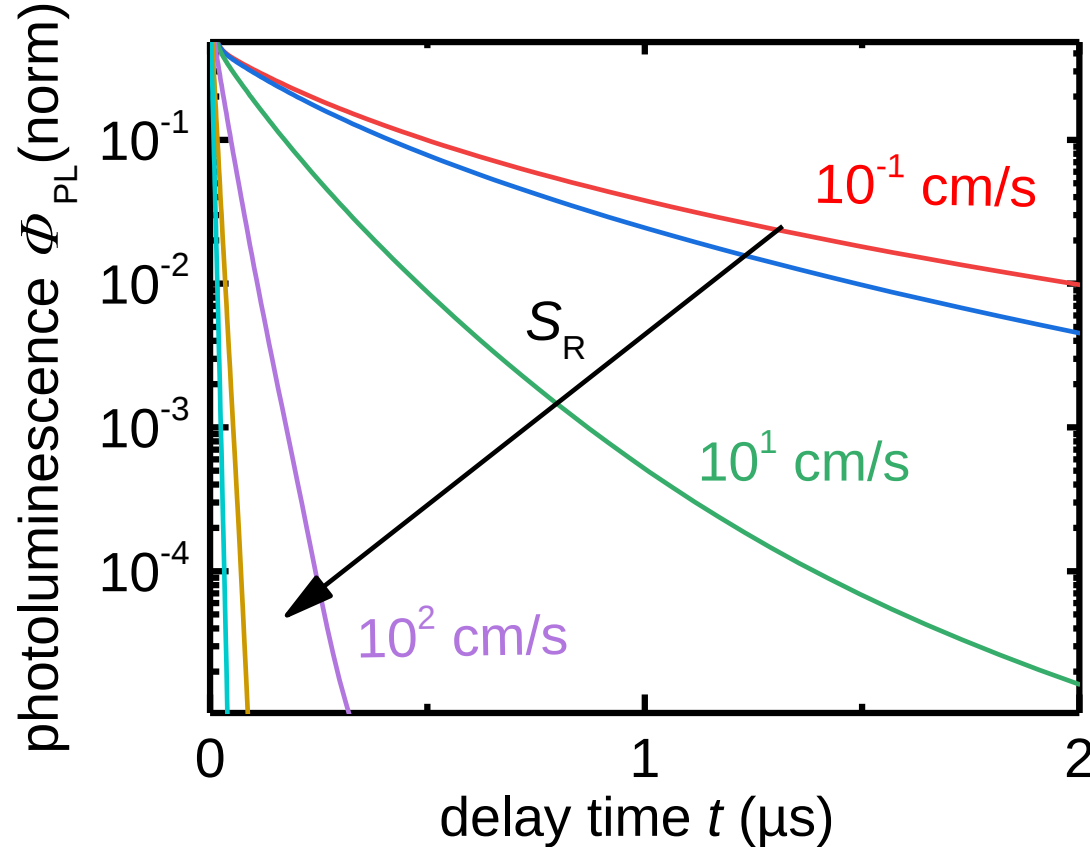
Layer on glass - Data



$$\frac{dn}{dt} = -knp - \frac{np}{\tau_p n + \tau_n p} - C(np^2 + n^2p)$$



High fluence behaviour (charge accumulation)



$$E_L = 1000 \text{ nJ/cm}^2$$

high laser fluence

