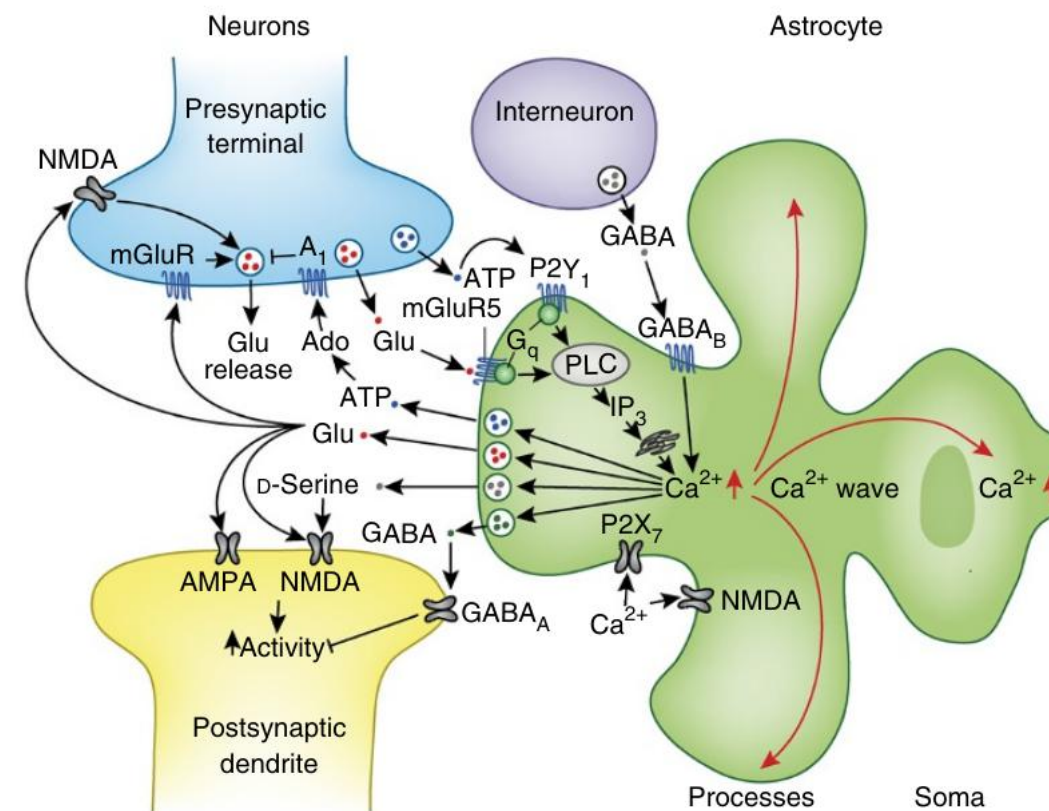


# **Modeling spiking networks with neuron-glia interactions in NEST**

**June 24, 2022**

# Neuron-astrocyte interactions

- Astrocytes can sense synaptically released molecules and release gliotransmitters that can modulate neuronal excitability and synaptic transmission
- A standardized and reliable modeling tool is required for the computational study of neuron-astrocyte interactions



Bazargani & Attwell, 2016

# NEST vs. other tools for astrocyte modelling

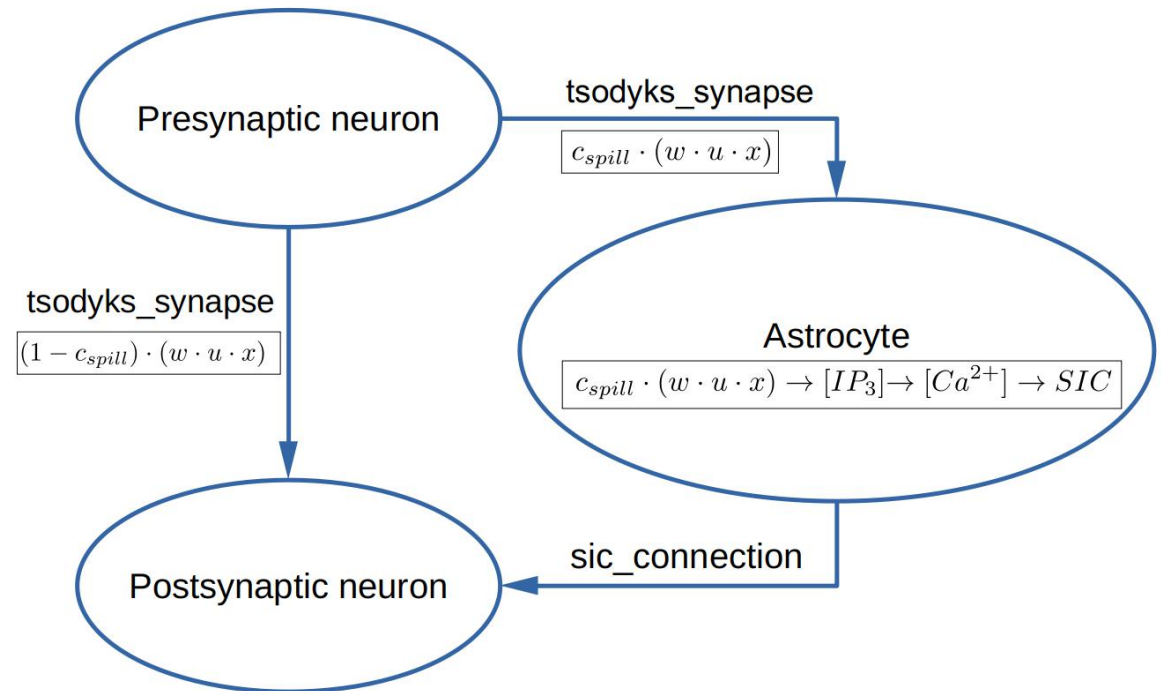
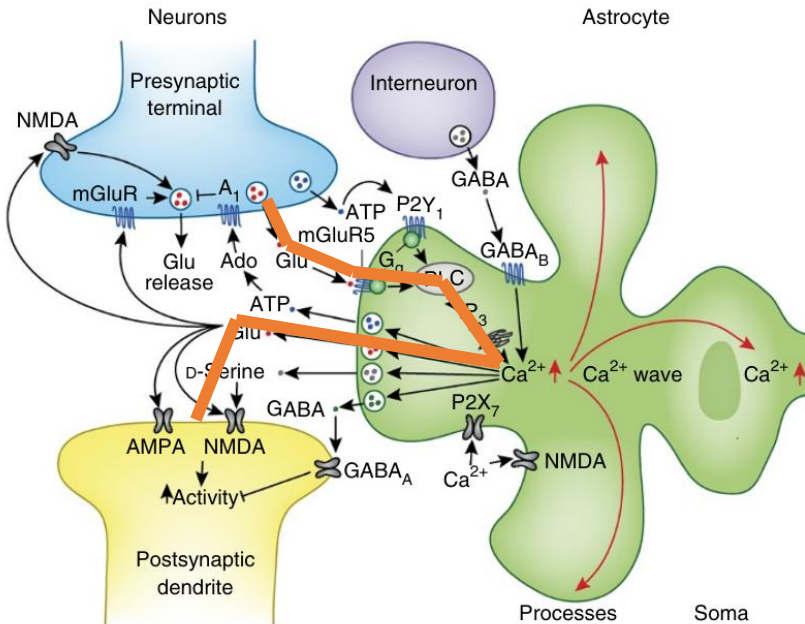
Simulator	ARACHNE	ASTRO	Brian 2	NEST	STEPS
Modeling formalism, supported models	neuron-glia networks	detailed synapse and multi-compartment cell models	neuron-glia networks	neuron-glia networks	detailed synapse and multi-compartment cell models
Programming language	C++, MATLAB	NEURON, C++, MATLAB	Python	Python, C/C++	Python, C/C++
Web address	<a href="https://github.com/LeonidSavtchenko/Arachne">https://github.com/LeonidSavtchenko/Arachne</a>	<a href="https://github.com/LeonidSavtchenko/Astro">https://github.com/LeonidSavtchenko/Astro</a>	<a href="https://briansimulator.org">https://briansimulator.org</a>	<a href="https://www.nest-simulator.org">https://www.nest-simulator.org</a>	<a href="http://steps.sourceforge.net/STEPS/default.php">http://steps.sourceforge.net/STEPS/default.php</a>
Reference	Aleksin et al. (2017)	Savtchenko et al. (2018)	Goodman and Brette (2008)	Gewaltig and Diesmann (2007)	Hepburn et al. (2012)

**NEST's advantages: Open source, standardized, optimized, well-documented, good for large-scale simulations and parallel computing**

Linne et al. (2022) Neuron-Glia Interactions and Brain Circuits. In: Computational Modeling of the Brain.  
[https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-89439-9\\_4](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-89439-9_4)

Manninen et al. (2018) Front. Neuroinform. vol. 12. <https://doi.org/10.3389/fninf.2018.00020>

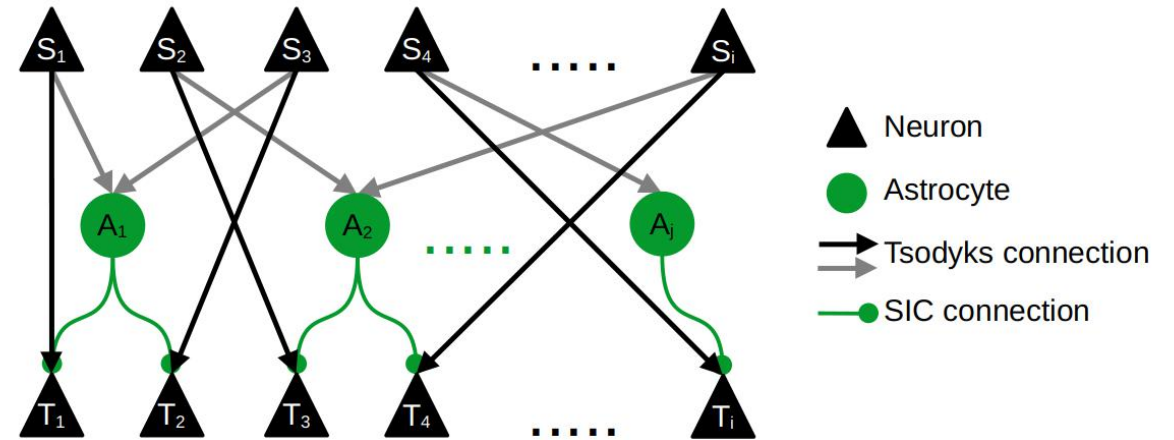
# Astrocytes in NEST: Modeled glial mechanism



- Presynaptically released glutamate that spills from the synaptic cleft is sensed by a proximal astrocyte
- This triggers astrocytic mechanisms that lead to increase of intracellular calcium concentration
- $[Ca^{2+}]$  increase induces a slow inward current (SIC) to the postsynaptic neuron
- Synaptic parameters: `c_spill`, `weight_sic`

# Astrocytes in NEST: Connectivity builder

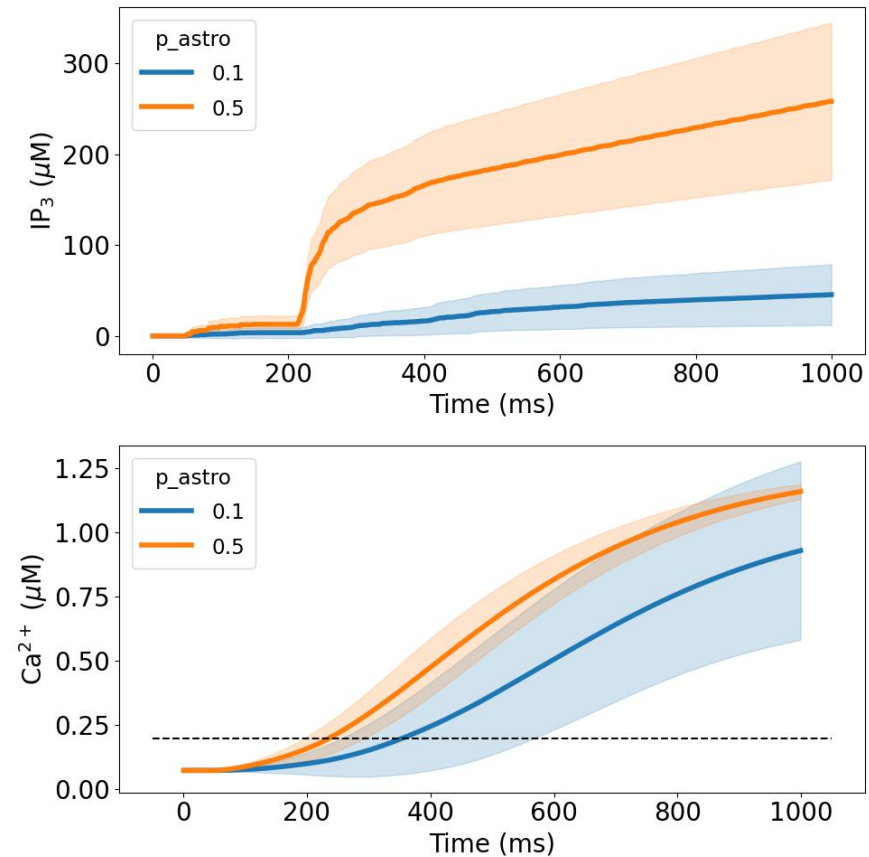
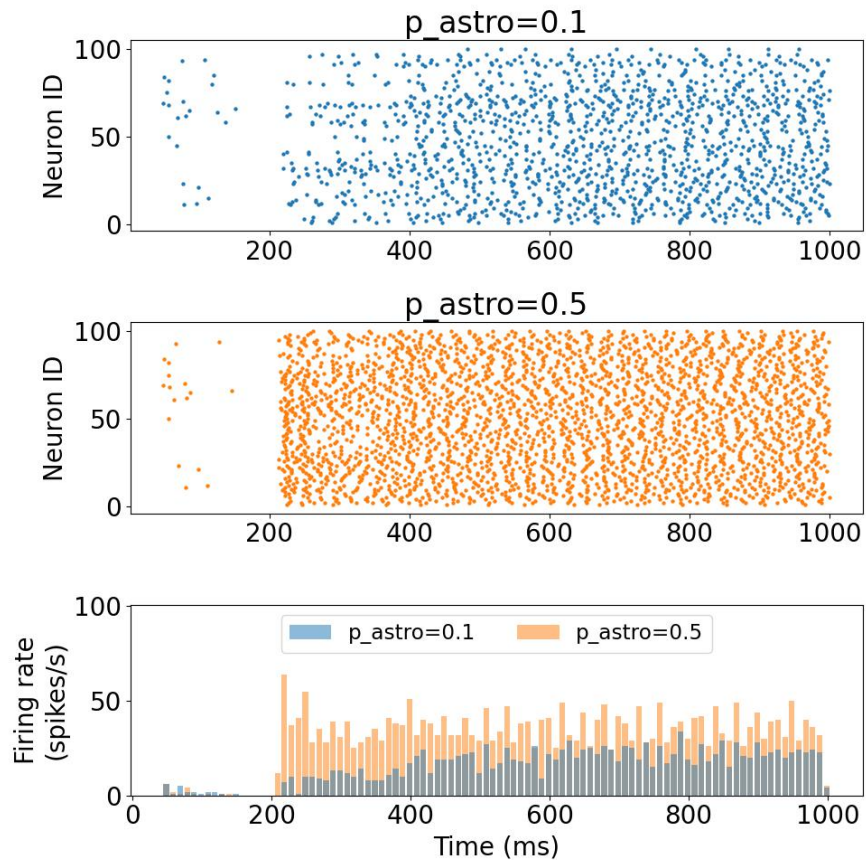
- `p_astro`:  
the probability of each synapse to be paired with an astrocyte
- `n_neighbor_astrocytes`:  
the maximal number of astrocytes that can be connected to a postsynaptic neuron



```
nest.Connect(  
    pre_neurons, post_neurons,  
    conn_spec={  
        "rule": "pairwise_bernoulli_astro",  
        "astrocyte": astrocytes  
        "p": #,  
        "p_astro": 1,  
        "n_neighbor_astrocytes": 1  
    })
```

# Simulation results

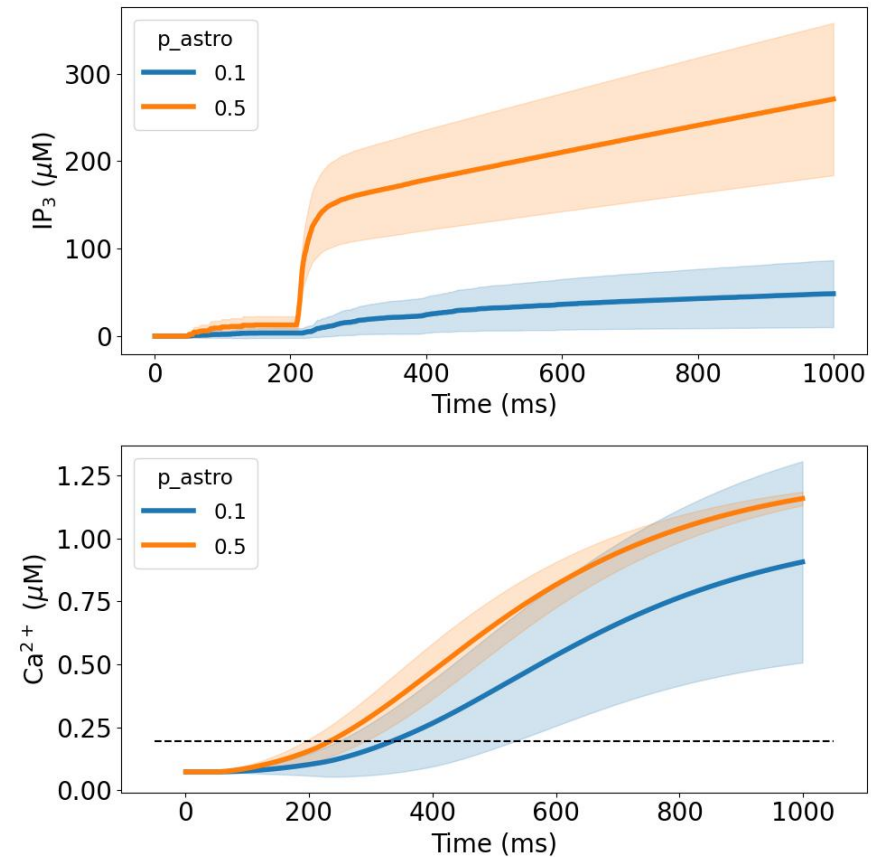
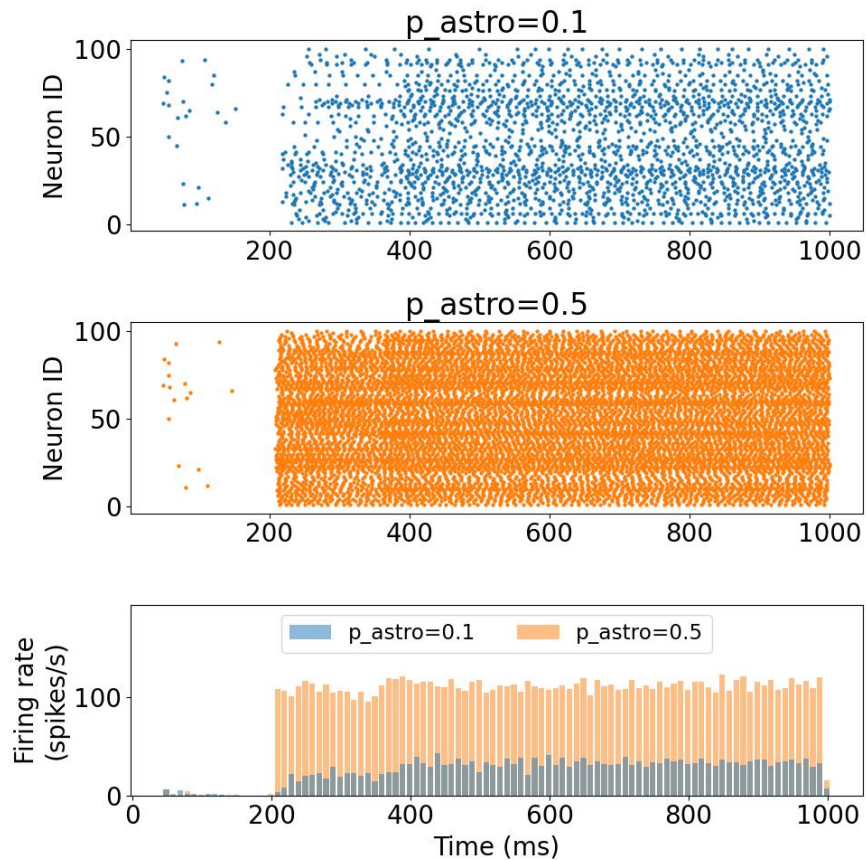
- $N_{\text{neuron}} = N_{\text{astrocyte}} = 100$ ,  $p_{\text{astro}} = 0.1$  or  $0.5$ ,  $n_{\text{neighbor\_astrocytes}} = 2$





# Simulation results

- $N_{\text{neuron}} = N_{\text{astrocyte}} = 100$ ,  $p_{\text{astro}} = 0.1$  or  $0.5$ ,  $n_{\text{neighbor\_astrocytes}} = 10$



# Acknowledgements

## Collaborators

- Jugoslava Aćimović, Mikko Lehtimäki, Tiina Manninen, Marja-Leena Linne  
- Tampere University, Tampere, Finland
- Sacha van Albada, Markus Diesmann, Jonas Stapmanns, Han-Jia Jiang  
- Jülich Research Centre, Jülich, Germany